

Female enrollment trend

Prior to the pandemic, Spring 19 and Fall 19, females accounted for a larger percentage of students who dropped their classes compared to male students. Females have accounted for a larger percentage of students who have dropped from Fall 2020 to Spring 2022. Spring 2020 was the only term in which male students accounted for a larger percentage of students who dropped their classes.

Table 3. Credit students who enrolled and dropped all classes after census, disaggregated by gender

	Spring 2019		Fall 2019		Spring 2020		Fall 2020		Spring 2021		Fall 2021		Spring 2022	
	1762		2079		5679		3604		3514		2431		1788	
	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Female	894	51%	1094	53%	2642	47%	1884	52%	1948	55%	1347	55%	983	55%
Male	844	48%	956	46%	2916	51%	1652	46%	1498	43%	1045	43%	773	43%
Unknown	24	1%	29	1%	121	2%	68	2%	68	2%	39	2%	32	2%

Short-term/non-full-term course offerings

Non-full-term course offerings peaked during the Fall 2020 term but has gradually declined since then. There are currently more scheduled non-full-term classes compared to the pre-pandemic Fall 2019 term.

