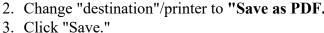


2. Change "destination"/printer to "Save as PDF."





SL13. Intonation: Part 2

English Self-Directed Learning Activities

Language Learning Center 77-1005, Passport Rewards

SL13. Intonation Part 2

Student Name:	Student ID Nu	mber:			
Instructor:	Level:	Date:			
•	For media links in this activity, visit the LLC ESL Tutoring website for Upper Level SDLAs. Find your SDLA number to see all the resources to finish your SDLA.				

Section 1: Introduction

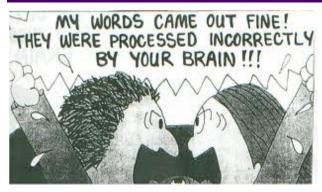
You learned about intonation in Part 1 of this SDLA (P19). In Part 2, you will learn how intonation can affect the meaning of a message. One example of this is text messaging. Watch the following video to see how not using intonation can make understanding a message very difficult. Answer the questions below after you watch the Section 1 short video.

- 1. What is the problem in the video?
- 2. Why do the people have this problem?
- 3. How could the people in the video fix this problem?

As you can see in the video, correct use of intonation helps to effectively convey your message. Having no intonation or using it incorrectly may confuse the listener, causing the message to be misunderstood or misinterpreted. If you do not use intonation correctly, people might misunderstand you, lose interest in what you are saying, or even become angry!

Language Learning Center 77-1005, Passport Rewards

Section 2: Intonation and Meaning



http://i3advantage.com/blog/category/miscommunication/ Intonation helps to express the mood, emotion, or purpose of the message. We change our intonation to express different emotions. We can express many emotions with just one word by changing the intonation. Additionally, we change our intonation depending on who we are talking to. For example, we might say, "Can I help you?" differently to our friend than we would to our boss. Complete the following practice sections below to learn the different ways intonation can be used to convey meaning.

SL13. Intonation: Part 2

Practice 1:

Think about how you would change your intonation when saying "Hello" to the different people below:

- 1. Your boss
- 2. Your best friend
- 3. A beautiful woman/handsome man
- 4. A six month old baby

Practice 2:

Listen to the <u>Section 2a conversations</u> below. You will hear each conversation twice. Pay close attention to how the intonation changes the emotion in Conversation A and Conversation B. After you have listened to each conversation, read the questions that follow and check the box next to the emotion that Speaker B conveys.

Conversation 1:

Speaker A: I'm dropping out of Conversation 1-A: How does Speaker B feel? Conversation 1-B: How does Speaker B feel?

Speaker B: Are you serious? Surprised Surprised

Sad Sad

Angry Angry

No emotion No emotion

English Self-Directed Learning Activities Language Learning Center 77-1005, Passport Rewards

B: Sure.

Conversation 2:

Speaker A: I had dinner at	Conversation 2-A: How does	Conversation 2-B: How does	
Celinda's last night. It's that	Speaker B feel?	Speaker B feel?	
new Mexican restaurant, and it	Disgusted	Disgusted	
was really good.	Excited	Excited	
Speaker B: You like Mexican	Surprised	Surprised	
food?	No emotion	No emotion	
	Conversation 3:		
Speaker A: Did you know that	Conversation 3-A: How does	Conversation 3-B: How does	
Mike and Beth are engaged?	Speaker B feel?	Speaker B feel?	
Speaker B: Yeah. I saw it on	Нарру	Нарру	
Facebook.	Annoyed	Annoyed	
	Angry	Angry	
	No emotion	No emotion	
	Practice 3:		
Listen to the <u>Section 2b dialogue</u> . Y	You will hear this short dialogue three to	imes. Each time the intonation	
conveys a different emotion. Numb	er each emotion in the order that you h	ear it.	
Dialogue: A: Look.	Emotions Sadness		
B: What?	Sau	licss	
A: This.	Evo	itement and hannings	
B: That?	EXC	itement and happiness	
A: Yeah.	A		
B: Wow.	Ang	gei	
A: Interesting?			

SL13. Intonation: Part 2

SL13. Intonation: Part 2

Section 3: Using Intonation

With a tutor, you will practice reading the dialogues below. In each dialogue, you will need to express a different emotion. Before meeting with a tutor, practice expressing the emotions in the chart below in each dialogue.

Happy Sad Angry Annoyed Surprised Disgusted

Practice Dialogues

Dialogue 1

A: How do you think you did on the test?

B: I guess I did OK. I had trouble with part two.

A: Me too. I thought it was hard.

B: Well, we'll find out on Friday.

Dialogue 2

A: What're you watching?

B: Some TV show.

think it's funny.

A: Oh, I know this show. I

B: Really? I think it's pretty stupid.

A: Then why don't you change the channel?

B: All the other shows are even dumber.

Dialogue 3

A: What's the weather like outside?

B: I guess it's pretty nice.

A: Don't you know?

B: I haven't been outside yet today.

Adapted from: Kozyrev, J. R. (2005) Sound bites: Pronunciation activities. Boston, MA: Heinle, Cengage learning.

SL13. Intonation: Part 2

Section 4: What Did I Learn?

Complete this table BEFORE meeting with a tutor.

Communication Skill	I can't do this YET.	I can do this WITH help.	I can do this WITHOUT help.	I can TEACH this to a classmate.
I can recognize the importance of using correct intonation.				
I can identify different emotions conveyed through intonation.				
I can use correct intonation to convey an emotion.				

Here are some words/phrases I need to practice.					

Good job!

Now go to the <u>LLC Tutoring Website</u> and make an appointment with a tutor. Visit the <u>Virtual LLC</u> at the time of your appointment.

Need Practice

Tutor Signature:

Possible Points

SL13. Intonation: Part 2

Excellent Work

Date: _____

Section 5: Practice with a Tutor!

Meet with a tutor. Give this paper to the tutor. The tutor will review your work and talk with you. To make sure you understand how to express different emotions through intonation, you will review the dialogs from Section 3 with the tutor. You may also ask the tutor any questions that you have.

Grading Rubric

Good Job

	•••		
	(0-1 Point)	(2-3 Points)	(4-5 Points)
Content	Not enough information provided in responses and often does not use correct vocabulary.	Provides most important information in responses and some of the time uses correct vocabulary.	Provides all necessary information in responses and most of the time uses correct vocabulary.
Skill: Speaking	More than 6 mistakes saying words; needs guessing more than 3 times.	Not more than 5 mistakes saying words; needs guessing on 1-2 words or sentences.	Not more than 2 mistakes saying words; needs no guess about meaning.
Oral Fluency	Speaks mostly in phrases, individual words; many pauses.	Sometimes speaks in complete sentences; several pauses.	Speaks in complete sentences; a couple pauses okay.
*Students must ro Tutor Comments:	eceive at least 10 points to mov	ve on	Possible Points:/ 15
	ns! Keep going. fully completed this SDLA and a to the next.		re. stered this SDLA. It is you complete it again.