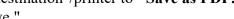


- 1. Click printer icon (top right or center bottom).
- 2. Change "destination"/printer to "Save as PDF."
- 3. Click "Save."



RW7. Active Reading



# RW7. Active Reading

Student Name:	Student ID N	_ Student ID Number:	
Instructor:	Level:	Date:	
For media links in this activity, visit the your SDLA number to se			

### Section 1: Active Reading

When you read something, it is important to be an active reader. Active readers are good readers. Being an active reader means that you are always thinking about what you are reading. You need to ask questions and think about what you are reading before you begin reading, while you are reading, and after you are finished. Being an active reader will help you become a better reader, and it

will make reading more enjoyable. Follow the steps below before you read, while you read, and after you read. Enjoy your story!



#### Section 2: Before Reading

**Step 1:** Choose ONE story from the media links found on the <u>ESL Tutoring website</u> and check in the box next to it.

"Plane Crash in the Rain Forest" from Stories of Survival by Fiona Beddall (Levels 2-4)
"No Speak English" from House on Mango Street by Sandra Cisneros (Levels 4+)
"The First Tuesday We Talk About the World" from <i>Tuesdays with Morrie</i> by Mitch Albom (Levels 4+
"Fish Cheeks" by Amy Tan (Levels 4+)

**Step 2:** Before you begin reading the story, you are going to practice *skimming* for information. Skimming is used to quickly find the main idea of a reading passage. Skimming is done in a much shorter time than reading. When you *skim* for information, you quickly look at a reading passage to get a general understanding of the text. This allows you to start thinking about the topic before you begin reading, so your overall understanding of the reading passage will improve. When you skim, you should quickly look at the 1) title, 2) the first paragraph, and 3) the last paragraph.

Language Learning Center 77-1005, Passport Rewards

RW7. Active Reading

Now that you have skimmed the story, what do you think it will be about? Write your ideas below.

### Section 3: During Reading

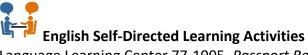
While you read, it is important to think about what you are reading. If possible, print the story you chose to take notes. Use the symbols below to write on your paper as you read the story.

- Write an exclamation mark next to any information you think *is interesting or surprising*.
- Write a question mark next to any information you do not understand.
- Draw a circle around *new words* that you find while reading. These are words that are
- unfamiliar to you.

Write *five* new vocabulary words you found in the reading and the definition. You can go to the website <a href="https://www.learnersdictionary.com">www.learnersdictionary.com</a> to find the English definition of each word.

#### **New Vocabulary**

Vocabulary Word	Definition
1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	



Language Learning Center 77-1005, Passport Rewards

## Section 4: Self-Assessment

Complete this table BEFORE meeting with a tutor.

Communication Skill	I can't do this YET.	I can do this WITH help.	I can do this WITHOUT help.	I can TEACH this to a classmate.
I can talk about the relationship between food and family.				
I can make predictions about a story based on pictures.				
I can write a description of part of a film.				
I can talk about the story and ideas in a short film that has very little dialogue (speaking between characters).				

Here are some words/phrases I need to practice.			

## Good Job!

Now make an appointment

with a tutor on the LLC ESL Tutoring Website  $\,$ 

(www.mtsac.edu/llc/passportrewards/llctutoring).

## Section 5: Practice with a Tutor!

After completing the self-assessment, meet with a tutor and give this completed SDLA to the tutor. The tutor will give you feedback.



## **Grading Rubric**

<b>Possible Points</b>	Need Practice	Good Job	Excellent Work
	•••	••	
	(0-1 Point)	(2-3 Points)	(4-5 Points)
Content	Not enough information	Provides most important	Provides all necessary
	provided in responses and	information in responses	information in responses
	often does not use correct	and some of the time uses	and most of the time uses
	vocabulary.	correct vocabulary.	correct vocabulary.
Skill: Speaking	More than 6 mistakes	Not more than 5 mistakes	Not more than 2 mistakes
	saying words; needs	saying words; needs	saying words; needs no
	guessing more than 3 times.	guessing on 1-2 words or	guess about meaning.
		sentences.	
Oral Fluency	Speaks mostly in phrases,	Sometimes speaks in	Speaks in complete
	individual words; many	complete sentences; several	sentences; a couple pauses
	pauses.	pauses.	okay.
Students must re	eceive at least 10 points to mo	ve on	Possible Points:/ 1!
utor Comments:			

Tutor Comments:	
☐ <b>Congratulations! Keep going.</b> You have successfully completed this SDLA and are ready to continue to the next.	☐ <b>Work on this more.</b> You have not yet mastered this SDLA. It is recommended that you complete it again.
Tutor Signature:	Date: