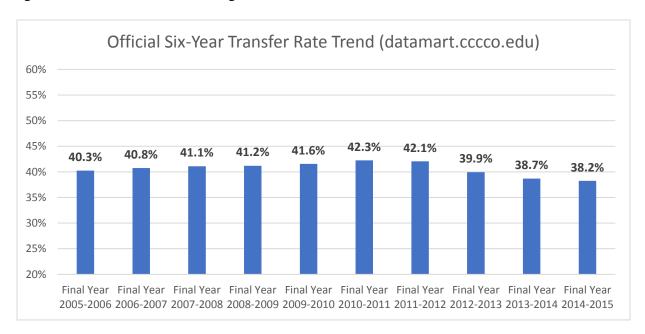
### Transfer and Guided Pathways April, 2017

#### Overview

With a goal of increasing baccalaureate completion rates, the state has legislated transfer agreements between sectors in higher education – from CC's to CSUs and CC's to UCs.



Transfer rates have been down since 2010-2011, presumably due to reductions in transfer to instate-private institutions, out-of-state schools, and UC. The official transfer rate data needs to be updated by the CCCCO.

#### Community College Transfer to CSUs

SB1440 (2010) legislated the Associate Degree for Transfer agreement between community colleges and CSUs. SB440 (2013) extended SB1440 with areas of emphasis.



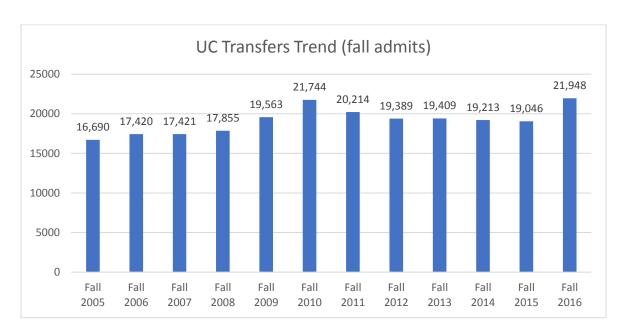
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CSU transfers were at a record high in 2015-2016 and have been trending up since 2013-2014

#### Community College Transfer to UC's

The UCs have identified 21 UC Pathways. Each pathway outlines the set of courses students should take to be competitive in one of 21 of the most popular majors found at every UC campus. Some campuses may want fewer courses for admission, but none will expect more. In addition, campuses may have grade requirements for particular courses, but with this roadmap, students will know which classes to take to prepare for all campuses in a single major.

http://admission.universityofcalifornia.edu/counselors/q-and-a/transfer-pathways/index.html#1



The latest transfer data from UC (fall 2016) indicates a large increase in transfer admissions (also at a record high number).

# Next Steps

- The system is due to update the official transfer rate data on the Transfer Velocity Cohort Report so that we can see the official transfer rate for 2015-2016.
- Identify and report inconsistencies within transfer implementation, particularly at CSU.
- Continue discussions with UC on a CCC-UC transfer agreement.
- Develop recommendations to smooth and enhance the transfer process, including potentially, Hhosting regional discussions to find solutions to issues.