



# Converse Consultants

Geotechnical Engineering, Environmental & Groundwater Science, Inspection & Testing Services

## **GEOTECHNICAL STUDY REPORT Proposed Parking Structure at Parking Lot S Mt. San Antonio College Walnut, California**

Converse Project No. 17-31-247-01

Prepared For:

Mt. San Antonio College  
Facilities Planning & Management  
1100 North Grand Avenue, Building 23  
Walnut, California 91789

Prepared By:

Converse Consultants  
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October 23, 2017



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Geotechnical Engineering, Environmental & Groundwater Science, Inspection & Testing Services

October 23, 2017

Mr. Gary Gidcumb  
Mt. San Antonio College  
Facilities Planning & Management  
1100 North Grand Avenue, Building 23  
Walnut, California 91789

Subject: **GEOTECHNICAL STUDY REPORT**  
**Proposed Parking Structure at Parking Lot S**  
Mt. San Antonio College  
Walnut, Los Angeles County, California  
Converse Project No. 17-31-247-01

Dear Mr. Gidcumb:

Converse Consultants (Converse) has prepared this geotechnical study report to present the findings, conclusions and recommendations of our geologic and geotechnical study for the Proposed Parking Structure Project located at Student Parking Lot S at Mt. San Antonio College (Mt. SAC) in Walnut, California. In accordance with California Education Code, Sections 17212 and 81033, this report was prepared consistent with the current edition of California Building Code, Title 24, Chapter 16A and Chapter 18A; California Administrative Code, Part 1, Title 24, CCR, Section 4-317 (e) and CGS Note 48-Checklist for the Review of Engineering Geology and Seismology Reports for California Public Schools, Hospitals and Essential Services Buildings, for design and for the Division of the State Architect (DSA) submittal purposes. Converse evaluated the nature and engineering properties of the subsurface soils and sedimentary bedrock to provide recommendations for site earthwork, foundation design, grading, and construction for the proposed development. Our services were performed in accordance with our proposal dated August 10, 2017.

We appreciate the opportunity to be of continued service to Mt. San Antonio College. If you should have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact us at (626) 930-1200.

Sincerely,

**CONVERSE CONSULTANTS**

Siva K. Sivathasan, PhD, PE, GE, DGE, QSD, F. ASCE  
Senior Vice President / Principal Engineer

Dist: 5Addressee

## PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION

This report for the Proposed Parking Structure Project at Student Parking Lot S located within the campus of Mt. San Antonio College in the City of Walnut, Los Angeles County, California, has been prepared by the staff of Converse under the professional supervision of the individuals whose seals and signatures appear hereon.

The findings, recommendations, specifications or professional opinions contained in this report were prepared in accordance with generally accepted professional engineering and engineering geologic principles and practice in this area of Southern California. There is no warranty, either expressed or implied.

In the event that changes to the property occur, or additional, relevant information about the property is brought to our attention, the conclusions contained in this report may not be valid unless these changes and additional relevant information are reviewed, and the recommendations of this report are modified or verified in writing.



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Parameswaran Ariram, EIT  
Senior Staff Engineer



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Senior Engineering Geologist



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Siva K. Sivathasan, PhD, PE, GE, DGE, QSD, F. ASCE  
Senior Vice President / Principal Engineer



## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The following is a summary of our geotechnical investigation, conclusions and recommendations, as presented in the body of this report, please refer to the appropriate sections of the report for complete conclusions and recommendations. In the event of a conflict between this summary and the report, or an omission in the summary, the report shall prevail.

- The proposed project consists of a 3-story parking structure to be constructed on existing Student Parking Lot S. The parking structure footprint measures approximately 380 feet long and 220 to 260 feet wide and is approximately 89,820 square feet. The parking structure consists of three (3) above-ground parking levels and will be founded on shallow spread foundations.
- Eight (8) exploratory borings (BH-1 through BH-8) were drilled within the project site from August 16 to August 24, 2017. The borings were advanced using a truck-mounted drill rig with an 8-inch diameter hollow-stem auger to depths ranging from 20.5 to 51.5 feet below the existing ground surface (bgs). Boring Nos. BH-4, BH-5, BH-6, BH-7 and BH-8 encountered refusal to sampler penetration and refusal to drilling penetration in hard sedimentary bedrock along the southern side of the proposed structure.
- Ten (10) exploratory Cone Penetration Tests (CPT-1 through CPT-10) were advanced to depths of 8 to 42 feet below the existing ground surface within the project site on September 6, 7 and 8, 2017. CPT Nos. CPT-1, CPT-2, CPT-3, CPT-5, CPT-6, CPT-7, CPT-8, CPT-9, and CPT-10 encountered very dense/stiff soil and sedimentary bedrock conditions, and were stopped short of their planned depths.
- There are no known active faults projecting toward or extending across the proposed site. The project site is not located within a currently designated State of California Earthquake Fault Zone (formerly Alquist-Priolo Special Studies Zones) for surface fault rupture.
- The site is located within a mapped Seismic Hazard Zone for liquefaction. The results of liquefaction analyses indicate the project site is susceptible to liquefaction. The estimated potential liquefaction-induced settlement ranges from 0.91 to 2.88 inches with potential differential settlement ranging from 0.46 to 1.44 inches. The project structural engineer should consider the effects of seismically-induced settlement in the foundation design.
- Local zones of groundwater seepage were encountered during subsurface exploration in the alluvium and bedrock at depths ranging from approximately 23

feet bgs in boring BH-3 to approximately 36.8 feet bgs in BH-7. Groundwater and groundwater seepage should be anticipated during deep excavations.

- Variable thicknesses of undocumented fill soils were encountered in the borings. The undocumented fill is not considered suitable for slab or foundation support.
- Over-excavation and re-compaction of the undocumented fill soils, upper alluvium and sedimentary bedrock is recommended for site grading to provide a minimum 5-foot-thick compacted fill blanket beneath the building foundations and floor slab. The over-excavation and re-compaction is recommended to extend approximately 7 feet to 10 feet below ground surface and 10 feet beyond the edge of the parking structure foundations. A geofabric reinforcement layer is recommended at the bottom of the deeper 10-foot depths of over-excavation to reduce differential settlements between the underlying alluvium and shallow sedimentary bedrock areas.
- The upper undocumented fill soils and natural granular soils consisting of silty sands should be segregated, stockpiled and saved during excavation for later reuse beneath the footings and floor slab to prevent mixing with the underlying fine-grained, potentially expansive, silts and clays.
- Shallow spread and continuous footings founded on compacted fill are considered suitable for structure support provided the recommendations in this report are incorporated into the project plans and specifications, and are followed during site construction.
- Based on the proposed plan, over-excavation and re-compaction of the undocumented fills and upper alluvial soils is required for the building pad to achieve the planned finished grades.
- Different earth materials should be anticipated at excavation bottoms for the planned floor levels. In order to provide a relative uniform bearing material below shallow foundations, over-excavation and re-compaction below the bottom of foundations and slab-on-grades is recommended. We recommend the shallow foundations should be supported on a minimum 5-foot-thick layer of compacted fill benched into undisturbed native soil and bedrock materials for the building pad.
- On-site clayey soils with an expansion index exceeding 20 should not be re-used for compaction within 2 feet below the proposed foundations. Soils containing organic materials should not be used as structural fill. The extent of removal should be determined by the geotechnical representative based on soil observations made during grading.
- Site soils have “negligible” concentrations of water soluble sulfates.

- In general, the soluble sulfate concentration, pH and chloride content are not in the corrosive range. However, the minimum saturated resistivity is in the corrosive range to ferrous metal. Protections of underground metal pipe should be considered. Since the soluble sulfate concentrations tested for this project are less than 2,000 ppm in the soil, mitigation measures to protect concrete in contact with the soils are not anticipated.
- The earth materials at the site should be excavatable with conventional heavy-duty earth moving and trenching equipment. The on-site materials contain about 5 to 10 percent gravel up to 3 inches in maximum dimension. Larger gravels, cobbles and boulders may exist at the site. Localized areas of harder, cemented and resistant bedrock units and layers (pebble conglomerates, sandstone layers, siliceous layers, etc.) may be encountered during excavation and grading and should be anticipated. Bedrock hardness will increase with depth within the sandstone (Tpss) and pebble conglomerate (Tpcg) layers. Earthwork and grading should be performed with suitable grading equipment for hard, cemented and gravelly materials.

Results of our investigation indicate that the site is suitable from a geotechnical standpoint for the proposed development, provided that the recommendations contained in this report are incorporated into the design and construction of the project

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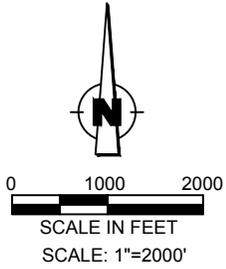
## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

This report contains the findings and recommendations of our geotechnical study performed at the site of the proposed Parking Structure at Parking Lot S located within the campus of Mt. San Antonio College, in the City of Walnut, Los Angeles County, California, as shown on Drawing No. 1, *Site Location Map*.

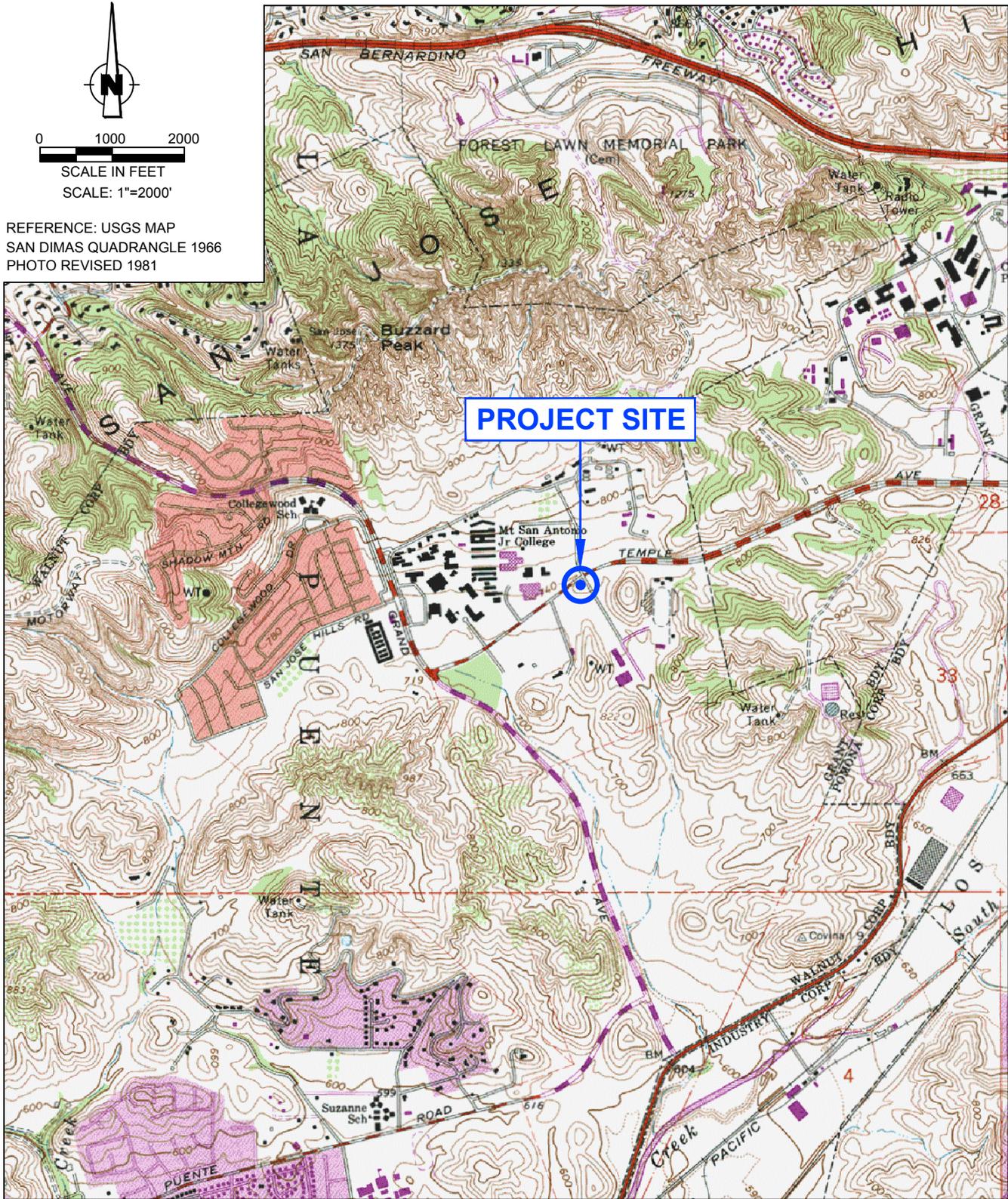
The purpose of the investigation was to generate a report for design and the Department of State Architect (DSA) submittal purposes, consistent with current edition of California Education Code, Sections 17212 and 81033, California Building Code, Title 24 CCR, Sections 4-317, 1803 and 1804 and CGS Note 48-Checklist for the review of Engineering Geology and Seismology Reports for California Public Schools, Hospitals and Essential Services Buildings.

We have used a site plan provided to us by your office as a reference for this project. The site plan is included in this report as Drawing No. 2, *Site Plan and Approximate Location of CPTs and Borings*.

This report is written for the project described herein and is intended for use solely by Mt. San Antonio College and its design team. It should not be used as a bidding document but may be made available to the potential contractors for information on factual data only. For bidding purposes, the contractors should be responsible for making their own interpretation of the data contained in this report.



REFERENCE: USGS MAP  
SAN DIMAS QUADRANGLE 1966  
PHOTO REVISED 1981



### SITE LOCATION MAP

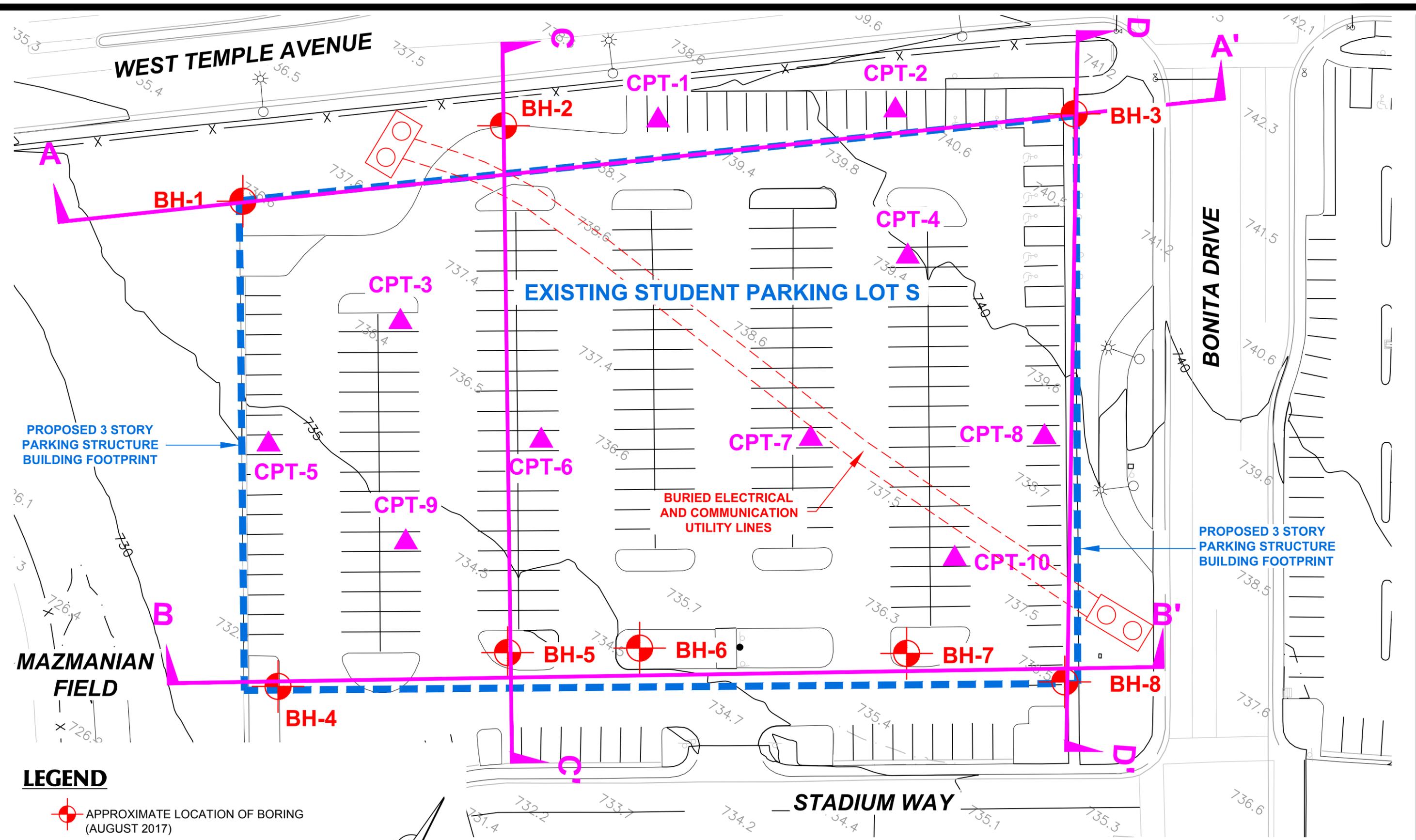
MT. SAN ANTONIO COLLEGE  
LOT S STRUCTURE  
WALNUT, CALIFORNIA

Project No.  
17-31-247-01



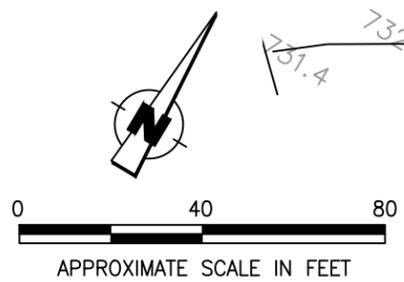
Drawing No.

1



**LEGEND**

-  APPROXIMATE LOCATION OF BORING (AUGUST 2017)
-  APPROXIMATE LOCATION OF CPT (SEPTEMBER 2017)
-  GEOLOGIC CROSS SECTION A-A', B-B', C-C', AND D-D'



**SITE PLAN AND APPROXIMATE LOCATION OF CPTs AND BORINGS**



MT. SAN ANTONIO COLLEGE  
LOT S STRUCTURE  
WALNUT, CALIFORNIA

Project No.  
17-31-247-01

Drawing No.  
**2**

## **2.0 SITE AND PROJECT DESCRIPTION**

### **2.1 Site Description**

The proposed parking structure project is located at the current Student Parking Lot S located on at the southwest corner of the intersection of West Temple Avenue and Bonita Drive in Mt. San Antonio College. The existing parking lot dimensions are approximately 380 feet east-west by 310 feet north-south. The Student Parking Lot S is currently asphalt paved with concrete curbs and gutters and provides the campus with parking facilities. The site is bordered by West Temple Avenue to the north, Bonita Drive to the east, Stadium Way with hardscape to the south and the Mt. SAC Mazmanian baseball field to the west.

The subject site for the proposed parking structure has surface elevations ranging from approximately 730 to 741 feet relative to mean-sea-level (MSL) respectively, with surface gradients flowing down gradient toward the southwest. The site coordinates are: North latitude: 34.04599 degrees, West longitude: 117.84056 degrees.

The site coordinates were centered on the subject sites and used to calculate the earthquake ground motions. Review of the Engineering Geology and Seismology for Public Schools and Hospitals in California, indicates that accuracy to within a few hundred meters of these coordinates is sufficient for the computation of the earthquake ground motion of the project site.

### **2.2 Project Description**

The proposed Parking Structure at Parking Lot S consists of one new three-level parking structure building. The parking structure footprint measures approximately 380 feet long and 220 to 260 feet wide and is approximately 89,820 square feet. The structural loads are not known at this time, but are anticipated to be moderate. The structure is planned to be founded on shallow spread foundations or concrete mat foundations. The project site is shown on Drawing No. 2, *Site Plan and Approximate Location of CPTs and Borings*.

### 3.0 SCOPE OF WORK

The scope of our work included a site reconnaissance, subsurface exploration with soil sampling, laboratory testing, engineering analysis, and preparation of this report.

#### 3.1 Site Reconnaissance

During the site reconnaissance from August 14 to August 15, 2017, the surface conditions were noted and the locations of the borings were determined so that drill rig and Cone Penetration Test (CPT) rig access to all the locations was available. The borings and CPT soundings were located using existing boundary features as a guide and should be considered accurate only to the degree implied by the method used. The proposed boring and CPT test sites were scanned by a private utility locator using electrical and ground penetrating radar systems to screen each site for buried utility lines. Underground Service Alert (USA) of Southern California was then notified of our proposed drilling and CPT test locations at least 48 hours prior to initiation of the subsurface field work.

#### 3.2 Subsurface Exploration

Eight (8) exploratory borings (BH-1 through BH-8) were drilled within the project site from August 16 to August 24, 2017. The borings were advanced using a truck mounted drill rig with an 8- inch diameter hollow stem auger to depths ranging from 20.5 to 51.5 feet below the existing ground surface (bgs). It should be noted that borings were hand augered to depths of 5 feet below ground surface to locate and avoid underground utilities in the area. Each boring was visually logged by a Converse engineer and sampled at regular intervals and at changes in subsurface soils. Detailed descriptions of the field exploration and sampling program are presented in Appendix A, *Field Exploration*. California Modified Sampler (Ring samples), Standard Penetration Test (SPT) samples, and bulk soil samples were obtained for laboratory testing.

Standard Penetration Tests (SPTs) were performed in selected borings at selected intervals using a standard (1.4 inches inside diameter and 2.0 inches outside diameter) split-barrel sampler. The SPT sampler was driven into the ground with successive drops of a 140-pound hammer falling 30 inches by means of a mechanically driven drop hammer. The number of successive drops of the driving weight (“blows”) required for every 6-inches of penetration of the sampler are shown on the Logs of Borings in the “blows column. The bore holes were then backfilled and compacted with soil cuttings by reverse spinning of the auger following the completion of drilling and patched with asphalt patch where necessary to match existing conditions.

Ten (10) Cone Penetration Test soundings (CPT-1 through CPT-10) were advanced to depths of 8 feet to 42 feet below ground surface within project site on September 6, 7 and 8, 2017 by Kehoe Testing and Engineering using a 30-ton (4 axle) CPT rig. The cone penetration testing consisted of pushing an instrumented cone-tipped probe into the

ground while simultaneously recording the resistance to penetration at the cone tip and along the friction sleeve. The test holes were stopped at plan depths or when the cone tip encountered refusal to penetration. The test holes were then backfilled with bentonite crumbles, periodically hydrated with clean water and tamped. The top portion of the test hole was then patched with asphalt patch to match the existing pavement surface.

The approximate locations of the exploratory borings and CPT test soundings are shown in Drawing No. 2, *Site Plan and Approximate Location of CPTs and Borings*. Detailed descriptions of the field exploration and sampling program are presented in Appendix A, *Field Exploration*.

### **3.3 Laboratory Testing**

Representative samples of the site soils were tested in the laboratory to aid in the classification and to evaluate relevant engineering properties. The tests performed included:

- In Situ Moisture Contents and Dry Densities (ASTM Standard D2216)
- Grain Size Distribution (ASTM Standard C136)
- Fines Content/Passing No. 200 Sieve (ASTM D1140)
- Maximum Dry Density and Optimum-Moisture Content Relationship (ASTM Standard D1557)
- Direct Shear (ASTM Standard D3080)
- Consolidation (ASTM Standard D2435)
- R-value (ASTM Standard D2844)
- Soil Corrosivity Tests (Caltrans 643, 422, 417, and 532)

For a description of the laboratory test methods and test results, see Appendix B, *Laboratory Testing Program*. For *in-situ* moisture and density data, see the Logs of Borings in Appendix A, *Field Exploration*.

### **3.4 Engineering Analyses and Report**

Data obtained from the exploratory fieldwork and laboratory-testing program were analyzed and evaluated. This report was prepared to provide the findings, conclusions and recommendations developed during our investigation and evaluation.

## 4.0 GEOLOGIC CONDITIONS

### 4.1 Regional Geology

The proposed project site is located in the San Jose Hills along the western edge of the Pomona Valley within the Transverse Ranges geomorphic province of California along the northern terminus of the Peninsular Ranges Province.

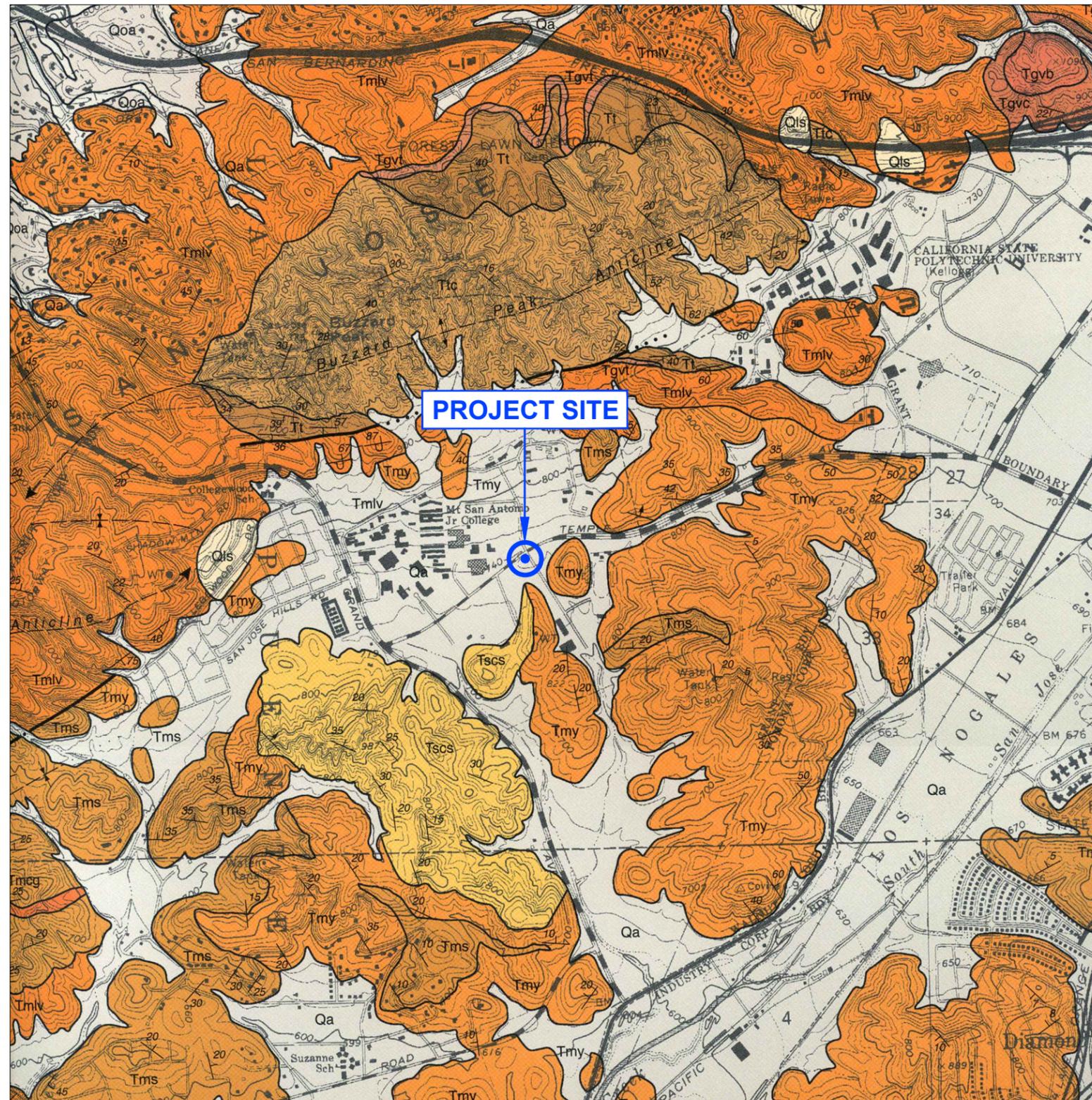
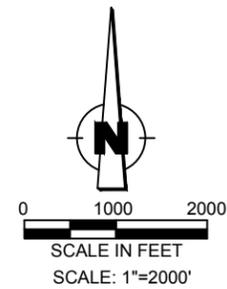
The Pomona Valley is situated at the junction of the two major convergent fault systems: 1) Northwest-trending high angle strike slip faults of the San Andreas system projecting from the northern terminus of the Peninsular Ranges Province, and 2) East-trending low angle reverse or reverse-oblique faults bounding the south margin of the Transverse Ranges. Faults in group one include the Palos Verdes, Newport-Inglewood, Whittier-Elsinore and San Jacinto fault zones. Group two faults include the Malibu-Santa Monica, Hollywood, Raymond, Sierra Madre and Cucamonga fault zones.

The Pomona Valley basin is bounded to the north by the San Jose fault and to the southwest by the Chino-Central Avenue fault. These two fault systems do not exhibit significant evidence of surface movement within Holocene time (0-11,700 years before present) and are not considered active based on current geologic information. The San Jose and Chino-Central Avenue faults are considered Late Quaternary age faults, having exhibited displacement and movement within the past approximately 130,000 years.

The Geologic Map of the San Dimas and Ontario Quadrangles prepared by Thomas W. Dibblee, Jr. (DF-91, dated July 2002) was reviewed. The map shows the location of Mt. San Antonio College campus within an alluvial basin surrounded by hillsides consisting of sedimentary bedrock of the Monterey (Puente) Formation. No faults are shown running through or projecting through the project site. Low lying sedimentary bedrock hillsides are depicted south and east of the subject site and have been mapped as (Tmy)-Yorba Shale Member consisting of thinly bedded, diatomaceous, semi-siliceous clay shale, siltstone and minor sandstone and (Tscs) Sycamore Canyon Formation consisting of light gray sandstone that includes conglomerate and siltstone. A portion of the map by Thomas W. Dibblee has been reproduced and is shown as Drawing No. 3, *Regional Geologic Map*.

### 4.2 Subsurface Profile of Subject Site

The earth materials encountered during our investigation consist of existing fill soils placed during previous site grading operations, natural alluvial soils and sedimentary bedrock of the Puente Formation. The project site area is covered by a layer of fill soils underlain by the alluvial soils and interbedded layers of sandstone, pebble conglomerate, siltstone, and claystone sedimentary bedrock of the Puente Formation. These earth materials consist primarily of silty sands, clayey sands, sands, silts and clays. Each of these earth materials is described in more detail below.



**SAN DIMAS AND ONTARIO MAP (DF-91)**

**LEGEND**

**SURFICIAL SEDIMENTS**

af artificial fill  
 Qg alluvial gravel and sand of stream channels, some artificially channelized  
 Qa alluvial gravel and sand of valley areas

**LANDSLIDE AND TALUS RUBBLE**

Qls

— UNCONFORMITY —

**OLDER, DISSECTED SURFICIAL SEDIMENTS**

Qoa low remnants of elevated alluvial gravel  
 Qog high remnants of elevated older alluvial gravel, including coarse boulder gravel

— UNCONFORMITY —

**SEDIMENTARY AND VOLCANIC ROCKS**

Tscg Tscs

**SYCAMORE CANYON FORMATION**

Sycamore Canyon Formation (uppermost member of Puente Formation of Durham & Yerkes 1964, Tan 1998) shallow marine clastic, latest Miocene age.  
 Tscg conglomerate, light gray, of cobbles and pebbles of plutonic rocks in sandstone matrix.  
 Tscs sandstone, light gray, similar to Tms. Includes some conglomerate similar to Tscg, and siltstone.

**MONTEREY (PUENTE) FORMATION**

Monterey Formation (Puente form of Eldridge & Arnold, 1907, Durham & Yerkes 1964; Tan 1998, marine biogenic & clastic; late Miocene age, (Mohnian Stage))  
 Tm unassigned shale; similar to Tmlv & Tmy  
 Tmy Yuba shale Member – light gray, thin bedded, diatomaceous, semi-siliceous to clay shale, siltstone, minor sandstone; fish scales.  
 Tmcg conglomerate facies of cobbles & pebbles of plutonic rocks in sandstone matrix lenses in tan Tms, deposited as submarine deltas.  
 Tms Soquel sandstone facies, partly intertongued into Tmy & Tmlv, light gray to tan, moderately lithified, bedded, arkosic, contains concretions, some interbedded silty shale, derived from plutonic terrane & deposited as submarine fans, unfossiliferous  
 Tmlv La Vida Shale Member, white, weathered; thin bedded, platy, siliceous shale, clay shale, and siltstone, some strata of tan dolomite and sandstone; fish scales, foraminifera.

**TOPANGA FORMATION**

(of Shelton, 1955; Tan, 1998; marine clastic; middle Miocene age, unfossiliferous, locally intertongued into Glendora volcanics, age late ? Miocene)  
 Tt sandstone, light gray to tan, moderately lithified, bedded, arkosic, locally pebbly, includes interbedded siltstone or clay shale.  
 Ttc conglomerate (Buzzard Peak Conglomerate member of Woodford et al. 1946, light gray to tan, semi-lithified, vaguely bedded, composed of cobbles and pebbles of mostly plutonic rocks in sandstone matrix.

**GLENDORA VOLCANIC ROCKS**

Glendora Volcanics (of Shelton, 1955, Tan, 1999; extrusive volcanic rocks; middle Miocene age locally intertongued into Topanga Formation). (radiometric age ±16 MA (Weigand, P.W., oral communication 2001))  
 Tgv undifferentiated volcanic rock, mostly brown andesitic flows and breccias  
 Tgvc volcanic conglomerate, gray to brown, of volcanic detritus.  
 Tgvb basalt flows, gray to black, massive to vesicular.  
 Tgvp basaltic pelagionic tuff & pillow lavas.  
 Tgvt rhyolitic tuff breccia, tan to white  
 Tgva andesite flows and low breccias, brown, porphyritic, massive.  
 Tgvr rhyolitic-dacite flows, tan to light brown, aphanitic, massive to flow-banded, hard, fractured  
 Tgve rhyolite-dacite breccia exposed only at Elephant Hill.

— UNCONFORMITY —

**CRYSTALLINE BASEMENT ROCKS**

**GRANITIC ROCKS**

Tmda

**MOUNTAIN MEADOWS DACITE**

Mountain Meadows dacite (of Shelton 1955, Tan, 1999 intrusive into qd; early Miocene? Age)  
 Mda dacite light gray, hard, massive, fine grained, contains small feldspar phenocrysts and biotite flakes.

**QUARTZ DIORITIC PLUTONIC ROCKS**

quartz diorite; plutonic igneous rock, late Mesozoic- Cretaceous age  
 qd biotite quartz diorite, light gray, massive.  
 qdb Borsari Tonalite of Larson 1949 similar to qd, but slightly quartzoid & contains dark gray fine grained xenoliths elongated parallel to gneissoid structure up to 9 in. long.

**QUATERNARY** (Holocene, Pleistocene)  
**CENOZOIC** (Tertiary, Miocene, Cenozoic)  
**CEOUS ZOIC**

REFERENCE: THOMAS W. DIBBLE, Jr. (DF-91)  
 SAN DIMAS QUADRANGLE  
 AND ONTARIO QUADRANGLE (2002)

**REGIONAL GEOLOGIC MAP**



MT. SAN ANTONIO COLLEGE  
 LOT S STRUCTURE  
 WALNUT, CALIFORNIA

Project No. Drawing No.  
 17-31-247-01 3

### Fill Soils

An undocumented fill layer of variable thickness was encountered in all of the soil borings drilled between August 16 to August 24, 2017, within the subject site. The depth of the fill ranges from approximately three (3) to eight (8) feet in thickness. Deeper fill soils may be encountered at the project site. The observed fill soils consist primarily of silty sand, clayey sand and clayey silt. Most of the fill soils appear to have been locally derived from the general site area. Documentation concerning the placement and degree of compaction of the fill soils was not available.

### Alluvium

Alluvial deposits were encountered underlying the fill material at the project site. The native soil encountered in the borings consists of clayey sands, sandy clays, sandy silts, silty clays, silts and clays with occasional gravels and cobbles. The deepest alluvium was located on the east side of the project site along Bonita Drive. Sampling blow-counts correlate from loose and medium stiff to dense and very stiff. Dark brown, fine-grained silts and clays were encountered above the alluvium / bedrock contact. These natural soil materials are potentially expansive and not recommended for use as fill directly below footings and slabs. The soils also include occasional fragments of weathered bedrock. We expect that some cobbles and rocks are larger in size than the largest observed, (approximately four (4) inches in the maximum dimension) and were broken down in the hollow stem auger soil cuttings. Based on our previous experience and knowledge of the area, and materials encountered during subsurface exploration, cobbles greater than eight (8) inches and occasional boulders may be buried in the alluvial sediments below the site.

### Sandstone, Pebble Conglomerate, Siltstone and Claystone Bedrock (Tmy and Tscs)

The project site on Parking Lot S is partially underlain by shallow sedimentary bedrock of Puente Formation (Tmy and Tscs) consisting of interbedded sandstone, pebble conglomerate, siltstone, and claystone layers. A hillside bedrock ridge descends northward beneath the southern side of the project site. The bedrock layers range from generally thinly bedded to thick and massive, and display varying degrees of cementation and hardness. The bedrock is weathered near the alluvium/bedrock contact and becomes less weathered and medium hard to hard with depth.

### Sandstone and Pebble Conglomerate Bedrock (Tscs)

Hard sandstone and conglomerate bedrock layers consisting of gravel and cobble-sized rocks in a cemented sandstone matrix (Tscs) were encountered at shallow depths along the south side of the project site. The sandstone and conglomerate layers can be thick and massive and may contain boulder sized hard rock materials. Boring Nos. BH-4, BH-5, BH-6, BH-7 and BH-8 encountered refusal to sampler penetration and refusal to drilling

penetration in the hard and cemented sedimentary bedrock layers along the southern side of the proposed parking structure. Cone Penetration Tests (CPT-3, CPT-5, CPT-6, CPT-7, CPT-8, CPT-9 and CPT-10) encountered very dense/stiff soil and sedimentary bedrock conditions and were stopped short of their planned depths. The sandstone and conglomerate bedrock materials were observed to be hard and will be more difficult to excavate during grading and construction.

Drawing No.4, *Geologic Cross Section A-A'*, Drawing No.5, *Geologic Cross Section B-B'*, Drawing No.6, *Geologic Cross Section C-C'* and Drawing No.7, *Geologic Cross Section D-D'*, have been drawn across the subject site to illustrate the subsurface conditions beneath the project site. For additional information on the subsurface conditions, see the Logs of Boring Data in Appendix A, *Field Exploration*.

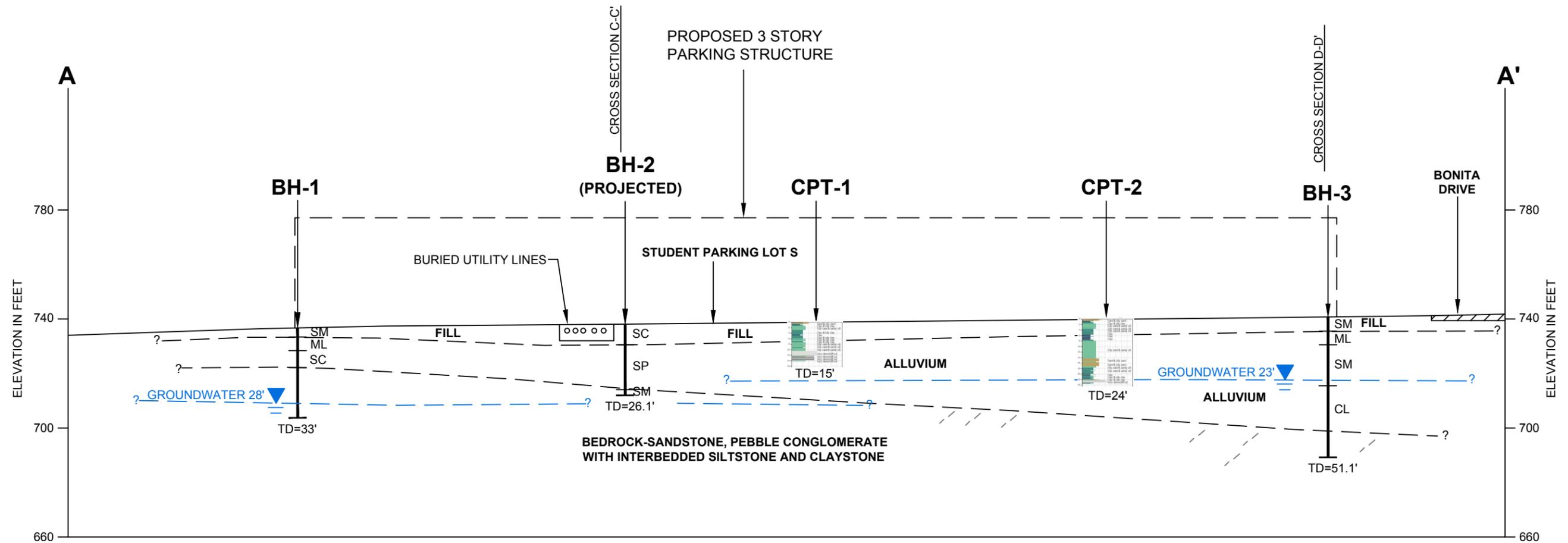
### **4.3 Groundwater**

Local zones of groundwater seepage and groundwater were encountered during subsurface exploration in the alluvium and bedrock at depths ranging from approximately 23 feet below ground surface in boring BH-3 to approximately 36.8 feet in boring BH-7. The regional groundwater table is not expected to be encountered during the planned grading and construction. However, the possibility of groundwater being encountered during future grading and deeper excavations cannot be completely precluded.

Wet weather periods may produce groundwater seepage in the bedrock fractures and along less permeable layers from upslope infiltration of rainfall, surface flow, runoff and storm water recharge and should be anticipated during grading and construction. Local zones of perched groundwater may be present within the near-surface deposits due to buried alluvial channel features, channel remnants, alluvium/bedrock contacts, local recharge conditions or during the rainy season. In general, groundwater levels fluctuate with the seasons. Groundwater conditions below any given site vary depending on numerous factors including seasonal rainfall, local irrigation, storm water recharge and groundwater pumping, among other factors.

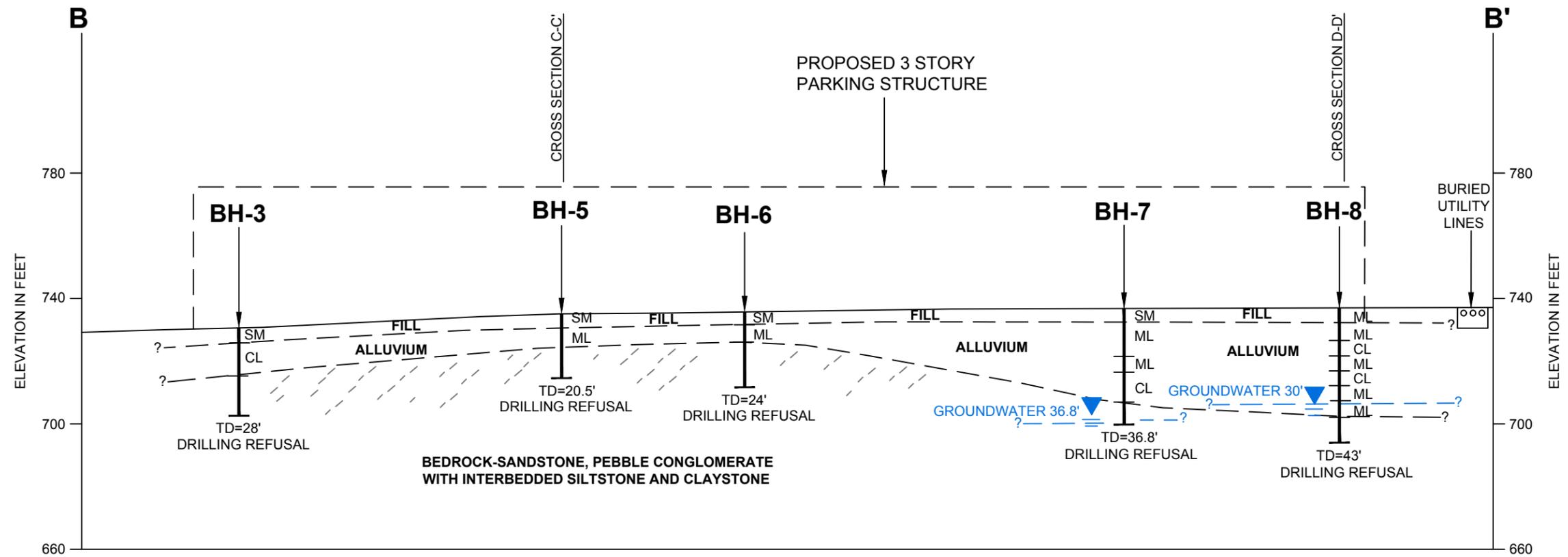
### **4.4 Subsurface Variations**

Based on results of the subsurface exploration and our experience with the subject area, some variations in the continuity and nature of subsurface conditions within the project site are anticipated. Because of the uncertainties involved in the nature and depositional characteristics of the earth material at the site, care should be exercised in interpolating or extrapolating subsurface conditions between or beyond the boring locations. If, during construction, subsurface conditions different from those presented in this report are encountered, this office should be notified immediately so that recommendations can be modified, if necessary.



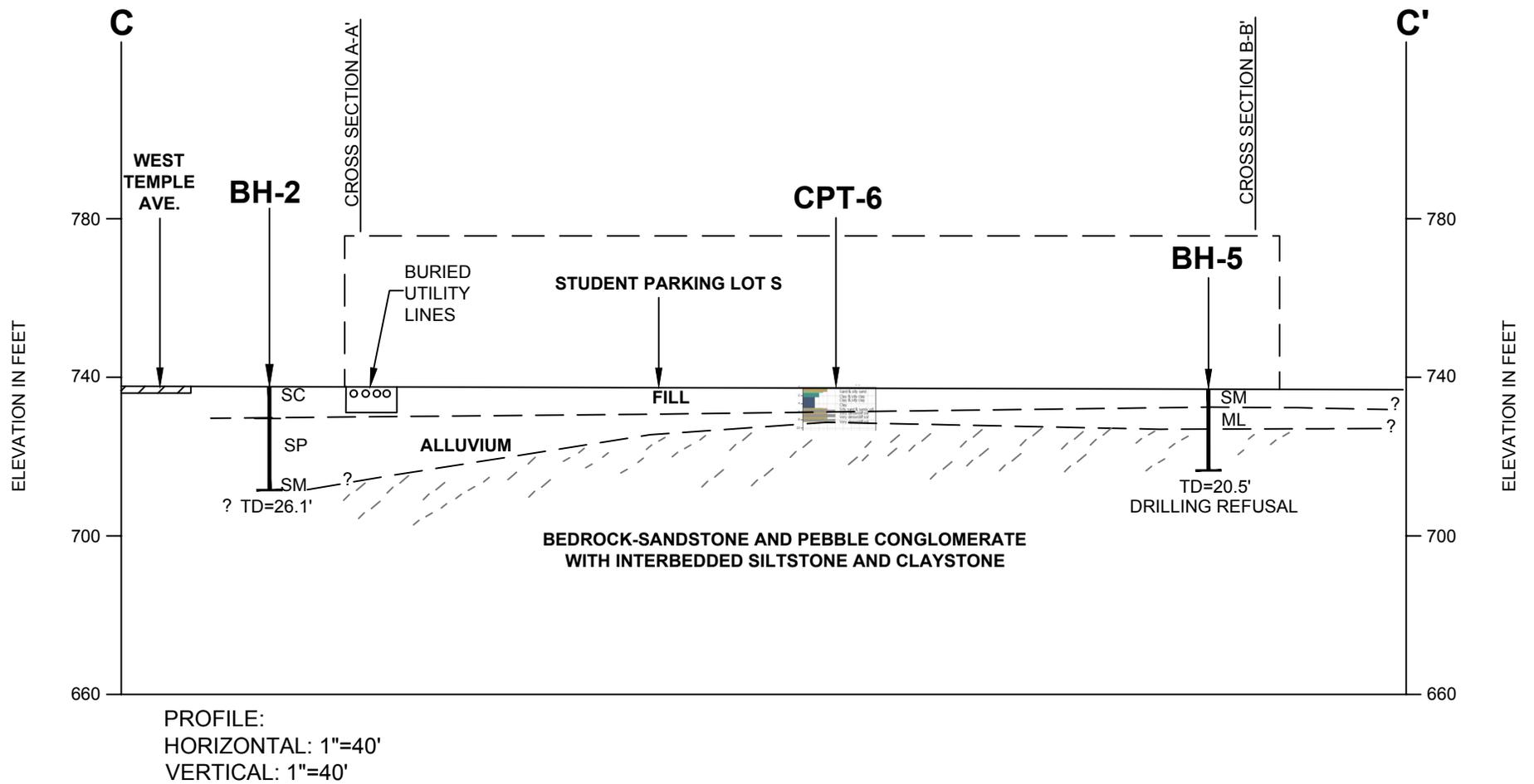
PROFILE:  
 HORIZONTAL: 1"=40'  
 VERTICAL: 1"=40'

## GEOLOGIC CROSS SECTION A-A'

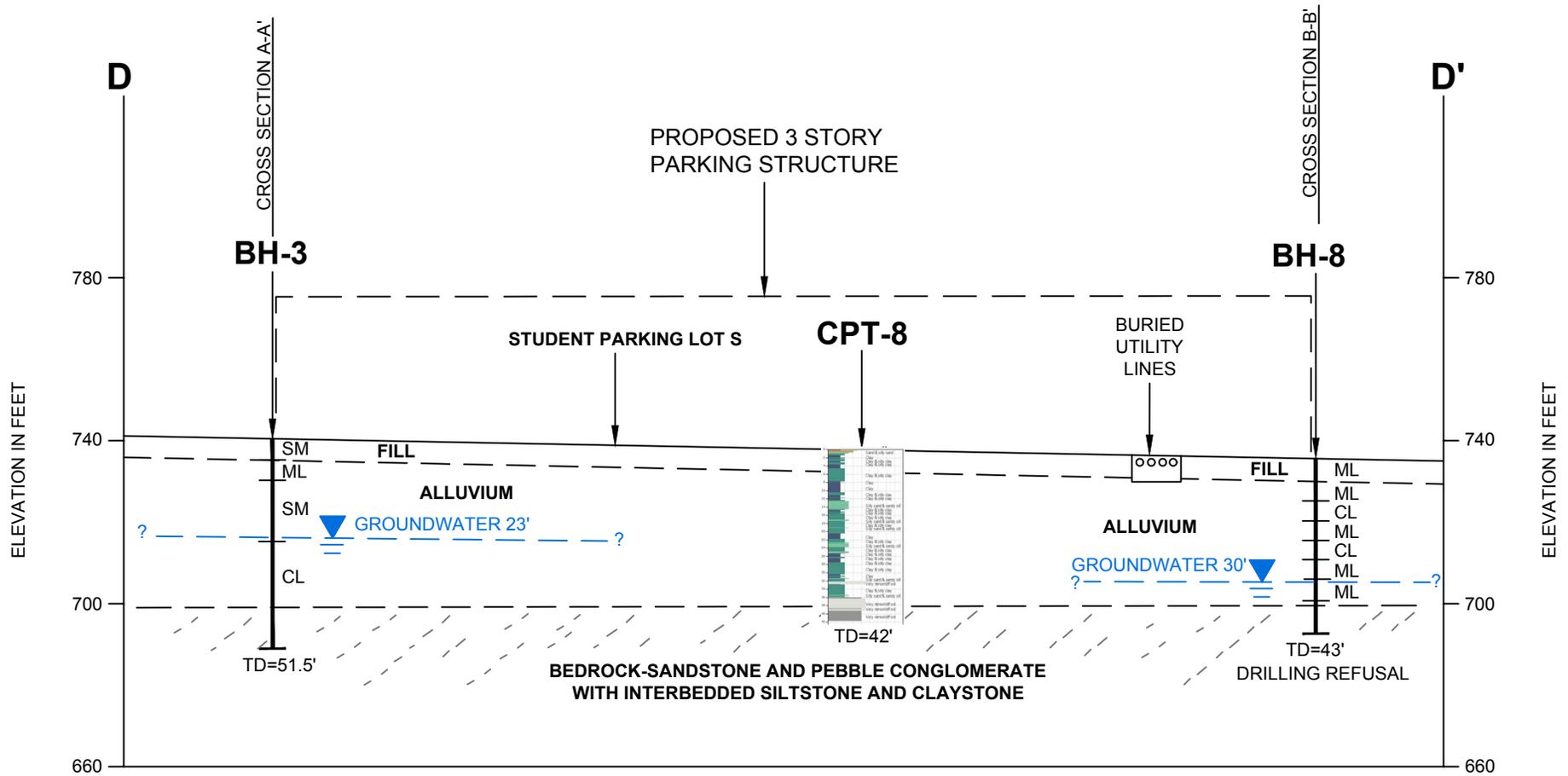


PROFILE:  
 HORIZONTAL: 1"=40'  
 VERTICAL: 1"=40'

### GEOLOGIC CROSS SECTION B-B'



## GEOLOGIC CROSS SECTION C-C'



PROFILE:  
 HORIZONTAL: 1"=40'  
 VERTICAL: 1"=40'

### GEOLOGIC CROSS SECTION D-D'

## 5.0 FAULTING AND SEISMIC HAZARDS

Geologic hazards are defined as geologically related conditions that may present a potential danger to life and property. Typical geologic hazards in Southern California include earthquake ground shaking, fault surface rupture, liquefaction and seismically induced settlement, lateral spreading, landslides, earthquake induced flooding, tsunamis and seiches, and volcanic eruption hazard.

Results of a site-specific evaluation for each type of possible seismic hazards are discussed in the following sections.

### 5.1 Seismic Characteristics of Nearby Faults

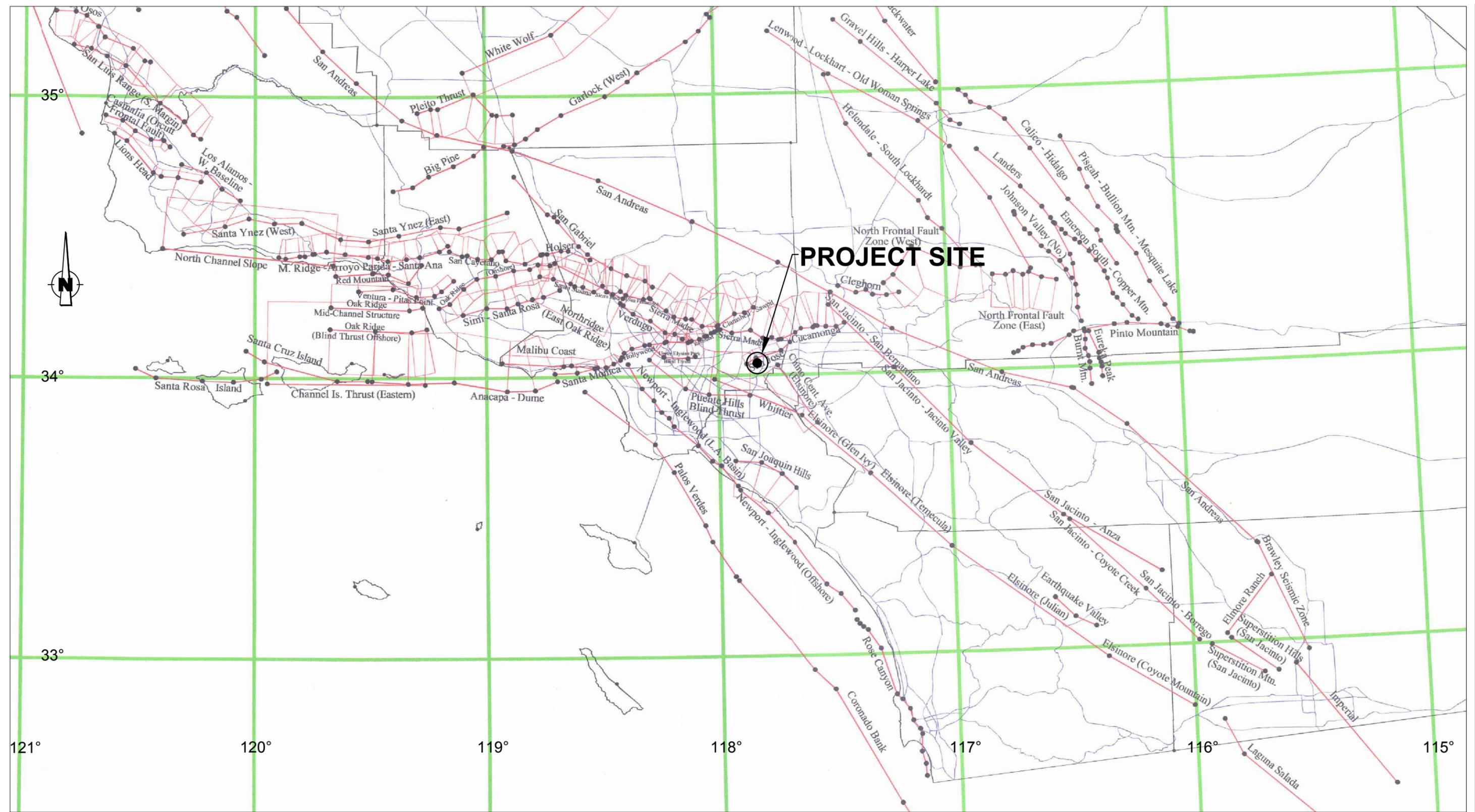
No surface faults are known to project through or towards the site. The closest known faults to the project site with mappable surface expressions are the San Jose Fault (0.8 kilometers to the north) and Chino-Central Avenue (Elsinore) Fault (6.9 kilometers to the east/ southeast). The concealed Puente Hills Blind Thrust Fault (Coyote Hills segment) along with other regional faults were included as active fault sources for the probabilistic seismic hazard analysis for the site. The approximate locations of these local active faults with respect to the project site are tabulated on Table No. 1, *Summary of Regional Faults*, and are shown on Drawing No. 3, *Regional Geological Map* and Drawing No. 8, *Southern California Regional Fault Map*.

The Pomona Valley Basin is bounded to the north by the San Jose Fault and to the southwest by the Chino-Central Avenue faults. These two fault systems do not exhibit evidence of surface movement within Holocene time and are not considered active based on current geologic information. The San Jose and Chino-Central Avenue faults are considered Late Quaternary, having exhibited displacement and movement within the past 738,000 years.

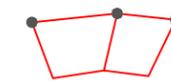
#### San Jose Fault

The San Jose Fault lies along the southern flank of the northeast trending San Jose Hills. The fault trends northeast and dips to the north. The mapped trace of the San Jose Fault is located approximately 0.8 kilometer north of the project site.

Geotechnical investigations performed on the campus of California State Polytechnic University at Pomona (Geocon, 2001) indicated that the San Jose is an active reverse separation fault. Because of the lack of success in previous fault trench excavations, Geocon based its conclusions on a series of closely spaced boreholes along several traverses across a subtle topographic bench on the campus. They discovered two shallowly to moderately north-dipping thrust faults with the most recent displacement being about 1 meter and occurred since 3500 yrs. B.P. on the basis of radiocarbon dating



REFERENCE: PORTION OF CGS 2002 CALIFORNIA FAULT MODEL  
 MODIFIED FOR USE WITH FRISKSP AND EQFAULT  
 BY THOMAS F. BLAKE, AUGUST 2004

-  FAULT SOURCES
-  BLIND THRUST FAULT,  
POLYGONS INDICATE RUPTURE  
PLANES AND DIP DIRECTION

## SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA REGIONAL FAULT MAP



MT. SAN ANTONIO COLLEGE  
 LOT S STRUCTURE  
 WALNUT, CALIFORNIA

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 17-31-247-01

Drawing No.  
**8**

of faulted alluvium. These findings would show this segment of the fault is active, but is a reverse separation fault south of the San Jose Hills (Yeats, 2004).

**Chino-Central Avenue Faults**

The Chino and Central Avenue faults trend northwest along the southwest portion of the Chino Basin. The fault ties along the northeast edge of the Puente Hills. The Chino and Central Avenue faults are considered part of the Elsinore fault which is one of the major right lateral strike slip faults of the Peninsular Ranges geomorphic province. The Elsinore fault splits near Prado Dam into the Chino-Central Avenue and Whittier faults. The Chino-Central Avenue faults are two separate fault strands that strike northwest. The Chino fault dips southwest and is at least 18 km in length. The Central Avenue fault is about 8 km in length and concealed by younger alluvial deposits. The Chino and Central Avenue faults converge southward into the much larger Elsinore fault system.

The July 29, 2008 Chino Hills earthquake was a magnitude 5.5 earthquake event that caused moderate ground shaking and some minor damage to the Mt. San Antonio College campus buildings. The earthquake epicenter was located approximately 15 miles southeast of the campus beneath the Chino Hills and at a depth of approximately 9.1 miles (14.6 km) below ground surface.

As is the case for most areas of Southern California, ground-shaking resulting from earthquakes associated with nearby and more distant faults may occur at the project site. During the life of the project, seismic activity associated with active faults can be expected to generate moderate to strong ground shaking at the site.

Table No. 1, *Summary of Regional Faults*, summarizes selected data of known faults capable of seismic activity within 50 kilometers of the site. The data presented below was calculated using EQFAULT Version 3.0 with updated fault data from “The Revised 2002 California Probabilistic Seismic Hazard Maps (Cao et al., 2003)”, Appendix A, and other published geologic data.

**Table No. 1, Summary of Regional Faults**

<b>Fault Name and Section</b>	<b>Approximate * Distance to Site (kilometers)</b>	<b>Max. Moment Magnitude (Mmax)</b>	<b>Slip Rate (mm/yr)</b>
San Jose*	0.8	6.4	0.50
Chino-Central Ave. (Elsinore)	6.9	6.7	1.00
Elysian Park Blind Thrust*	8.2	6.7	1.50
Puente Hills Blind Thrust**	8.3	7.3	0.70
Sierra Madre*	9.6	7.2	2.00
Whittier	12.6	6.8	2.50
Cucamonga*	13.8	6.9	5.00
Clamshell-Sawpit	19.5	6.5	0.50

Fault Name and Section	Approximate * Distance to Site (kilometers)	Max. Moment Magnitude (Mmax)	Slip Rate (mm/yr)
Raymond	19.6	6.5	1.50
Verdugo*	28.6	6.9	0.50
Elsinore-Glen Ivy	29.1	6.8	5.00
Compton Thrust	29.9	6.8	1.50
Hollywood	36.2	6.4	1.00
San Jacinto – San Bernardino	38.0	6.7	12.00
San Andreas – 1857 Rupture*	39.1	7.4	30.00
San Andreas – Mojave*	39.1	7.4	30.00
Newport-Inglewood (L.A. Basin)*	39.6	7.1	1.00
San Andreas – San Bernardino*	41.0	7.5	24.00
San Andreas – Southern*	41.0	7.2	25.00
Cleghorn*	45.7	6.7	2.00
Sierra Madre (San Fernando)*	48.4	6.7	2.00

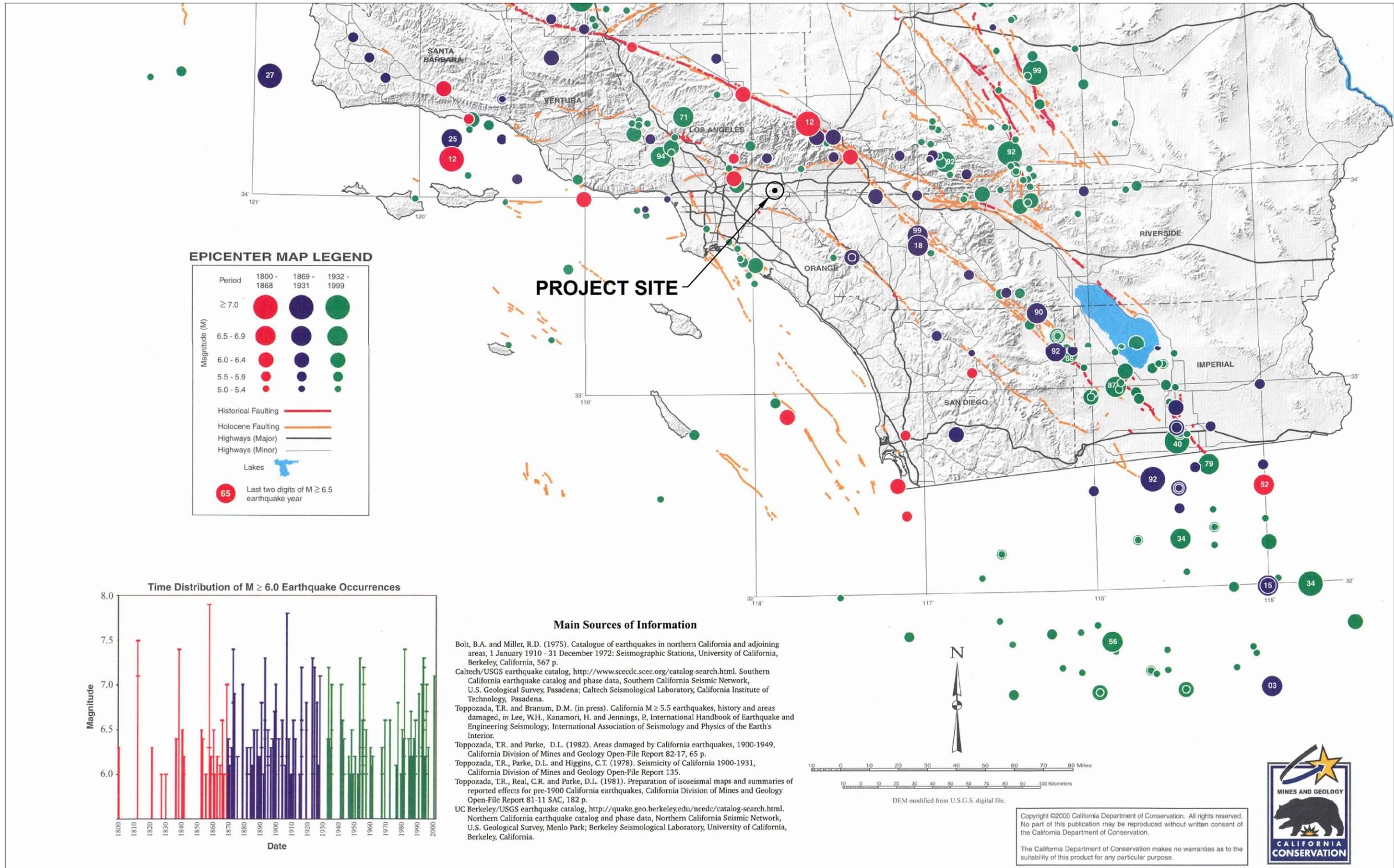
\*Review of published geologic data and mapping including Appendix A of the 2002 California Fault Parameters Report (Cao et al., 2003). Distance from the site to nearest subsurface projection, per Shaw et al., 2002.

## 5.2 Seismic History

An analysis of the seismic history of the site was conducted using the computer program EQSEARCH, (Blake, 2000), and attenuation relationships proposed by Boore et al. (1997) for alluvium soil conditions. The Southern California Earthquake Catalog with the Southern California Earthquake Center was also utilized (SCEC, 2011).

Based on the analysis of seismic history, the number of earthquakes with a moment magnitude of 5.0 or greater occurring within a distance of 100 kilometers was 169, since the year 1800. Based on the analysis, the largest earthquake-induced ground acceleration affecting the site since the year 1800 is a 7.0 magnitude earthquake in 1858 with a calculated ground acceleration of 0.24g at the site.

Review of recent seismological and geophysical publications indicates that the seismic hazard for the Pomona Basin is high. The Pomona Basin is bounded by active regional faults on all sides and underlain by alluvial sediments and buried thrust faults. The seismic hazard for the Pomona Basin was illustrated by the 1971 San Fernando, 1987 Whittier Narrows, 1991 Sierra Madre and 1994 Northridge earthquakes. The epicenters for these earthquakes are shown on Drawing No. 9, *Epicenters Map of Southern California Earthquakes (1800-1999)*.



REFERENCE: PORTION OF EPICENTERS AND AREAS DAMAGED BY M≥5 CALIFORNIA EARTHQUAKES, 1800-1999 CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION, MAP SHEET 49 DATED 2000.

**EPICENTER MAP OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA EARTHQUAKES (1800-1999)**



MT. SAN ANTONIO COLLEGE  
 LOT S STRUCTURE  
 WALNUT, CALIFORNIA

Project No.  
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Drawing No.  
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### 5.3 Surface Fault Rupture

The project site is not located within a currently designated State of California Earthquake Fault Zone (formerly Alquist-Priolo Special Studies Zones) for surface fault rupture. The Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Act requires the California Geological Survey to zone “active faults” within the State of California. An “active fault” has exhibited surface displacement with Holocene time (within the last 11,000 years) hence constituting a potential hazard to structures that may be located across it. Public school structures are required to be set-back at least 50 feet from an active fault. The active fault set-back distance is measured perpendicular from the dip of the fault plane. Based on a review of existing geologic information, no known active faults project through or toward the site. The potential for surface rupture resulting from the movement of the nearby major faults is considered remote.

### 5.4 Liquefaction and Seismically-Induced Settlement

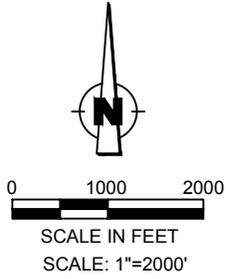
Liquefaction is the sudden decrease in the strength of cohesionless soils due to dynamic or cyclic shaking. Saturated soils behave temporarily as a viscous fluid (liquefaction) and, consequently, lose their capacity to support the structures founded on them. The potential for liquefaction decreases with increasing clay and gravel content, but increases as the ground acceleration and duration of shaking increase. Liquefaction potential has been found to be the greatest where the groundwater level and loose sands occur within 50 feet of the ground surface.

The site is located within a potential liquefaction zone per the State of California Seismic Hazard Zones Map for the San Dimas Quadrangle as shown in Drawing No. 10, *Seismic Hazard Zones Map*. Liquefaction analyses were performed using *LiquefyPro*, Version 5.8d, 2009, by Civil Tech Software for the upper 50 feet below ground surface utilizing Boring BH-3 and CPT No. 8. The results of the liquefaction analysis and a summary of the methods used are presented in Appendix C, *Liquefaction/Seismic Settlement Analysis*.

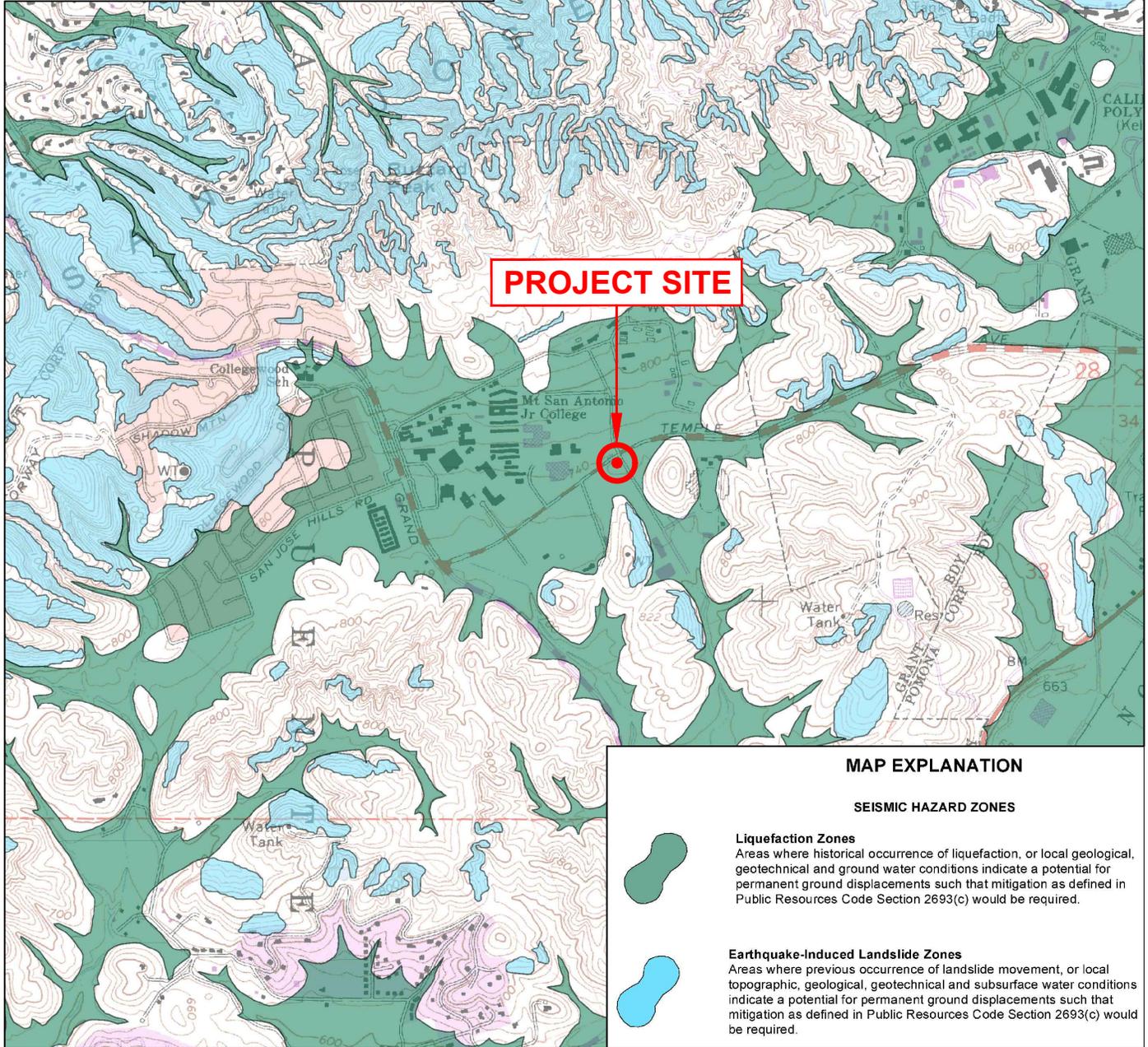
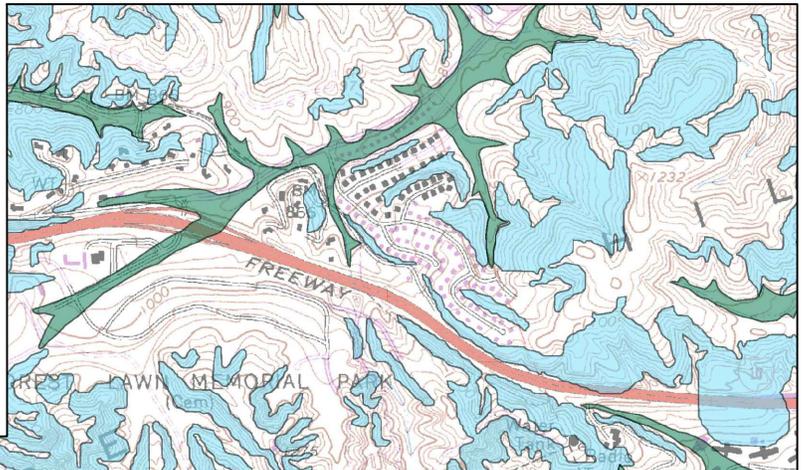
The results of liquefaction analyses indicate the project site is susceptible to liquefaction. The estimated potential liquefaction induced settlement ranges from 0.91 to 2.88 inches with potential differential settlement ranging from 0.46 to 1.44 inches. The project structural engineer should consider the effects of seismically-induced settlement in the foundation design.

### 5.5 Lateral Spreading

Seismically induced lateral spreading involves primarily lateral movement of earth materials due to ground shaking. It differs from the slope failure in that complete ground failure involving large movement does not occur due to the relatively smaller gradient of the initial ground surface. Lateral spreading is demonstrated by near-vertical cracks with predominantly horizontal movement of the soil mass involved. The topography at the



REFERENCE: EARTHQUAKE ZONES OF REQUIRED INVESTIGATION, CALIFORNIA GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, SAN DIMAS QUADRANGLE, SEISMIC HAZARD ZONE 1999



**PROJECT SITE**

**MAP EXPLANATION**

**SEISMIC HAZARD ZONES**

- 

**Liquefaction Zones**  
Areas where historical occurrence of liquefaction, or local geological, geotechnical and ground water conditions indicate a potential for permanent ground displacements such that mitigation as defined in Public Resources Code Section 2693(c) would be required.
- 

**Earthquake-Induced Landslide Zones**  
Areas where previous occurrence of landslide movement, or local topographic, geological, geotechnical and subsurface water conditions indicate a potential for permanent ground displacements such that mitigation as defined in Public Resources Code Section 2693(c) would be required.

**SEISMIC HAZARD ZONES MAP**

project site and in the immediate vicinity of the site is gently sloping to the southwest, with no significant nearby slopes or embankments. Under these circumstances, the potential for lateral spreading at the subject site is considered negligible.

## **5.6 Seismically-Induced Slope Instability**

Seismically induced landslides and other slope failures are common occurrences during or soon after earthquakes. The project site is also not shown with any earthquake-induced landslide areas due to the gently, southwest sloping ground condition of the site topography. In the absence of significant ground slopes, the potential for seismically induced landslides to affect the proposed site is considered to be very low.

## **5.7 Earthquake-Induced Flooding**

Review of the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM), Map Number 0637C1725F, Panel 1725 of 2350, dated September 26, 2008, from the FEMA Map Service Center Viewer, indicates that the site is in an area designated as Zone D, "Areas in which flood hazards are undetermined, but possible." Due to the absence of groundwater at shallow depths, distance of the subject site from large bodies of water and regional flood control structures, the potential for flooding at the subject site is considered remote. The potential of earthquake induced flooding of the subject site is considered to be remote.

## **5.8 Tsunami and Seiches**

Tsunamis are seismic sea waves generated by fault displacement or major ground movement. Based on the location of the site from the ocean (over 20 kilometers), tsunamis do not pose a hazard. Seiches are large waves generated in enclosed bodies of water in response to ground shaking. Based on site location away from lakes and reservoirs, seiches do not pose a hazard.

## **5.9 Volcanic Eruption Hazard**

There are no known volcanoes near the site. According to Jennings (1994), the nearest potential hazards from future volcanic eruptions is the Amboy Crater-Lavic Lake area located in the Mojave Desert more than 120 miles east/northeast of the site. Volcanic eruption hazards are not present.

## 6.0 SEISMIC ANALYSIS

### 6.1 CBC Seismic Design Parameters

Seismic parameters based on the 2016 California Building Code are calculated using the United States Geological Survey *U.S. Seismic Design Maps* website application and the site coordinates (34.04599 degrees North Latitude, 117.84056 degrees West Longitude). The seismic parameters are presented below.

**Table No. 2, CBC Seismic Design Parameters**

Seismic Parameters	2016 CBC
Site Class	D
Mapped Short period (0.2-sec) Spectral Response Acceleration, $S_s$	2.185 g
Mapped 1-second Spectral Response Acceleration, $S_1$	0.780 g
Site Coefficient (from Table 1613.5.3(1)), $F_a$	1.0
Site Coefficient (from Table 1613.5.3(2)), $F_v$	1.3
MCE 0.2-sec period Spectral Response Acceleration, $S_{MS}$	2.185 g
MCE 1-second period Spectral Response Acceleration, $S_{M1}$	1.014 g
Design Spectral Response Acceleration for short period, $S_{DS}$	1.457 g
Design Spectral Response Acceleration for 1-second period, $S_{D1}$	0.676 g
Seismic Design Category	D

### 6.2 Site-Specific Response Spectra

A site-specific response spectrum was developed for the project for a Maximum Considered Earthquake (MCE), defined as a horizontal peak ground acceleration that has a 2 percent probability of being exceeded in 50 years (return period of approximately 2,475 years). The controlling source was determined to be the USGS 2008 California Gridded Source, with an MCE of Mw 7.0 and a deterministic peak ground acceleration (PGA) of 1.01g.

In accordance with ASCE 7-10, Section 21.2 the site-specific response spectra can be taken as the lesser of the probabilistic maximum rotated component of MCE ground motion and the 84<sup>th</sup> percentile of deterministic maximum rotated component of MCE ground motion response spectra. The design response spectra can be taken as 2/3 of site-specific MCE response spectra, but should not be lower than 80 percent of CBC general response spectra. The risk coefficient  $C_R$  has been incorporated at each spectral response period for which the acceleration was computed in accordance with ASCE 7-10, Section 21.2.1.1.

The 2016 CBC mapped acceleration parameters are provided in the following table. These parameters were determined using the United States Geological Survey *U.S.*

Seismic Design Maps website application, and in accordance with ASCE 7-10 Sections 11.4, 11.6, 11.8 and 21.2.

**Table No. 3, 2016 CBC Mapped Acceleration Parameters**

Site Class	C	Seismic Design Category	IV
<b>S<sub>s</sub></b>	2.185	<b>C<sub>RS</sub></b>	1.012
<b>S<sub>1</sub></b>	0.780	<b>C<sub>R1</sub></b>	1.023
<b>F<sub>a</sub></b>	1	<b>0.08 F<sub>v</sub>/F<sub>a</sub></b>	0.104
<b>F<sub>v</sub></b>	1.3	<b>0.4 F<sub>v</sub>/F<sub>a</sub></b>	0.520
<b>S<sub>MS</sub></b>	2.185	<b>T<sub>0</sub></b>	0.093
<b>S<sub>M1</sub></b>	1.014	<b>T<sub>s</sub></b>	0.464
<b>S<sub>DS</sub></b>	1.457	<b>T<sub>L</sub></b>	8
<b>S<sub>D1</sub></b>	0.676		

A Site-Specific response analysis, using faults within 200 kilometers of the sites, was developed using the computer program EZ-FRISK by Risk Engineering (v. 7.62) and the 2008 USGS Fault Model database. Attenuation relationships proposed by Boore and Atkinson (2008), Campbell and Bozorgnia (2008), Chiou and Youngs (2008) were used in the analysis. These attenuation relationships are based on Next Generation Attenuation (NGA) project model. Maximum rotated components were determined using Huang (2008) method. An average shear wave velocity at upper 30 meters of soil profile ( $V_{s30}$ ) of 390 meters per second, depth to bedrock of with a shear wave velocity 1,000 meters per second at 150 meters below grade, and depth of bedrock where the shear wave velocity is 2,500 meters per second at 3,000 meters below grade were selected for EZ-Frisk Analysis.

The probabilistic response spectrum results and peak ground acceleration for each attenuation relationship are presented in the following table.

**Table No. 4, Probabilistic Response Spectrum Data**

Attenuation Relationship	Probabilistic Mean	Boore-Atkinson (2008)	Campbell-Bozorgnia (2008)	Chiou-Youngs (2007)
<b>Peak Ground Acceleration (g)</b>	0.966	0.909	0.910	1.056

Spectral Period (sec)	2% in 50yr Probabilistic Spectral Acceleration (g)			
0.03	1.040	0.987	0.979	1.138
0.05	1.187	1.095	1.130	1.318
0.10	1.712	1.570	1.637	1.908
0.20	2.144	1.998	2.077	2.337
0.30	2.036	1.936	1.918	2.210

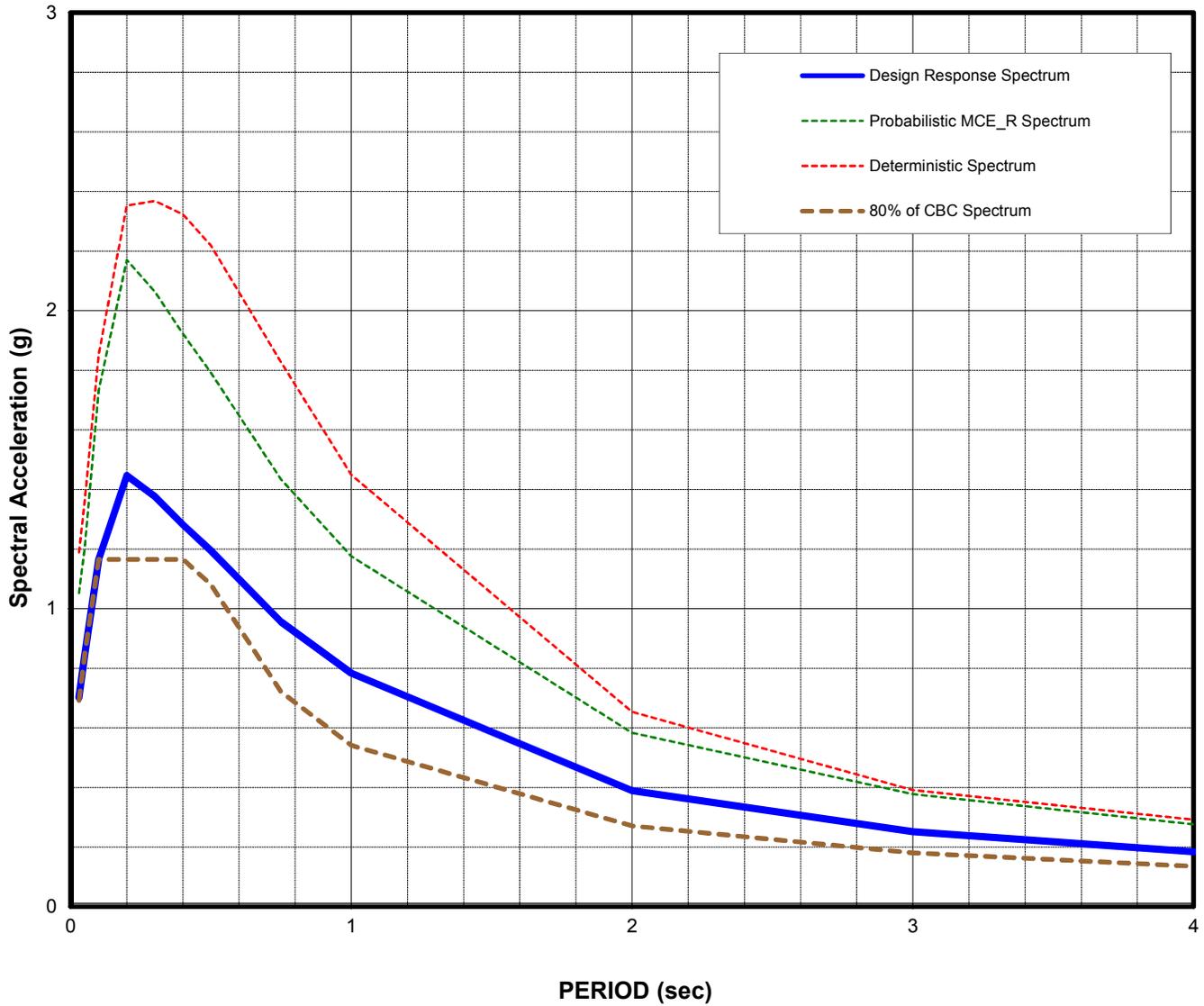
Spectral Period (sec)	2% in 50yr Probabilistic Spectral Acceleration (g)			
0.40	1.894	1.854	1.785	2.027
0.50	1.764	1.737	1.702	1.851
0.75	1.406	1.418	1.357	1.442
1.00	1.149	1.136	1.119	1.193
2.00	0.570	0.601	0.569	0.535
3.00	0.369	0.398	0.371	0.330
4.00	0.270	0.286	0.283	0.234

Applicable response spectra data are presented in the table below and on Drawing No. 11, *Site-Specific Design Response Spectrum*. These curves correspond to response values obtained from above attenuation relations for horizontal elastic single-degree-of-freedom systems with equivalent viscous damping of 5 percent of critical damping.

**Table No. 5, Site Specific Response Spectrum Data**

Period (sec)	2% in 50yr Probabilistic Spectral Acceleration (g)	Risk Coefficient $C_R$	Probabilistic $MCE_R$ Spectral Acceleration (g)	84th Percentile Deterministic MCE Response Spectra, (g)	Deterministic CBC Lower Level, (g)	Site Specific $MCE_R$ Spectral Acceleration (g)	80% CBC Design Response Spectrum	Site Specific Design Spectral Acceleration (g)
0.03	1.040	1.012	1.052	1.189	0.260	1.052	0.692	<b>0.70</b>
0.05	1.187	1.012	1.201	1.358	0.433	1.201	0.843	<b>0.84</b>
0.10	1.712	1.012	1.733	1.854	0.865	1.733	1.165	<b>1.17</b>
0.20	2.144	1.012	2.170	2.353	1.500	2.170	1.165	<b>1.45</b>
0.30	2.036	1.013	2.063	2.368	1.500	2.063	1.165	<b>1.38</b>
0.40	1.894	1.015	1.922	2.323	1.500	1.922	1.165	<b>1.28</b>
0.50	1.764	1.016	1.792	2.219	1.500	1.792	1.082	<b>1.19</b>
0.75	1.406	1.020	1.434	1.827	1.040	1.434	0.721	<b>0.96</b>
1.00	1.149	1.023	1.175	1.449	0.780	1.175	0.541	<b>0.78</b>
2.00	0.570	1.023	0.583	0.653	0.390	0.583	0.270	<b>0.39</b>
3.00	0.369	1.023	0.377	0.391	0.260	0.377	0.180	<b>0.25</b>
4.00	0.270	1.023	0.276	0.292	0.195	0.276	0.135	<b>0.18</b>

The site-specific design response parameters are provided in the following table. These parameters were determined from Design Response Spectra presented in table above, and following guidelines of ASCE Section 21.4.



Note: Calculated using EZFRISK program Risk Engineering, version 7.62 and USGS 2008 fault model database.

**SITE-SPECIFIC DESIGN RESPONSE SPECTRUM**

Mt. SAC Transit Center Parking Lot S  
 1100 N. Grand Avenue, Walnut, CA 91789  
 For : Mt. San Antonio College

Project Number:  
 17-31-247-01



**Converse Consultants**

Drawing No.

11

**Table No. 6, Site-Specific Seismic Design Parameters**

Parameter	Value (5% Damping)	Lower Limit, 80% of CBC Design Spectra
Site-Specific 0.2-Second Period Spectral Response Acceleration, $S_{MS}$	2.170	1.748
Site-Specific 1-Second Period Spectral Response Acceleration, $S_{M1}$	1.175	0.811
Site-Specific Design Spectral Response Acceleration for Short Period, $S_{DS}$	1.446	1.165
Site-Specific Design Spectral Response Acceleration for 1-Second Period, $S_{D1}$	0.784	0.541

## 7.0 GEOTECHNICAL EVALUATIONS AND CONCLUSIONS

Based on the results of our background review, subsurface exploration, laboratory testing, geotechnical analyses, and understanding of the planned site re-development, it is our opinion that the proposed project is feasible from a geotechnical standpoint, provided the following conclusions and recommendations are incorporated into the project plans, specifications, and are followed during site construction.

The following is a summary of the major geologic and geotechnical factors to be considered for the planned project:

- There are no known active faults projecting toward or extending across the proposed site. The project site is not located within a currently designated State of California Earthquake Fault Zone (formerly Alquist-Priolo Special Studies Zones) for surface fault rupture.
- The site is located within a mapped Seismic Hazard Zone for liquefaction. Liquefaction analyses were performed for the upper 50 feet below ground surface utilizing BH-3 and CPT-8. Based on the results of liquefaction analyses indicate the project site is susceptible to liquefaction. The estimated potential liquefaction induced settlement is on the order of 2.88 inches with potential differential settlement of 1.44 inches.
- Local zones of groundwater seepage and groundwater were encountered during subsurface exploration at depths ranging from approximately 23 feet bgs in boring BH-3 to approximately 36.8 feet bgs in BH-7. Groundwater and groundwater seepage should be anticipated during deep excavations.
- Shallow spread and continuous footings are considered suitable for structure support provided the recommendations in this report are incorporated into the project plans, specifications, and are followed during site construction.
- Variable thickness undocumented fill soils were encountered in the borings. The undocumented fill is not considered suitable for any slab or foundation support.
- Based on the proposed plan, cut-and-fill grading operations are required to achieve the planned finished grades.
- Over-excavation and re-compaction of the undocumented fill soils and upper alluvium is recommended for site grading to provide a compacted fill blanket beneath the building foundations and floor slab. The over-excavation and re-compaction is recommended to extend from approximately 7-feet to 10-feet below ground surface and 10-feet beyond the edge of the parking structure foundations. A geofabric reinforcement layer is recommended at the bottom of the deeper 10-foot over-

excavation to reduce differential settlements between the underlying alluvium and shallow sedimentary bedrock areas.

- Different earth materials should be anticipated at the bottom of excavations. In order to provide a relative uniform bearing material below shallow foundations, over-excavation and re-compaction of existing alluvium and bedrock below the bottom of foundations and slab-on-grades are recommended. We recommend the spread foundations and slab-on-grades be supported on a minimum 5-foot thick layer of compacted fill that is benched into native earth materials.
- The undocumented fills and natural granular soils consisting of silty sands should be segregated, stockpiled and saved during excavation for later reuse beneath the footings and floor slab to prevent mixing with the underlying fine-grained, potentially expansive, silts and clays.
- On-site clayey soils with an expansion index exceeding 20 should not be re-used for compaction within 2 feet below the proposed foundations or for retaining wall backfill. Soils containing organic materials should not be used as structural fill. The extent of removal should be determined by the geotechnical representative based on soil observation during grading.
- Site soils have “negligible” concentrations of water soluble sulfates.
- In general, the pH value, chloride content, and saturated resistivity of the site soils are in the non-corrosive range. However, the saturated resistivity of samples taken at BH-4 indicates a “Corrosive” potential to ferrous metals.
- The earth materials at the site should be excavatable with conventional heavy-duty earth moving and trenching equipment. The on-site materials contain about 5 to 10 percent gravel up to 3 inches in maximum dimension. Larger gravels, cobbles and possible boulders may exist at the site. Localized areas of harder, cemented and resistant bedrock units and layers may be encountered in the excavation and should be anticipated. Earthwork should be performed with suitable equipment for gravelly materials and for hard, cemented, bedrock materials.
- The planned structure might have different structure heights and foundation elevations. Differential vertical and lateral deflections between structures should be anticipated. We recommend cold joints on slabs and walls at the transition between structures or where needed determined by the structural engineer should be constructed.

## **8.0 EARTHWORK AND SITE GRADING RECOMMENDATIONS**

### **8.1 General Evaluation**

Based on our field exploration, laboratory testing, and analyses of subsurface conditions at the site, remedial grading is required to prepare the site for support of the proposed parking structure. The subject site has slight slope to the southwest. It is anticipated that the site preparation will include over-excavation and re-compaction of the upper earth materials. To reduce potential differential settlements, variations in the soil types, degree of compaction, and thickness of the compacted fill, the thickness of compacted fill placed underneath the footings should be kept uniform. A geofabric reinforcement layer is recommended at the bottom of the deeper 10-foot depths of over-excavation to reduce differential between the underlying alluvium and shallow sedimentary bedrock areas.

Site grading recommendations provided below are based on our experience with similar projects in the area and our evaluation of this investigation.

Site preparation will require removal of existing pavements, structures, footings, slabs, sidewalks, curbs, trees and other improvements with their foundations and existing underground structures, vaults and utility lines. Buried electrical and communication main lines cross the parking lot to provide service to the south end of the campus and will have to be properly relocated. Top soils containing organic rich materials are not acceptable for reuse as compacted fill soils beneath the parking structure footings and floor slab.

The site soils can be excavated utilizing conventional heavy-duty earth-moving equipment. The excavated site soils, free of vegetation, shrub and debris, may be placed as compacted fill in structural areas after proper processing. The upper undocumented fill soils and natural granular soils consisting of silty sands should be segregated, stockpiled and saved during excavation for later reuse beneath the footings and floor slabs to prevent mixing with the underlying fine-grained, potentially expansive, silts and clays. Rocks larger than three (3) inches in the largest dimension should not be placed as fill. Rocks larger than one (1) inch should not be placed within the upper 12 inches of subgrade soils.

On-site clay and silt soils and with an expansion index exceeding 20 should not be re-used for compaction within 2 feet below the proposed foundations, floor slabs or for retaining wall backfill. Soils containing organic materials should not be used as structural fill. The extent of removal should be determined by the geotechnical representative based on soil observations made during grading.

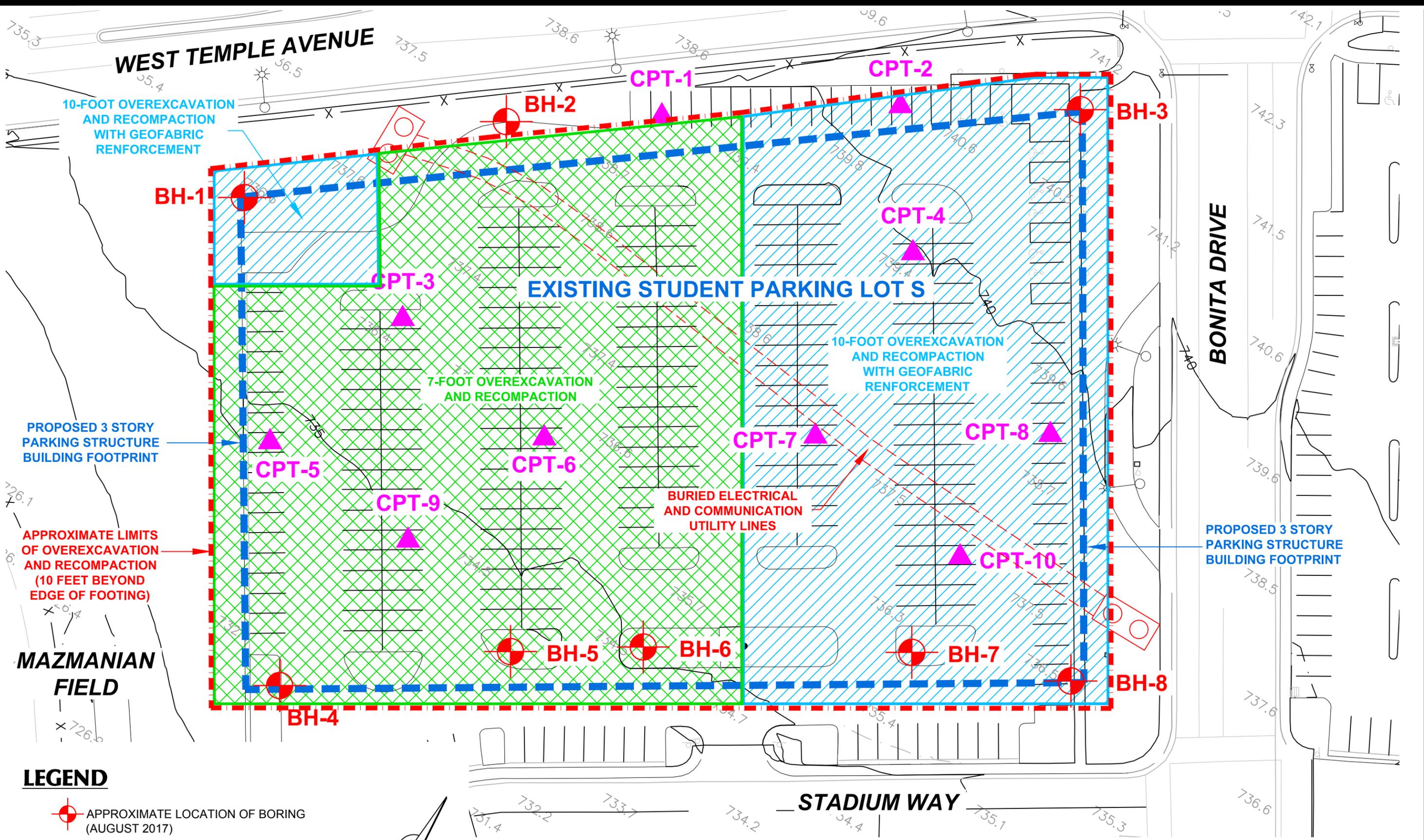
### **8.2 Over-Excavation/Removal**

Over-excavation and re-compaction of the undocumented fill soils, upper alluvium and sedimentary bedrock is recommended for site grading to provide a minimum 5-foot thick

layer of compacted fill beneath the bottom of the building foundations and floor slabs. Different earth materials will be encountered at the bottom of the excavations. In order to provide a relative uniform bearing material below parking structure foundations and floor slabs, and reduce differential settlements between the underlying alluvium and shallow sedimentary bedrock earth materials, over-excavation and re-compaction below the foundations and slab-on-grades is recommended. The over-excavation and re-compaction should extend approximately 7-feet to 10-feet below ground surface and 10-feet beyond the edge of the parking structure foundations. Drawing No.12, *Recommended Limits of Over-excavation and Re-compaction with Geofabric Reinforcement*, shows the approximate limits and depths of over-excavation and re-compaction for the proposed parking structure. A geofabric reinforcement layer (Mirafi HP 570 or equivalent) is recommended at the bottom of the deeper 10-foot depths of over-excavation to reduce potential differential settlements between the underlying alluvium and shallow bedrock areas.

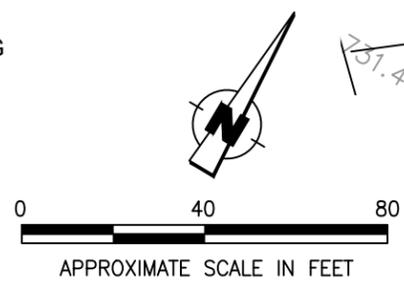
The bottom and edges of the excavations shall be cleaned, squared-off and leveled. If loose, soft, disturbed or otherwise unsuitable soil materials are encountered at the bottom of excavations, deeper removals will be required until firm and unyielding native soils are encountered. The final bottom surfaces and limits of all excavations shall be observed and approved by the project geotechnical engineer or his representative prior to placing compacted fill. The bottoms should be proof rolled with a loaded, heavy, rubber tired piece of grading equipment to identify any remaining loose or soft bottom areas. The bottom of excavation shall be observed, evaluated and approved during grading to determine that suitable firm and unyielding soils have been encountered. The exposed bottom shall then be scarified 6-8 inches in depth, mixed, moisture conditioned or dried back as necessary, and compacted to 90% relative maximum dry density compaction prior to smoothing and leveling for placement of the bottom geosynthetic reinforcement layer.

A geofabric reinforcement layer consisting of Mirafi HP 570 or equivalent, shall be placed across the prepared bottom of the deeper 10-foot depths of over-excavation as shown on Drawing No.12, *Recommended Limits of Over-Excavation and Re-compaction with Geofabric Reinforcement*. The bottom layer of Mirafi HP 570 geotextile reinforcement, or equivalent, shall be laid across the prepared soil subgrade in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and project specifications. A minimum 1-foot side-to-side overlap should be provided for each fabric layer in accordance with project and manufacturer's specifications. An approximately 2-inch thick layer of moisture conditioned fill should be placed between the overlapping geotextile fabric layers to increase friction resistance between the overlapping sections of geotextile fabric. The installation should be observed and documented by the geotechnical engineer or his designated representative prior to backfill grading. Once placement of the geotextile reinforcement layers have been observed and documented by the geotechnical engineer or his designated representative, moisture conditioned backfill soils can be carefully placed, spread smoothed and level over the geotextile reinforcement layer without disturbing the geotextile layers or their positions. The remaining fill soils should then be placed, mixed, moisture conditioned and compacted to 90% relative compaction in 6-inch to 8-inch lifts



**LEGEND**

-  APPROXIMATE LOCATION OF BORING (AUGUST 2017)
-  APPROXIMATE LOCATION OF CPT (SEPTEMBER 2017)



**RECOMMENDED LIMITS OF OVEREXCAVATION AND RECOMPACTION WITH GEOFABRIC REINFORCEMENT**

and compacted in accordance with project specifications to bring the fill soils up to plan grades.

We recommend a minimum 5 feet of onsite soils and bedrock below the bottom of foundations and floor slabs should be removed, moisture-conditioned if necessary and replaced as compacted fill for parking structure. All undocumented fill should be removed and replaced with compacted fill.

The excavations to remove undocumented fills, alluvium and bedrock to proposed subgrade levels should be extended to ten (10) feet laterally beyond the building limits and appendages where space is available. All loose, soft or disturbed earth materials should be removed from the bottom of excavations before placing structural fill. Thickness of compacted fill underneath the buildings should not vary significantly. After the required removals have been made, the exposed native earth materials shall be excavated to provide a minimum 5-foot thick zone of structural fill for the support of footings, slabs-on-grade, and exterior flatwork.

For retaining walls, we recommend over-excavation be at least 5 feet below existing grade and 2 feet laterally beyond the foot prints, where space is available.

The exposed bottom of the over-excavation area should be scarified at least 6 inches, moisture conditioned as needed to near-optimum moisture content, and compacted to 90 percent relative compaction. Over-excavation should not undermine adjacent off-site improvements. Remedial grading should not extend within a projected 1:1 (horizontal to vertical) plane projected down from the outer edge of adjacent off-site improvements. If loose, yielding soil conditions are encountered at the excavation bottom, the following options can be considered:

- a. Over-excavate until reach firm bottom.
- b. Scarify or over-excavate additional 18 inches deep, and then place at least 18-inch-thick compacted base material (CAB or equivalent) to bridge the soft bottom. Base should be compacted to 90% relative compaction.
- c. Over-excavate additional 18 inches deep, and then place a layer of geofabric i.e. Mirafi HP570, X600 or equivalent), place 18-inch-thick compacted base material (CAB or equivalent) to bridge the soft bottom. Base should be compacted to 90% relative compaction. An additional layer of geofabric may be needed on top of base depending on the actual site conditions.

The actual depth of removal should be based on recommendations and observation made during grading by the project geotechnical engineer or his designated representative. Therefore, some variations in the depth and lateral extent of over-excavation recommended in this report should be anticipated.

Site grading may result in transition lines with cut and/or fill conditions. This transition line would require special grading considerations. Detailed site grading recommendations are provided in the following sections.

### **8.3 Structural Fill**

The approved bottom of the excavations should be scarified to a depth of at least six (6) inches. The scarified soils should be moisture conditioned and mixed to within three (3) percent of optimum moisture content for granular soils and to approximately three (3) percent above the optimum content to near-optimum moisture content for the fine-grained soils. Scarified soil shall be compacted to a minimum 90 percent of the laboratory maximum dry density as determined by the ASTM Standard D1557 test method to produce a firm and unyielding surface.

All structural fill should be placed on competent, scarified and compacted native materials as determined by a geotechnical engineer or his designated representative and in accordance with the specifications presented in this section.

Excavated site soils, free of deleterious materials and rock fragments larger than three (3) inches in the largest dimension, should be suitable for placement as compacted fill. Any import fill should be tested and approved by Converse. The import fill should have an expansion potential less than 20.

Prior to compaction, fill materials should be thoroughly mixed and moisture conditioned when necessary, within three (3) percent of the optimum moisture for granular soils and at approximately three (3) percent above the optimum moisture for fine-grained soils. All fill, if not specified otherwise elsewhere in this report, should be compacted to at least 90 percent of the laboratory dry density in accordance with the ASTM Standard D1557 test method. The amount of processing required for proper moisture conditioning and mixing at the site will depend on the seasonal variations in the in-situ moisture conditions, the depth of cut, the equipment, weather and the processing method.

Fill exceeding five (5) feet in height shall not be placed on native slopes that are steeper than 5:1 horizontal:vertical (H:V). Where native slopes are steeper than 5:1 H:V, and the height of the fill is greater than five (5) feet, the fill shall be keyed and benched into competent materials. The height and width of the benches shall be at least two (2) feet.

### **8.4 Excavatability**

Based on our field exploration, the earth materials at the site should be excavatable with conventional heavy-duty earth moving and trenching equipment. The onsite materials contain about 5 to 30 percent gravels up to 3 inches in maximum dimension. Larger gravels, cobbles and possible boulders may exist at the site. The sandstone pebble conglomerate bedrock materials are cemented and moderately hard to hard. The excavation and rippability of these hard bedrock materials will be more difficult and should

be anticipated during grading. Many of the soil borings drilled for the project site encountered difficult drilling and/or refusal in the sandstone and conglomerate bedrock materials along the south half of the project site. Standard Penetration Tests (SPT) blow counts in the sandstone and conglomerate bedrock materials were high and often times met refusal to sampler penetrations. Boring Nos. BH-4, BH-5, BH-6, BH-7 and BH-8 encountered refusal to sampler penetration and drilling penetration in hard sedimentary bedrock materials at shallow depths along the southern side of the project site. Localized areas of very hard bedrock requiring single shank ripping or hydraulic breakers should be anticipated. Directional ripping and downsizing breakers may be required in cemented sandstone and conglomerate beds. Earthwork should be performed with suitable equipment for gravelly materials and for hard and cemented bedrock materials.

## **8.5 Expansive Soil**

Based on our laboratory testing results, the on-site fine-grained silt and clay earth materials are considered to have a low to moderate expansion potential. Medium to high expansion potential in fine-grained silt and clay materials may be anticipated. The on-site soil materials will be mixed during the grading and the expansion potential might change. Therefore, the expansion potential of site soils should be verified after the grading as slabs, foundations and pavement placed directly on expansive subgrade soil will likely crack over time.

To mitigate the expansive soils, on-site clayey soils with an Expansion Index higher than 20 should not be re-used for compaction within 2 feet below the proposed foundations, floor slabs or for retaining wall backfill. The extent of removal should be determined by the geotechnical representative based on soil observation during grading.

There are several alternative mitigation measures that can be utilized to improve expansive soils at the site. Some mitigation measures include:

- Removing about two (2) feet of the underlying soils throughout the site, and replacing with imported non-expansive sandy soil materials.
- Reinforce footings and place thicker concrete slabs with moisture barriers.
- Lime treat the upper two (2) feet of the subgrade soils.

## **8.6 Shrinkage and Subsidence**

The shrinkage and/or bulkage would depend on, among other factors, the depth of cut and/or fill, and the grading method and equipment utilized. For preliminary estimation, bulking and shrinkage factors for various units of earth material at the site may be taken as presented below:

- The approximate shrinkage factor for the upper ten (10) feet of alluvial soils is estimated to range from ten (10) to twenty (20) percent.
- Subsidence would depend on the construction methods including type of equipment utilized. For estimation purposes, ground subsidence may be taken as 0.20 feet.

Although these values are only approximate, they represent our best estimates of the factors to be used to calculate lost volume that may occur during grading. If more accurate shrinkage and subsidence factors are needed, it is recommended that field-testing using the actual equipment and grading techniques be conducted.

## **8.7 Subgrade Preparation**

Final subgrade soils for structures and streets should be uniform and non-yielding. To obtain a uniform subgrade, soils should be well mixed and uniformly compacted. The subgrade soils should be non-expansive and well-drained. The near-surface site soils should be free draining. We recommend that at least the upper two (2) inches of subgrade soils underneath the slab-on-grade should be comprised of well-drained granular soils such as sands, gravel or crushed aggregate satisfying the following criteria:

- Maximum size  $\leq$  0.5 inches
- Percent passing U.S. #200 sieve  $\leq$  12 percent
- Sand equivalent  $\geq$  30

The subgrade soils should be moisture conditioned before placing concrete.

The various design recommendations provided in this section are based on the assumptions that in preparing the site, the earthwork and site grading recommendations provided in this report will be followed. The proposed buildings may be supported by shallow continuous and isolated square footings.

## 9.0 DESIGN RECOMMENDATIONS

### 9.1 Shallow Foundations

#### 9.1.1 Vertical Capacity

Continuous and square footings should be founded at least 24 inches below lowest adjacent final grade on the recommended earth materials. A minimum footing width of 24 inches is recommended for continuous and square footings. The net allowable dead plus live load bearing value for isolated square and continuous footings is 2,500 psf. The net allowable bearing pressure can be increased by 400 psf for each additional foot of excavation depth and width up to a maximum value of 4,000 psf.

The net allowable bearing values indicated above are for the dead loads and frequently applied live loads and are obtained by applying a factor of safety of 3.0 to the net ultimate bearing capacity.

#### 9.1.2 Lateral Capacity

Resistance to lateral loads can be provided by friction acting at the base of the foundation and by passive earth pressure. A coefficient of friction of 0.35 may be assumed with normal dead load forces. An allowable passive earth pressure of 250 psf per foot of depth up to a maximum of 2,500 psf may be used for footings poured against properly compacted fill or undisturbed stiff natural soils. The values of coefficient of friction and allowable passive earth pressure include a factor of safety of 1.5.

#### 9.1.3 Settlement

The static settlement of structures supported on continuous and/or spread footings founded on compacted fill will depend on the actual footing dimensions and the imposed vertical loads. Most of the footing settlement at the project site is expected to occur immediately after the application of the load. Based on the maximum allowable net bearing pressures presented above, static settlement is anticipated to be less than 1.0 inch. Differential settlement is expected to be up to one-half of the total settlement over a 30-foot span.

#### 9.1.4 Dynamic Increases

Bearing values indicated above are for total dead load and frequently applied live loads. The above vertical bearing may be increased by 33% for short durations of loading which will include the effect of wind or seismic forces. The allowable passive pressure may be increased by 33% for lateral loading due to wind or seismic forces.

## 9.2 Modulus of Subgrade Reaction

For the subject project, design of the structures supported on compacted fill subgrade prepared in accordance with the recommendations provided in this report may be based on a soil modulus of subgrade reaction of ( $k_s$ ) of 150 pounds per square inch per inch.

## 9.3 Lateral Earth Pressure

The proposed retaining walls are anticipated to be up to 25 feet in height. The earth pressure behind any buried wall depends primarily on the allowable wall movement, type of backfill materials, backfill slopes, wall inclination, surcharges, and any hydrostatic pressure. The following fluid pressures are recommended for vertical walls with no hydrostatic pressure, no surcharge, and level backfill.

**Table No. 7, Lateral Earth Pressures for Retaining Wall Design**

Wall Type	Equivalent Fluid Pressure (pcf)
	Level Backfill
Cantilever Wall (Active pressure)	30 (Triangular Distribution)
Restrained Wall (At-rest pressure)	50 (Triangular Distribution)

The recommended lateral pressures assume that the walls are fully back-drained to prevent build-up of hydrostatic pressure. Adequate drainage could be provided by means of permeable drainage materials wrapped in filter fabric installed behind the walls. The drainage system should consist of perforated pipe surrounded by free draining, uniformly graded, ¾ -inch washed, permeable aggregate material, and wrapped in filter fabric such as Mirafi 140N or equivalent, and should extend to about 2 feet below the finished grade. The filter fabric should overlap approximately 12 inches or more at the joints. The subdrain pipe should consist of perforated, four-inch diameter, Schedule 40 PVC or rigid ABS (SDR-35), or equivalent, with perforations placed down. Alternatively, a prefabricated drainage composite system such as the Miradrain G100N or equivalent can be used. The subdrain should be connected to surface drain or sump pump.

In addition, walls with inclined backfill should be designed for an additional equivalent fluid pressure of one (1) pound per cubic foot for every two (2) degrees of slope inclination. Walls subjected to surcharge loads located within a distance equal to the height of the wall should be designed for an additional uniform lateral pressure equal to one-third or one-half the anticipated surcharge load for unrestrained or restrained walls, respectively. These values are applicable for backfill placed between the wall stem and an imaginary plane rising 45 degrees from below the edge (heel) of the wall footings.

Cantilever retaining walls greater than 12 feet, as measured from the surface, should be designed to resist additional earth pressure caused by seismic ground shaking. A dynamic earth pressure of 18H (psf), based on an inverted triangular distribution, can be used for design of wall.

## 9.4 Slabs-on-Grade

Slabs-on-grade should have a minimum thickness of five inches for support of nominal ground-floor live loads without hydrostatic uplift pressures. Minimum reinforcement for slabs-on-grade should be No. 3 reinforcing bars, spaced at 18 inches on-center each way. The thickness and reinforcement of more heavily-loaded slabs will be dependent upon the anticipated loads and should be designed by a structural engineer.

Slabs should be designed and constructed as promulgated by the American Concrete Institute (ACI) and the Portland Cement Association (PCA). Prior to the slab pour, all utility trenches should be properly backfilled and compacted. Care should be taken during concrete placement to avoid slab curling.

In areas where a moisture-sensitive floor covering (such as vinyl tile or carpet) is used, slabs should be protected by at least a 10-mil-thick moisture barrier between the slab and compacted subgrade that meets the performance criteria of ASTM E 1745 Class A material. Polyethylene sheets should be overlapped a minimum of six inches, and should be taped or otherwise sealed.

## 9.5 Soil Corrosivity Evaluation

Converse retained the Environmental Geotechnology Laboratory, Inc., located in Arcadia, California, to test one (1) selected soil sample taken in the general area of the proposed structures. The tests included minimum resistivity, pH, soluble sulfates, and chloride content, with the results summarized on the following table:

**Table No. 8, Soil Corrosivity Test Results**

Boring No.	Sample Depth (feet)	pH (Caltrans 643)	Soluble Chlorides (Caltrans 422) ppm	Soluble Sulfate (Caltrans 417) (%)	Saturated Resistivity (Caltrans 532) Ohm-cm
BH-4	10	8.17	115	0.006	2,100

Based on our review of soil corrosivity test results (see Appendix B), the soluble sulfate concentration, pH, and chloride content are not in the corrosive range to concrete in accordance with the Caltrans Corrosive Guidelines (2012). However, the minimum saturated resistivity is in the corrosive range to ferrous metal. Protections of underground metal pipe should be considered. Since the soluble sulfate concentrations tested for this project are less than 2,000 ppm in the soil, mitigation measures to protect concrete in contact with the soils are not anticipated. Type I or II Portland Cement may be used for the construction of the foundations and slabs.

The test results presented herein are considered preliminary. Additional testing and evaluation of the as-graded soils is recommended. A corrosion engineer may be

consulted for appropriate mitigation procedures and construction design, if needed. Conventional corrosion mitigation measures may include the following:

- Steel and wire concrete reinforcement should have at least three inches of concrete cover where cast against soil, unformed. Below-grade ferrous metals should be given a high-quality protective coating, such as 18-mil plastic tape, extruded polyethylene, coal-tar enamel, or Portland cement mortar.
- Below-grade metals should be electrically insulated (isolated) from above-grade metals by means of dielectric fittings in ferrous utilities and/or exposed metal structures breaking grade.

## 9.6 Flexible Pavement

The flexible pavement structural section design recommendations were performed in accordance with the method contained in the *CALTRANS Highway Design Manual*, Chapter 630 without the factor of safety. No specific traffic study was performed to determine the Traffic Index (TI) for the proposed project, therefore a wide range of TI values were evaluated.

Due to various earth materials encountered at the site, flexible pavement structural section recommendations are prepared for both subgrade soils. We recommend that the project structural engineer consider the traffic loading conditions at various locations and select the appropriate pavement sections from the following table:

**Table No. 9, Flexible Pavement Structural Sections**

Design R-value	Design TI	Asphalt Concrete (AC) Over Aggregate Base (AB) Structural Sections		Full AC Structural Section
		AC (inches)	AB (inches)	AC (inches)
46	4	3.0	4.5	5.0
	5	4.0	4.5	5.0
	6	5.0	4.5	6.5
	7	6.0	4.5	8.0
	8	7.0	4.5	8.0
	9	8.0	4.5	9.5

Base material shall conform to requirements for Crushed Miscellaneous Base (CMB) or equivalent and should be placed in accordance with the requirements of the Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction (SSPWC, latest Edition).

Asphaltic materials should conform to Section 203-1, "Paving Asphalt," of the Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction (SSPWC, latest Edition) and should be

placed in accordance with Section 302-5, "Asphalt Concrete Pavement," of the SSPWC, 2012 edition.

Positive drainage should be provided away from all pavement areas to prevent seepage of surface and/or subsurface water into the pavement base and/or subgrade.

## 9.7 Rigid Pavement

Rigid pavement design recommendations were provided in accordance with the Portland Cement Association's (PCA) Southwest Region Publication P-14, *Portland Cement Concrete Pavement (PCCP) for Light, Medium, and Heavy Traffic*. We recommend that the project structural engineer consider the loading conditions at various locations and select the appropriate pavement sections from the following table:

**Table No. 10, Rigid Pavement Structural Sections**

Design R-Value	Design Traffic Index (TI)	PCCP Pavement Section (inches)
46	5.0	6.50
	6.0	6.50
	7.0	7.00
	8.0	7.00
	9.0	7.25

The pavement sections presented in the table are based on a minimum 28-day Modulus of Rupture (M-R) of 550 psi and a compressive strength of 3,000 psi. The third point method of testing beams should be used to evaluate modulus of rupture. The concrete mix design should contain a minimum cement content of 5.5 sacks per cubic yard. Recommended maximum and minimum values of slump for pavement concrete are three (3) inches and one (1) inch, respectively.

Transverse contraction joints should not be spaced more than 15 feet and should be cut to a depth of ¼ the thickness of the slab. Longitudinal joints should not be spaced more than 12 feet apart. A longitudinal joint is not necessary in the pavement adjacent to the curb and gutter section.

All outside edges should conform to Section 201 of the Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction (SSPWC, latest edition), and should be constructed in accordance with Section 302-6 of the SSPWC. Pavement subgrade should be prepared in accordance with Section 9.7 of this report.

The PCCP materials should conform to Section 201 of the Specifications for Public Works Construction and should be constructed in accordance with Section 302-6 of the SSPWC.

Positive drainage should be provided away from all pavement areas to prevent seepage of surface and/or subsurface water into the pavement base and/or subgrade.

## **9.8 Site Drainage**

Adequate positive drainage should be provided away from the structures to prevent ponding and to reduce percolation of water into structural backfill. We recommend that the landscape area immediately adjacent to the foundation shall be designed sloped away from the building with a minimum 5% slope gradient for at least 10 feet measured perpendicular to the face of the wall. Impervious surfaces within 10 feet of the building foundation shall be sloped a minimum of 2 percent away from the building per 2016 CBC.

Planters and landscaped areas adjacent to the building perimeter should be designed to minimize water infiltration into the subgrade soils. Gutters and downspouts should be installed on the roof, and runoff should be directed to the storm drain through non-erosive devices. Lower level walkways and open patio areas may require special drainage provisions and sump pumps to provide suitable drainage.

## 10.0 CONSTRUCTION RECOMMENDATIONS

### 10.1 General

Site soils should be excavatable using conventional heavy-duty excavating equipment. Temporary sloped excavation is feasible if performed in accordance with the slope ratios provided in Section 11.2, *Temporary Excavations*. Existing utilities should be accurately located and either protected or removed as required. For steeper temporary construction slopes or deeper excavations, shoring should be provided by the contractor as necessary, to protect the workers in the excavation.

### 10.2 Temporary Excavations

Based on the materials encountered in the exploratory borings, sloped temporary excavations may be constructed according to the slope ratios presented in Table No. 11, *Slope Ratios for Temporary Excavation*. Any loose utility trench backfill or other fill encountered in excavations will be less stable than the native soils. Temporary cuts encountering loose fill or loose dry sand may have to be constructed at a flatter gradient than presented in the following table:

**Table No. 11, Slope Ratios for Temporary Excavation**

Maximum Depth of Cut (feet)	Maximum Slope Ratio* (horizontal: vertical)
0 – 5	vertical
5 – 10	1:1
10 +	1.5:1

\*Slope ratio assumed to be uniform from top to toe of slope.

Surfaces exposed in slope excavations should be kept moist but not saturated to retard raveling and sloughing during construction. Adequate provisions should be made to protect the slopes from erosion during periods of rainfall. Surcharge loads, including construction, should not be placed within five (5) feet of the unsupported trench edge. The above maximum slopes are based on a maximum height of six (6) feet of stockpiled soils placed at least five (5) feet from the trench edge.

For steeper temporary construction slopes or deeper excavations, shoring should be provided by the contractor as necessary, to protect the workers in the excavation.

All applicable requirements of the California Construction and General Industry Safety Orders, the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1987 and current amendments, and the Construction Safety Act should be met. The soils exposed in cuts should be observed during excavation by the project's geotechnical consultant. If potentially unstable soil conditions are encountered, modifications of slope ratios for temporary cuts may be required.

If the excavation occurs near existing structures, special construction considerations would be required during excavation to protect these existing structures during construction. The proposed excavation should not cause loss of bearing and/or lateral supports of the existing structures.

### **10.3 Shoring Design**

Temporary shoring will be required for the recommended excavation due to space limitations and property line boundaries and because of nearby existing structures or facilities and traffic loading. Temporary shoring may consist of the use of a trench box (where feasible), or conventional soldier piles and lagging. Shoring should ultimately be designed by a qualified structural engineer considering the recommendations below in their final design and others which are applicable.

Drilled excavations for soldier piles, which are recommended to create the proposed 40-foot-high excavation, may require the use of drilling fluids to prevent caving and to maintain an opened hole for pile installation. Casing may be needed if granular earth material is located behind the existing retaining wall.

#### **10.3.1 Cantilevered Shoring**

Cantilevered shoring systems may include soldier piles with lagging to maintain temporary support of vertical wall excavations. Shoring design must consider the support of adjacent underground utilities and/or structures, and should consider the effects of shoring deflection on supported improvements. Due to sandy nature of on-site soils, some caving during the drilling of soldier-pile borings should be anticipated. A soldier pile system will require continuous lagging to control caving and sloughing in the excavation between soldier piles.

Temporary cantilevered shoring should be designed to resist a lateral earth pressure equivalent to a fluid density of 32 pounds per cubic foot (pcf) for non-surcharged condition. This pressure is valid only for shoring retaining level ground. This equivalent fluid pressure is valid only for shoring supporting level ground.

In addition to the lateral earth pressure, surcharge pressures due to miscellaneous loads, such as soil stockpiles, vehicular traffic or construction equipment located adjacent to the shoring, should be included in the design of the shoring. A uniform lateral pressure of 100 psf should be included in the upper 10 feet of the shoring to account for normal vehicular and construction traffic within 10 feet of the trench excavation. Surcharge pressures from the existing structures should be added to the above earth pressures for surcharges within a horizontal distance less than or equal to the wall height. Surcharge coefficients of 50% of any uniform vertical surcharge should be added as a horizontal earth pressure for shoring design. All shoring should be designed and installed in accordance with state and federal safety regulations.

The minimum embedment depth for piles is ten (10) feet from the lowest adjacent grade into firm alluvium, below the bottom of the excavation. Vertical skin friction against soldier piles for may be taken as 350 psf. Fixity may be assumed at two (2) feet below the excavation into firm native alluvium or bedrock. For the design of soldier piles spaced at least 3.0 diameters on-center, the passive resistance of the soils adjacent to the piles may be assumed to be 300 psf per foot of embedment depth. Soldier pile members placed in drilled holes should be properly backfilled with a sand/cement slurry or lean concrete in order to develop the required passive resistance.

Caving soils should be anticipated between the piles. To limit local sloughing, caving soils can be supported by continuous lagging or guniting. The lagging between the soldier piles may consist of pressure-treated wood members or solid steel sheets. In our opinion, steel sheeting is expected to be more expedient than wood lagging to install. Although soldier piles and any bracing used should be designed for the full-anticipated earth pressures and surcharge pressures, the pressures on the lagging are less because of the effect of arching between the soldier piles. Accordingly, the lagging between the piles may be designed for a nominal pressure of up to a maximum of 350 psf. All lumber to be left in the ground should be treated in accordance with Section 204-2 of the "Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction" (Latest Edition).

### 10.3.2 Tie-Back Shoring

A tie-back soldier-pile shoring system may be used to maintain temporary support of deep vertical walled excavations. Braced or tied-back shoring, retaining a level ground surface, should be designed for a uniform pressure of  $20H$  psf, where  $H$  is the height of the retained cut in feet.

Surcharge pressures should be added to this earth pressure for surcharges within a distance from the top of the shoring less than or equal to the shoring height. A surcharge coefficient of 50 percent of any uniform vertical surcharge should be added as a horizontal shoring pressure for braced shoring. A uniform lateral pressure of 100 psf should be included in the upper 10 feet of the shoring to account for normal vehicular and construction traffic within 10 feet of the trench excavation.

#### Tie-Backs

For design of tie-back shoring, it should be assumed that the potential wedge of failure is determined by a plane at 30 degrees from the vertical, through the bottom of the excavation. Tie-back anchors may be installed at angles of 15 to 40 degrees below a horizontal plane. Tie-back installation and testing guidelines and procedures are presented in Appendix E, "*Guide Specifications for Installation and Acceptance of Tie-back Anchors*". Soil friction values, for estimating the allowable capacity of drilled friction anchors, may be computed using the following equation:

$$q = 40H ; \quad q \leq 500 \text{ pounds-per-square-foot (psf)}$$

where:

$H$  = average depth of anchor below ground surface, shown on  
Figure No. 12, *Schematic Tie-Back Design*

$q$  = anchor surface area resistance, in psf (excluding tip),

Only the frictional resistance developed beyond the assumed failure plane should be included in the tie-back design for resisting lateral loads. After shoring/tie-back is no longer needed to support the excavation, stress should be carefully released and shoring system including tieback may be able to be left in place.

All shoring and tie-back should be designed by experienced California licensed Civil Engineer and installed by experienced contractors. Shoring/tie-back design should also be reviewed by a geotechnical consultant to verify the soil parameters used in the design are in conformance with geotechnical report.

All applicable requirements of the California Construction and General Industry Safety Orders, the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1987 and current amendments, and the Construction Safety Act should be met. The soils exposed in cuts should be observed during excavation by a competent person employed by the contractor. If potentially unstable soil conditions are encountered, modifications of slope ratios for temporary cuts may be required.

It is recommended that Converse review plans and specifications for proposed shoring and that a Converse representative observes the installation of shoring. A licensed surveyor should be retained to establish monuments on shoring and the surrounding ground prior to excavation. Such monuments should be monitored for horizontal and vertical movement during construction. Results of the monitoring program should be provided immediately to the project Structural (shoring) Engineer and Converse for review and evaluation. Adjacent building elements should be photo-documented prior to construction.

## **11.0 PLAN REVIEW AND CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION SERVICES**

This report has been prepared to aid in evaluation of the site, to prepare site-grading recommendations, and to assist the civil/structural engineer in the design of the proposed developments. It is recommended that this office be provided the opportunity to provide final site grading and design recommendations once the final grading plan is available.

All site grading and earthwork should be completed under the observation and testing of a qualified geotechnical consultant to verify compliance with the recommendations set forth in this report. All ground surfaces should be examined and approved by the project geotechnical consultant prior to placing any fill and/or structure. All footing excavations should be observed prior to placement of steel and concrete to see that footings are founded on satisfactory compacted soils and that excavations are free of loose, disturbed or deleterious materials.

## 12.0 CLOSURE

The findings and recommendations of this report were prepared in accordance with generally accepted professional engineering and engineering geologic principles and practice. We make no other warranty, either expressed or implied. Our conclusions and recommendations are based on the results of the field and laboratory investigations, combined with an interpolation and extrapolation of soil conditions between and beyond boring locations. If conditions encountered during construction appear to be different from those shown by the borings, this office should be notified.

Design recommendations given in this report are based on the assumption that the earthwork and site grading recommendations contained in this report are implemented. Additional consultation may be prudent to interpret Converse's findings for contractors, or to possibly refine these recommendations based upon the review of the final site grading and actual site conditions encountered during construction. If the scope of the project changes, if project completion is to be delayed, or if the report is to be used for another purpose, this office should be consulted.

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# Appendix A

Field Exploration  
and  
Cone Penetration Test Data

## APPENDIX A: FIELD EXPLORATION

Our field investigation included a site reconnaissance of the site and a subsurface exploration program consisting of drilling soil borings and performing Cone Penetration Test (CPT) soundings. During the site reconnaissance on August 14, 2017, the surface conditions were noted and the locations of the borings were determined. The borings were located using existing boundary features as a guide and should be considered accurate only to the degree implied by the method used.

Eight (8) borings (BH-1 through BH-8) were drilled from August 16 to August 24, 2017, extending between depths of approximately 20.5 to 51.5 feet below the existing ground surface (bgs). The borings were advanced using a truck mounted drill rig with an 8-inch diameter hollow stem auger for soil sampling. Soils and bedrock were logged by a Converse engineer and classified in the field by visual examination in accordance with the Unified Soil Classification System. The field descriptions have been modified where appropriate to reflect the laboratory test results.

Ring samples of the subsurface materials were obtained at frequent intervals in the exploratory borings using a drive sampler (2.4-inches inside diameter and 3.0-inches outside diameter) lined with sample rings. The steel ring sampler was driven into the bottom of the borehole with successive drops of a 140-pound driving weight falling 30 inches, using an automatic hammer. Samples were retained in brass rings (2.4-inches inside diameter and 1.0-inch in height). The central portion of the sample was retained and carefully sealed in waterproof plastic containers for shipment to the Converse laboratory. Blow counts for each sample interval are presented on the logs of borings. Bulk samples of typical soil types were also obtained.

Standard Penetration Tests (SPT) were also performed using a standard (1.4-inches inside diameter and 2.0-inches outside diameter) split-barrel sampler. The mechanically driven hammer for the SPT sampler was 140 pounds, falling 30 inches for each blow. The recorded blow counts for every six inches for a total of 1.5 feet of sampler penetration are shown on the Logs of Borings in the "BLOWS" column. The standard penetration test was performed in accordance with the ASTM Standard D1586 test method. The soil retrieved from the spoon sampler was carefully sealed in waterproof plastic containers for shipment to the laboratory.

It should be noted that the exact depths at which material changes occur cannot always be established accurately. Changes in material conditions that occur between driven samples are indicated in the logs at the top of the next drive sample. A key to soil symbols and terms is presented as Drawing No. A-1, *Soil Classification Chart*. The logs of the exploratory boring are presented in Drawing Nos. A-2a through A-18b, *Log of Borings*.

The cone penetration testing (CPT) conducted for this project consisted of pushing an instrumented Vertek cone-tipped probe into the ground while simultaneously recording

the resistance to penetration at the cone tip and along the friction sleeve. The cone penetration testing described in this report was conducted in general accordance with the current ASTM specifications (ASTM D5778-95 and D3441-94) using an electronic cone penetrometer.

Ten (10) Cone Penetration Test soundings (CPT-1 through CPT-10) were advanced to depths of 8 to 42 feet below ground surface within the project site on September 6, 7, and 8<sup>th</sup>, 2017 by Kehoe Testing and Engineering using a 30-ton (4 axle) CPT rig. The test holes were stopped at plan depths or when the cone tip encountered refusal to penetration. CPT Nos. CPT-1, CPT-2, CPT-3, CPT-5, CPT-6, CPT-7, CPT-9 and CPT-10 encountered very dense / stiff soil and hard sedimentary bedrock conditions and were stopped short of their planned depths. The test holes were then backfilled with bentonite crumbles, periodically hydrated with clean water and tamped. The top portion of the test hole was then patched with asphalt patch and tamped to match existing pavement surfaces.

The Cone Penetration Test (CPT) test logs are presented at the end of Appendix A.

# SOIL CLASSIFICATION CHART

MAJOR DIVISIONS			SYMBOLS		TYPICAL DESCRIPTIONS	
			GRAPH	LETTER		
<b>COARSE GRAINED SOILS</b>  MORE THAN 50% OF MATERIAL IS LARGER THAN NO. 200 SIEVE SIZE	<b>GRAVEL AND GRAVELLY SOILS</b>  MORE THAN 50% OF COARSE FRACTION RETAINED ON NO. 4 SIEVE	<b>CLEAN GRAVELS</b>  (LITTLE OR NO FINES)		<b>GW</b>	WELL-GRADED GRAVELS, GRAVEL - SAND MIXTURES, LITTLE OR NO FINES	
				<b>GP</b>	POORLY-GRADED GRAVELS, GRAVEL - SAND MIXTURES, LITTLE OR NO FINES	
		<b>GRAVELS WITH FINES</b>  (APPRECIABLE AMOUNT OF FINES)		<b>GM</b>	SILTY GRAVELS, GRAVEL - SAND - SILT MIXTURES	
			<b>GC</b>	CLAYEY GRAVELS, GRAVEL - SAND - CLAY MIXTURES		
	<b>SAND AND SANDY SOILS</b>  MORE THAN 50% OF COARSE FRACTION PASSING ON NO. 4 SIEVE	<b>CLEAN SANDS</b>  (LITTLE OR NO FINES)		<b>SW</b>	WELL-GRADED SANDS, GRAVELLY SANDS, LITTLE OR NO FINES	
				<b>SP</b>	POORLY-GRADED SANDS, GRAVELLY SAND, LITTLE OR NO FINES	
		<b>SANDS WITH FINES</b>  (APPRECIABLE AMOUNT OF FINES)		<b>SM</b>	SILTY SANDS, SAND - SILT MIXTURES	
				<b>SC</b>	CLAYEY SANDS, SAND - CLAY MIXTURES	
		<b>FINE GRAINED SOILS</b>  MORE THAN 50% OF MATERIAL IS SMALLER THAN NO. 200 SIEVE SIZE	<b>SILTS AND CLAYS</b>  LIQUID LIMIT LESS THAN 50		<b>ML</b>	INORGANIC SILTS AND VERY FINE SANDS, ROCK FLOUR, SILTY OR CLAYEY FINE SANDS OR CLAYEY SILTS WITH SLIGHT PLASTICITY
					<b>CL</b>	INORGANIC CLAYS OF LOW TO MEDIUM PLASTICITY, GRAVELLY CLAYS, SANDY CLAYS, SILTY CLAYS, LEAN CLAYS
	<b>OL</b>			ORGANIC SILTS AND ORGANIC SILTY CLAYS OF LOW PLASTICITY		
<b>SILTS AND CLAYS</b>  LIQUID LIMIT GREATER THAN 50			<b>MH</b>	INORGANIC SILTS, MICACEOUS OR DIATOMACEOUS FINE SAND OR SILTY SOILS		
			<b>CH</b>	INORGANIC CLAYS OF HIGH PLASTICITY		
			<b>OH</b>	ORGANIC CLAYS OF MEDIUM TO HIGH PLASTICITY, ORGANIC SILTS		
<b>HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS</b>				<b>PT</b>	PEAT, HUMUS, SWAMP SOILS WITH HIGH ORGANIC CONTENTS	

NOTE: DUAL SYMBOLS ARE USED TO INDICATE BORDERLINE SOIL CLASSIFICATIONS

**SAMPLE TYPE**

- STANDARD PENETRATION TEST**  
Split barrel sampler in accordance with ASTM D-1586-84 Standard Test Method
- DRIVE SAMPLE** 2.42" I.D. sampler.
- DRIVE SAMPLE** No recovery
- BULK SAMPLE**
- GRAB SAMPLE**
- GROUNDWATER WHILE DRILLING**
- GROUNDWATER AFTER DRILLING**

**BORING LOG SYMBOLS**

LABORATORY TESTING ABBREVIATIONS		
<b>TEST TYPE</b>	<b>STRENGTH</b>	
(Results shown in Appendix B)	Pocket Penetrometer	p
	Direct Shear	ds
	Direct Shear (single point)	ds*
	Unconfined Compression	uc
	Triaxial Compression	tx
	Vane Shear	vs
<b>CLASSIFICATION</b>		
Plasticity	pi	
Grain Size Analysis	ma	
Passing No. 200 Sieve	wa	
Sand Equivalent	se	Consolidation
Expansion Index	ei	collapse Test
Compaction Curve	max	Resistance (R) Value
Hydrometer	h	Chemical Analysis
		Electrical Resistivity
		er

## UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION AND KEY TO BORING LOG SYMBOLS



**Converse Consultants**

Project Name  
**MT. SAN ANTONIO COLLEGE  
 PARKING LOT S  
 WALNUT, CALIFORNIA**

Project No.  
**17-31-247-01**

Figure No.  
**A-1**

# Log of Boring No. BH-1

Dates Drilled: 8/17/2017      Logged by: RAM      Checked By: MBS

Equipment: 8" HOLLOW STEM AUGER      Driving Weight and Drop: 140 lbs / 30 in

Ground Surface Elevation (ft): 737      Depth to Water (ft): 28

Depth (ft)	Graphic Log	SUMMARY OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS <small>This log is part of the report prepared by Converse for this project and should be read together with the report. This summary applies only at the location of the boring and at the time of drilling. Subsurface conditions may differ at other locations and may change at this location with the passage of time. The data presented is a simplification of actual conditions encountered.</small>	SAMPLES		BLOWS/6"	MOISTURE (%)	DRY UNIT WT. (pcf)	OTHER
			DRIVE	BULK				
5		<b>FILL (Af):</b> <b>SILTY SAND (SM):</b> gravel, brown.						ma
		<b>ALLUVIUM (Qal):</b> <b>SANDY SILT (ML):</b> with gravel, brown.			5/6/7	9	121	
10		<b>CLAYEY SAND (SC):</b> fine to medium-grained, fine trace gravels, dark brown.			4/6/5	9	107	ds
15		<b>BEDROCK-PUENTE FORMATION:</b> <b>SANDSTONE AND PEBBLE CONGLOMERATE</b> sand, fine to coarse-grained, with gravel and cobble size rocks, rocks hard, some siltstone and claystone, weathered to intact, medium hard to hard, cemented, yellowish white			21/13/50(4")	10	114	
20				26/15/18				
25		-no recovery			50(4")			sampler refusal
30		-groundwater at 28 feet.			50(5")			spt refusal
		End of boring at 33 feet. Groundwater encountered at 28 feet. Borehole backfilled with soil cuttings, patched and tamped on 8-17-17.						



**Converse Consultants**

Project Name  
MT. SAN ANTONIO COLLEGE  
PARKING LOT S  
WALNUT, CALIFORNIA

Project No.  
17-31-247-01

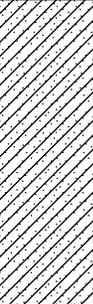
Figure No.  
A-2

# Log of Boring No. BH-2

Dates Drilled: 8/24/2017      Logged by: DA      Checked By: MBS

Equipment: 8" HOLLOW STEM AUGER      Driving Weight and Drop: 140 lbs / 30 in

Ground Surface Elevation (ft): 738      Depth to Water (ft): NOT ENCOUNTERED

Depth (ft)	Graphic Log	SUMMARY OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS  This log is part of the report prepared by Converse for this project and should be read together with the report. This summary applies only at the location of the boring and at the time of drilling. Subsurface conditions may differ at other locations and may change at this location with the passage of time. The data presented is a simplification of actual conditions encountered.	SAMPLES		BLOWS/6"	MOISTURE (%)	DRY UNIT WT. (pcf)	OTHER
			DRIVE	BULK				
5		<b>FILL (Af):</b> <b>CLAYEY SAND (SC):</b> fine to medium-grained, some gravel, brown.	■		6/11/17	5	110	c
10		<b>ALLUVIUM (Qal):</b> <b>GRAVELLY SAND (SP):</b> medium to coarse-grained, gravels, possible cobbles, black.	■		15/50(3")			
15		-increasing amount of gravel, gravel lenses, gravels hard, subrounded	■		50(3")			
20			■		50(4")			
25		<b>SILTY SAND (SM):</b> fine-grained, reddish brown.	■		46/38/50(1")			
		End of boring at 26.1 feet. Groundwater not encountered during drilling. Borehole backfilled with soil cuttings, patched and tamped on 8-24-17.						



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 MT. SAN ANTONIO COLLEGE  
 PARKING LOT S  
 WALNUT, CALIFORNIA

Project No.  
 17-31-247-01

Figure No.  
 A-3

# Log of Boring No. BH-3

Dates Drilled: 8/17/2017      Logged by: RAM      Checked By: MBS

Equipment: 8" HOLLOW STEM AUGER      Driving Weight and Drop: 140 lbs / 30 in

Ground Surface Elevation (ft): 741      Depth to Water (ft): 23.4

Depth (ft)	Graphic Log	SUMMARY OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS <small>This log is part of the report prepared by Converse for this project and should be read together with the report. This summary applies only at the location of the boring and at the time of drilling. Subsurface conditions may differ at other locations and may change at this location with the passage of time. The data presented is a simplification of actual conditions encountered.</small>	SAMPLES		BLOWS/6"	MOISTURE (%)	DRY UNIT WT. (pcf)	OTHER
			DRIVE	BULK				
5		<b>FILL (Af):</b> <b>SILTY SAND (SM):</b> clay silt with sand and gravel, brown.						max.wa
10		<b>ALLUVIUM (Qal):</b> <b>SILT (ML):</b> with gravel, dark brown.			4/6/5	11	114	
15		<b>SILTY SAND (SM):</b> fine trace gravels, moist, brown.			3/4/3	9	118	
20					3/5/7			wa
25		-groundwater			9/16/9			
30		<b>SILTY CLAY (CL):</b> wet, with gravels, dark brown.			8/13/16	7	115	wa
35					6/9/12			



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Project No.  
17-31-247-01

Figure No.  
A-4a

# Log of Boring No. BH-3

Dates Drilled: 8/17/2017      Logged by: RAM      Checked By: MBS

Equipment: 8" HOLLOW STEM AUGER      Driving Weight and Drop: 140 lbs / 30 in

Ground Surface Elevation (ft): 741      Depth to Water (ft): 23.4

Depth (ft)	Graphic Log	SUMMARY OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS <small>This log is part of the report prepared by Converse for this project and should be read together with the report. This summary applies only at the location of the boring and at the time of drilling. Subsurface conditions may differ at other locations and may change at this location with the passage of time. The data presented is a simplification of actual conditions encountered.</small>	SAMPLES		BLOWS/6"	MOISTURE (%)	DRY UNIT WT. (pcf)	OTHER
			DRIVE	BULK				
40		<b>SANDY CLAY (CL):</b> with gravels, brown.	■		11/20/30			wa
45		<b>BEDROCK-PUENTE FORMATION:</b> <b>SANDSTONE AND PEBBLE CONGLOMERATE</b> sand, fine to coarse-grained, with gravel and cobble size rocks, rocks hard, some siltstone and claystone, weathered to intact, medium hard to hard, cemented	■	X	50(5")			spt refusal
50			■		50(4")	9	107	sampler refusal
			■		50(6")			sampler refusal
		End of boring at 51.5 feet. Groundwater encountered at 23.4 feet. Borehole backfilled with soil cuttings, patched and tamped on 8-17-17.						



**Converse Consultants**

Project Name  
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Project No.  
17-31-247-01

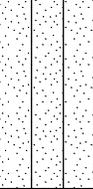
Figure No.  
A-4b

# Log of Boring No. BH-4

Dates Drilled: 8/16/2017      Logged by: RAM      Checked By: MBS

Equipment: 8" HOLLOW STEM AUGER      Driving Weight and Drop: 140 lbs / 30 in

Ground Surface Elevation (ft): 732      Depth to Water (ft): NOT ENCOUNTERED

Depth (ft)	Graphic Log	SUMMARY OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS <small>This log is part of the report prepared by Converse for this project and should be read together with the report. This summary applies only at the location of the boring and at the time of drilling. Subsurface conditions may differ at other locations and may change at this location with the passage of time. The data presented is a simplification of actual conditions encountered.</small>	SAMPLES		BLOWS/6"	MOISTURE (%)	DRY UNIT WT. (pcf)	OTHER
			DRIVE	BULK				
5		<b>FILL (Af):</b> <b>SILTY SAND (SM):</b> fine to medium-grained, with clay and gravels, brown.	█					
10		<b>ALLUVIUM (Qal):</b> <b>SILTY CLAY (CL):</b> with gravel, dark brown.	█		7/6/6	9	118	
15		<b>BEDROCK-PUENTE FORMATION:</b> <b>SANDSTONE AND PEBBLE CONGLOMERATE</b> sand, fine to coarse-grained, with gravel and cobble size rocks, rocks hard, weathered to intact, medium hard to hard, cemented, yellowish white	█		30/50(4")			
20		bedrock, yellowish white, hard, cemented	█	X	33/50(4")			
25		bedrock, yellowish white, hard, cemented  -hard drilling; refusal	█		22/35/50			
		End of boring at 28 feet due to drilling refusal. Groundwater not encountered during drilling. Borehole backfilled with soil cuttings, patched and tamped on 8-16-17.			50/60	6	134	



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Project No.  
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Figure No.  
A-5

# Log of Boring No. BH-5

Dates Drilled: 8/16/2017      Logged by: RAM      Checked By: MBS

Equipment: 8" HOLLOW STEM AUGER      Driving Weight and Drop: 140 lbs / 30 in

Ground Surface Elevation (ft): 735      Depth to Water (ft): NOT ENCOUNTERED

Depth (ft)	Graphic Log	SUMMARY OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS <small>This log is part of the report prepared by Converse for this project and should be read together with the report. This summary applies only at the location of the boring and at the time of drilling. Subsurface conditions may differ at other locations and may change at this location with the passage of time. The data presented is a simplification of actual conditions encountered.</small>	SAMPLES		BLOWS/6"	MOISTURE (%)	DRY UNIT WT. (pcf)	OTHER
			DRIVE	BULK				
5		<b>FILL (Af):</b> <b>SILTY SAND (SM):</b> with sand and clay, gravels and rocks, light brown.						1
		<b>ALLUVIUM (Qal):</b> <b>SANDY SILT (ML):</b> brown.			20/50(6")	17	110	ds
10		<b>BEDROCK-PUENTE FORMATION:</b> <b>SANDSTONE AND PEBBLE CONGLOMERATE</b> sand, fine to coarse-grained, with gravel and cobble size rocks, rocks hard, subrounded, weathered to intact, medium to hard to hard, cemented, yellowish brown			50(4")	4	112	
15					20/50(6")			
20					50(6")			
		-hard drilling: refusal  End of boring at 20.5 feet due to drilling refusal. Groundwater not encountered during drilling. Borehole backfilled with soil cuttings, patched and tamped on 8-16-17.						



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Project No.  
17-31-247-01

Figure No.  
A-6

# Log of Boring No. BH-6

Dates Drilled: 8/16/2017      Logged by: RAM      Checked By: MBS

Equipment: 8" HOLLOW STEM AUGER      Driving Weight and Drop: 140 lbs / 30 in

Ground Surface Elevation (ft): 735      Depth to Water (ft): NOT ENCOUNTERED

Depth (ft)	Graphic Log	SUMMARY OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS <small>This log is part of the report prepared by Converse for this project and should be read together with the report. This summary applies only at the location of the boring and at the time of drilling. Subsurface conditions may differ at other locations and may change at this location with the passage of time. The data presented is a simplification of actual conditions encountered.</small>	SAMPLES		BLOWS/6"	MOISTURE (%)	DRY UNIT WT. (pcf)	OTHER
			DRIVE	BULK				
5		<b>FILL (Af):</b> <b>SILTY SAND (SM):</b> gravels, light brown.						c,wa
10		<b>ALLUVIUM (Qal):</b> <b>SILT (ML):</b> small fine trace gravels, dark brown.			10/24/30	7	122	
15		<b>BEDROCK-PUENTE FORMATION:</b> <b>SANDSTONE AND PEBBLE CONGLOMERATE</b> sand, fine to coarse-grained with gravel and cobble size rocks, rocks hard, subrounded, weathered to intact, medium hard to hard, cemented, yellowish white			27/50(6")			
20					50(3")			se sampler refusal
20					50(6")			spt refusal
24		-hard drilling: refusal			50(5")			sampler refusal
		End of boring at 24 feet due to drilling refusal. Groundwater not encountered during drilling. Borehole backfilled with soil cuttings, patched and tamped on 8-16-17.						



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Figure No.  
A-7

# Log of Boring No. BH-7

Dates Drilled: 8/16/2017      Logged by: RAM      Checked By: MBS

Equipment: 8" HOLLOW STEM AUGER      Driving Weight and Drop: 140 lbs / 30 in

Ground Surface Elevation (ft): 736      Depth to Water (ft): 36.8

Depth (ft)	Graphic Log	SUMMARY OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS <small>This log is part of the report prepared by Converse for this project and should be read together with the report. This summary applies only at the location of the boring and at the time of drilling. Subsurface conditions may differ at other locations and may change at this location with the passage of time. The data presented is a simplification of actual conditions encountered.</small>	SAMPLES		BLOWS/6"	MOISTURE (%)	DRY UNIT WT. (pcf)	OTHER
			DRIVE	BULK				
5	[Dotted pattern]	<b>FILL (Af):</b> <b>SILTY SAND (SM):</b> fine gravel, brown.	[Black bar]	[Cross-hatch pattern]				ma
10	[Dotted pattern]	<b>ALLUVIUM (Qal):</b> <b>SANDY SILT (ML):</b> with gravel, brown.	[Black bar]	[White bar]	9/10/13			
15	[Dotted pattern]	<b>SILT (ML):</b> fine trace gravel, brown.	[Black bar]	[White bar]	8/12/18			
20	[Diagonal lines]	<b>CLAY (CL):</b> with fine trace gravel, dark brown.	[Black bar]	[X pattern]	5/6/17	12	118	
25	[Diagonal lines]		[Black bar]	[White bar]	4/5/7	12	110	
30	[Diagonal lines]	<b>BEDROCK-PUENTE FORMATION:</b> <b>SANDSTONE AND PEBBLE CONGLOMERATE</b> sand, fine to coarse-grained with gravel and cobble size rocks, rocks hard, subrounded, weathered to intact, medium hard to hard, cemented, yellowish light brown	[Black bar]	[X pattern]	50(6")	6	127	
35	[Diagonal lines]		[Black bar]	[X pattern]	53/39/50			



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Project No.  
17-31-247-01

Figure No.  
A-8a

# Log of Boring No. BH-7

Dates Drilled: 8/16/2017      Logged by: RAM      Checked By: MBS

Equipment: 8" HOLLOW STEM AUGER      Driving Weight and Drop: 140 lbs / 30 in

Ground Surface Elevation (ft): 736      Depth to Water (ft): 36.8

Depth (ft)	Graphic Log	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>SUMMARY OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS</b></p> <p style="font-size: small;">This log is part of the report prepared by Converse for this project and should be read together with the report. This summary applies only at the location of the boring and at the time of drilling. Subsurface conditions may differ at other locations and may change at this location with the passage of time. The data presented is a simplification of actual conditions encountered.</p>	SAMPLES		BLOWS/6"	MOISTURE (%)	DRY UNIT WT. (pcf)	OTHER
			DRIVE	BULK				
		<p><b>BEDROCK-PUENTE FORMATION:</b>  <b>SANDSTONE AND PEBBLE CONGLOMERATE</b>                      medium hard to hard</p> <p>-hard drilling: refusal</p>			50(5")	5	134	
		<p>End of boring at 39 feet due to drilling refusal.                      Groundwater encountered at 36.8 feet.                      Borehole backfilled with soil cuttings, patched and tamped on 8-16-17.</p>						



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 17-31-247-01

Figure No.  
 A-8b

# Log of Boring No. BH-8

Dates Drilled: 8/16/2017      Logged by: RAM      Checked By: MBS  
 Equipment: 8" HOLLOW STEM AUGER      Driving Weight and Drop: 140 lbs / 30 in  
 Ground Surface Elevation (ft): 737      Depth to Water (ft): 30

Depth (ft)	Graphic Log	SUMMARY OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS <small>This log is part of the report prepared by Converse for this project and should be read together with the report. This summary applies only at the location of the boring and at the time of drilling. Subsurface conditions may differ at other locations and may change at this location with the passage of time. The data presented is a simplification of actual conditions encountered.</small>	SAMPLES		BLOWS/6"	MOISTURE (%)	DRY UNIT WT. (pcf)	OTHER
			DRIVE	BULK				
		<b>FILL (Af):</b> <b>CLAYEY SILT (ML):</b>						
5		<b>ALLUVIUM (Qal):</b> <b>CLAYEY SILT (ML):</b> dark brown.			3/6/9	10	107	ds
10		<b>SANDY CLAY (CL):</b> coarse sand and gravel, brown to dark brown.			6/7/6	11	119	
15		<b>SILT (ML):</b> with gravel, brown.			5/6/8	13	117	
20		<b>SILTY CLAY (CL):</b> with gravel, brown.	X		3/2/3			
25		<b>SANDY SILT (ML):</b> brown.			5/5/5	15	112	
30		groundwater seepage <b>SILT (ML):</b> brown.	X		4/8/12			



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 WALNUT, CALIFORNIA

Project No.  
 17-31-247-01

Figure No.  
 A-9a



## Cone Penetration Test Data

**SUMMARY**  
**OF**  
**CONE PENETRATION TEST DATA**

Project:

**Mount San Antonio College (Lot S)**  
**1100 N. Grand Avenue**  
**Walnut, CA**  
**September 6-8, 2017**

Prepared for:

**Mr. Ram Ariram**  
**Converse Consultants**  
**717 S. Myrtle Avenue**  
**Monrovia, CA 91016**  
**Office (626) 930-1200 / Fax (626) 930-1212**

Prepared by:



**KEHOE TESTING & ENGINEERING**

5415 Industrial Drive  
Huntington Beach, CA 92649-1518  
Office (714) 901-7270 / Fax (714) 901-7289  
[www.kehoetesting.com](http://www.kehoetesting.com)

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- 1. INTRODUCTION**
- 2. SUMMARY OF FIELD WORK**
- 3. FIELD EQUIPMENT & PROCEDURES**
- 4. CONE PENETRATION TEST DATA & INTERPRETATION**

## **APPENDIX**

- CPT Plots
- CPT Classification/Soil Behavior Chart
- Interpretation Output (CPeT-IT)
- CPeT-IT Calculation Formulas

# SUMMARY OF CONE PENETRATION TEST DATA

## 1. INTRODUCTION

This report presents the results of a Cone Penetration Test (CPT) program carried out for the Mount San Antonio College (Lot S) project located at 1100 N. Grand Avenue in Walnut, California. The work was performed by Kehoe Testing & Engineering (KTE) on September 6-8, 2017. The scope of work was performed as directed by Converse Consultants personnel.

## 2. SUMMARY OF FIELD WORK

The fieldwork consisted of performing CPT soundings at ten locations to determine the soil lithology. Groundwater measurements and hole collapse depths provided in **TABLE 2.1** are for information only. The readings indicate the apparent depth to which the hole is open and the apparent water level (if encountered) in the CPT probe hole at the time of measurement upon completion of the CPT. KTE does not warranty the accuracy of the measurements and the reported water levels may not represent the true or stabilized groundwater levels.

LOCATION	DEPTH OF CPT (ft)	COMMENTS/NOTES:
CPT-1	14	Refusal, hole open to 14.0 ft (dry)
CPT-2	23	Refusal, hole open to 23.0 ft (dry)
CPT-3	11	Refusal, hole open to 10.6 ft (dry)
CPT-4	27	Refusal, hole open to 27.0 ft (dry)
CPT-5	16	Refusal, hole open to 15.9 ft (dry)
CPT-6	8	Refusal, hole open to 9.0 ft (dry)
CPT-7	24	Refusal, hole open to 24.0 ft (dry)
CPT-8	42	Refusal, groundwater @ 23.5 ft
CPT-9	11	Refusal, hole open to 10.0 ft (dry)
CPT-10	42	Refusal, groundwater @ 25.0 ft

TABLE 2.1 - Summary of CPT Soundings

## 3. FIELD EQUIPMENT & PROCEDURES

The CPT soundings were carried out by **KTE** using an integrated electronic cone system manufactured by Vertek. The CPT soundings were performed in accordance with ASTM standards (D5778). The cone penetrometers were pushed using a 30-ton CPT rig. The cone used during the program was a 15 cm<sup>2</sup> cone and recorded the following parameters at approximately 2.5 cm depth intervals:

- Cone Resistance ( $q_c$ )
- Sleeve Friction ( $f_s$ )
- Dynamic Pore Pressure ( $u$ )
- Inclination
- Penetration Speed

The above parameters were recorded and viewed in real time using a laptop computer. Data is stored at the KTE office for up to 2 years for future analysis and reference. A complete set of baseline readings was taken prior to each sounding to determine temperature shifts and any zero load offsets. Monitoring base line readings ensures that the cone electronics are operating properly.

#### **4. CONE PENETRATION TEST DATA & INTERPRETATION**

The Cone Penetration Test data is presented in graphical form in the attached Appendix. These plots were generated using the CPeT-IT program. Penetration depths are referenced to ground surface. The soil classification on the CPT plots is derived from the attached CPT Classification Chart (Robertson) and presents major soil lithologic changes. The stratigraphic interpretation is based on relationships between cone resistance ( $q_c$ ), sleeve friction ( $f_s$ ), and penetration pore pressure ( $u$ ). The friction ratio ( $R_f$ ), which is sleeve friction divided by cone resistance, is a calculated parameter that is used along with cone resistance to infer soil behavior type. Generally, cohesive soils (clays) have high friction ratios, low cone resistance and generate excess pore water pressures. Cohesionless soils (sands) have lower friction ratios, high cone bearing and generate little (or negative) excess pore water pressures.

Tables of basic CPT output from the interpretation program CPeT-IT are provided for CPT data averaged over one foot intervals in the Appendix. We recommend a geotechnical engineer review the assumed input parameters and the calculated output from the CPeT-IT program. A summary of the equations used for the tabulated parameters is provided in the Appendix.

It should be noted that it is not always possible to clearly identify a soil type based on  $q_c$ ,  $f_s$  and  $u$ . In these situations, experience, judgement and an assessment of the pore pressure data should be used to infer the soil behavior type.

If you have any questions regarding this information, please do not hesitate to call our office at (714) 901-7270.

Sincerely,

#### **KEHOE TESTING & ENGINEERING**



Richard W. Koester, Jr.  
General Manager

## **APPENDIX**



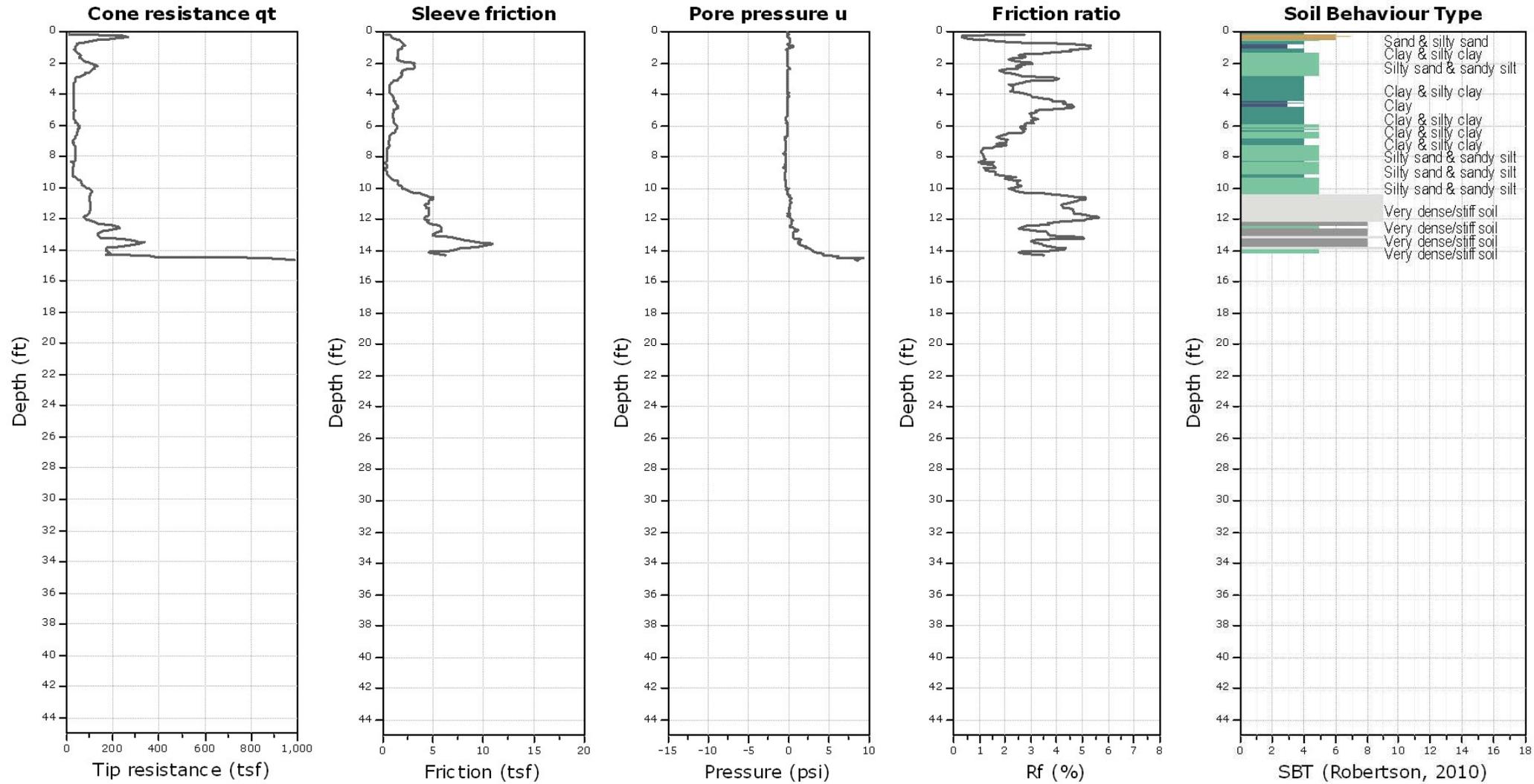
**Kehoe Testing and Engineering**  
 714-901-7270  
 rich@kehoetesting.com  
 www.kehoetesting.com

**Project:** Converse Consultants/Mount San Antonio College (Lot S)  
**Location:** 1100 N. Grand Ave Walnut, CA

**CPT-1**

Total depth: 14.63 ft, Date: 9/6/2017

Cone Type: Vertek





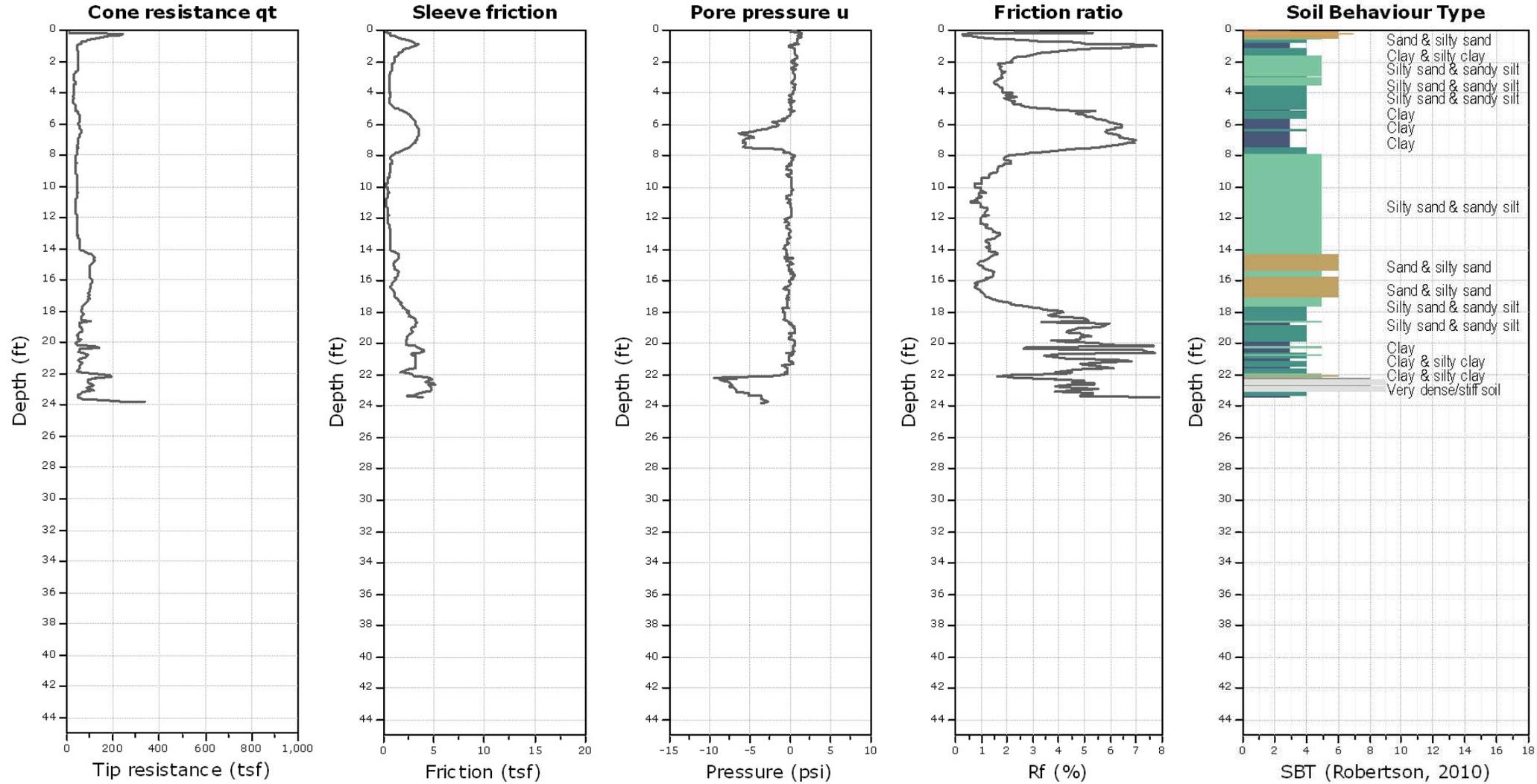
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 www.kehoetesting.com

**Project: Converse Consultants/Mount San Antonio College (Lot S)**  
**Location: 1100 N. Grand Ave Walnut, CA**

**CPT-2**

Total depth: 23.82 ft, Date: 9/6/2017

Cone Type: Vertek





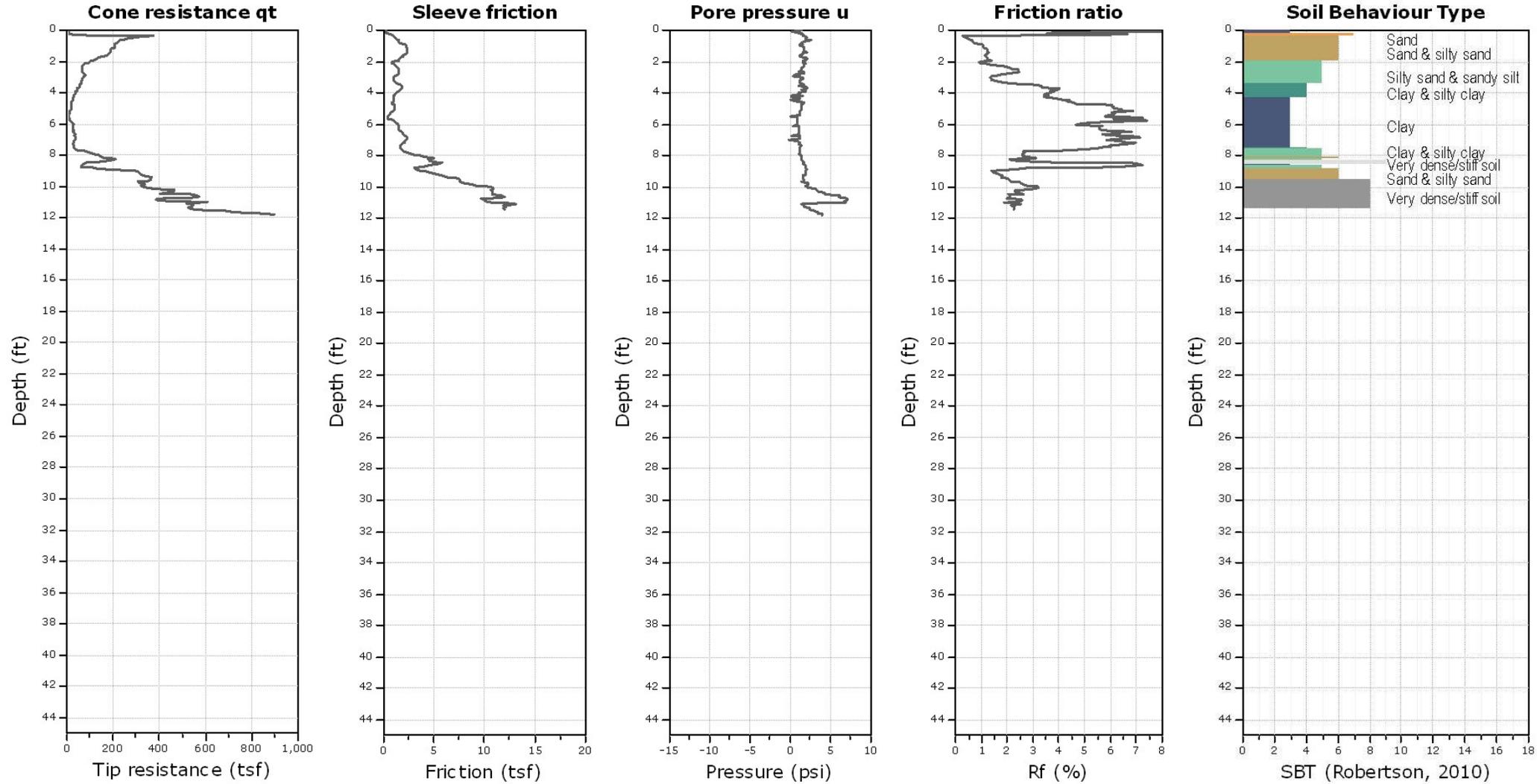
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**Project:** Converse Consultants/Mount San Antonio College (Lot S)  
**Location:** 1100 N. Grand Ave Walnut, CA

**CPT-3**

Total depth: 11.82 ft, Date: 9/8/2017

Cone Type: Vertek





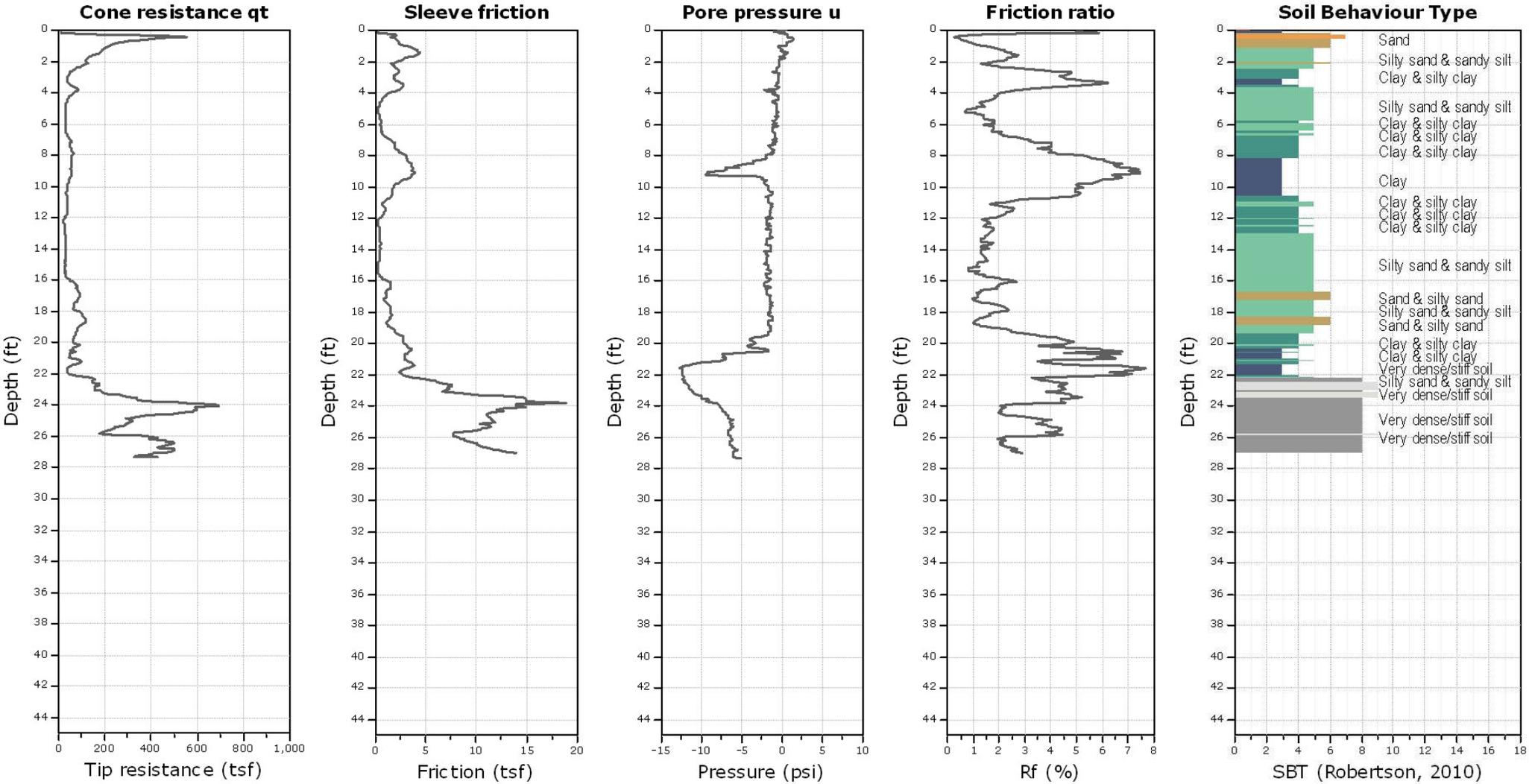
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 www.kehoetesting.com

**Project:** Converse Consultants/Mount San Antonio College (Lot S)  
**Location:** 1100 N. Grand Ave Walnut, CA

**CPT-4**

Total depth: 27.37 ft, Date: 9/7/2017

Cone Type: Vertek





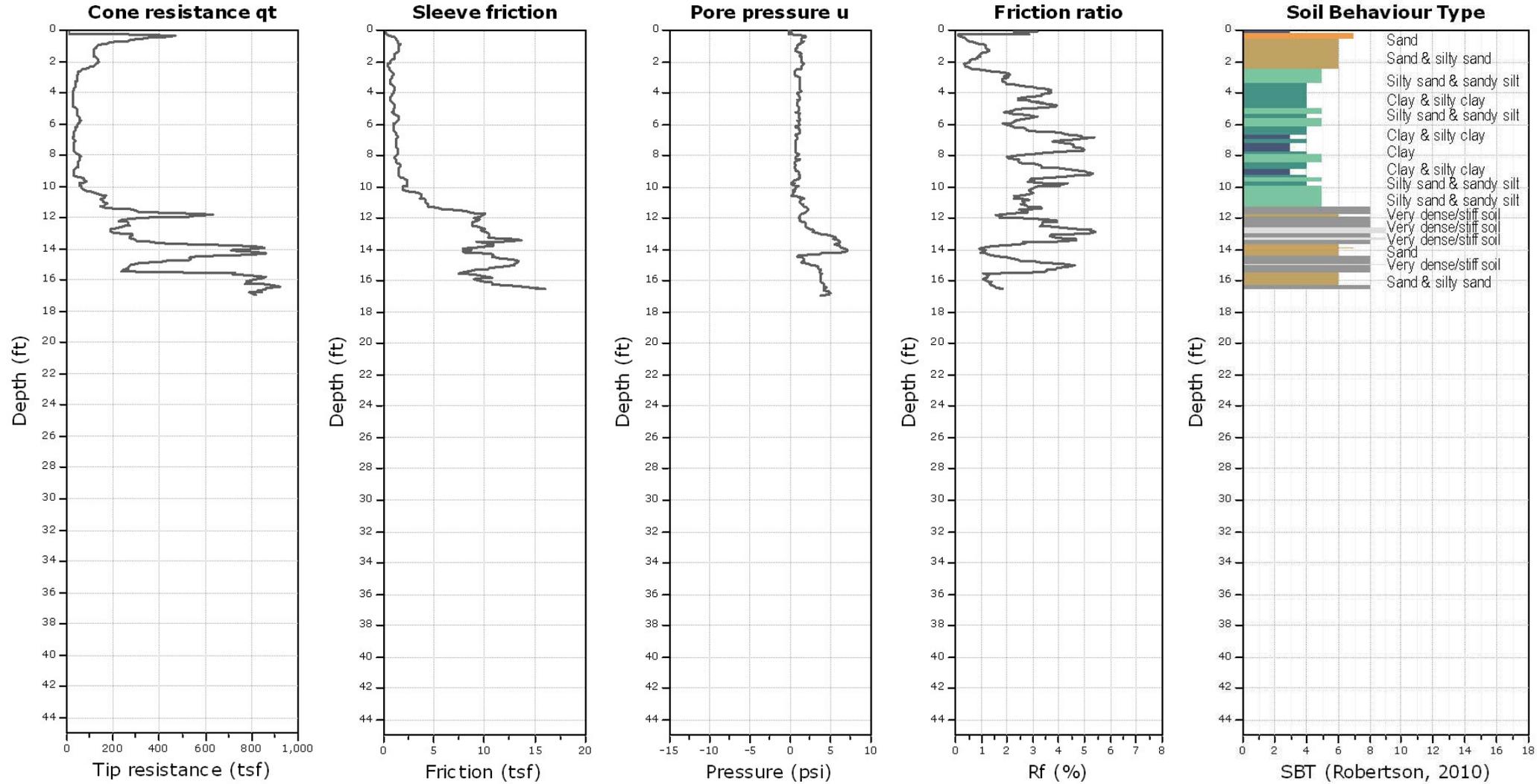
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 www.kehoetesting.com

**Project:** Converse Consultants/Mount San Antonio College (Lot S)  
**Location:** 1100 N. Grand Ave Walnut, CA

**CPT-5**

Total depth: 16.94 ft, Date: 9/6/2017

Cone Type: Vertek





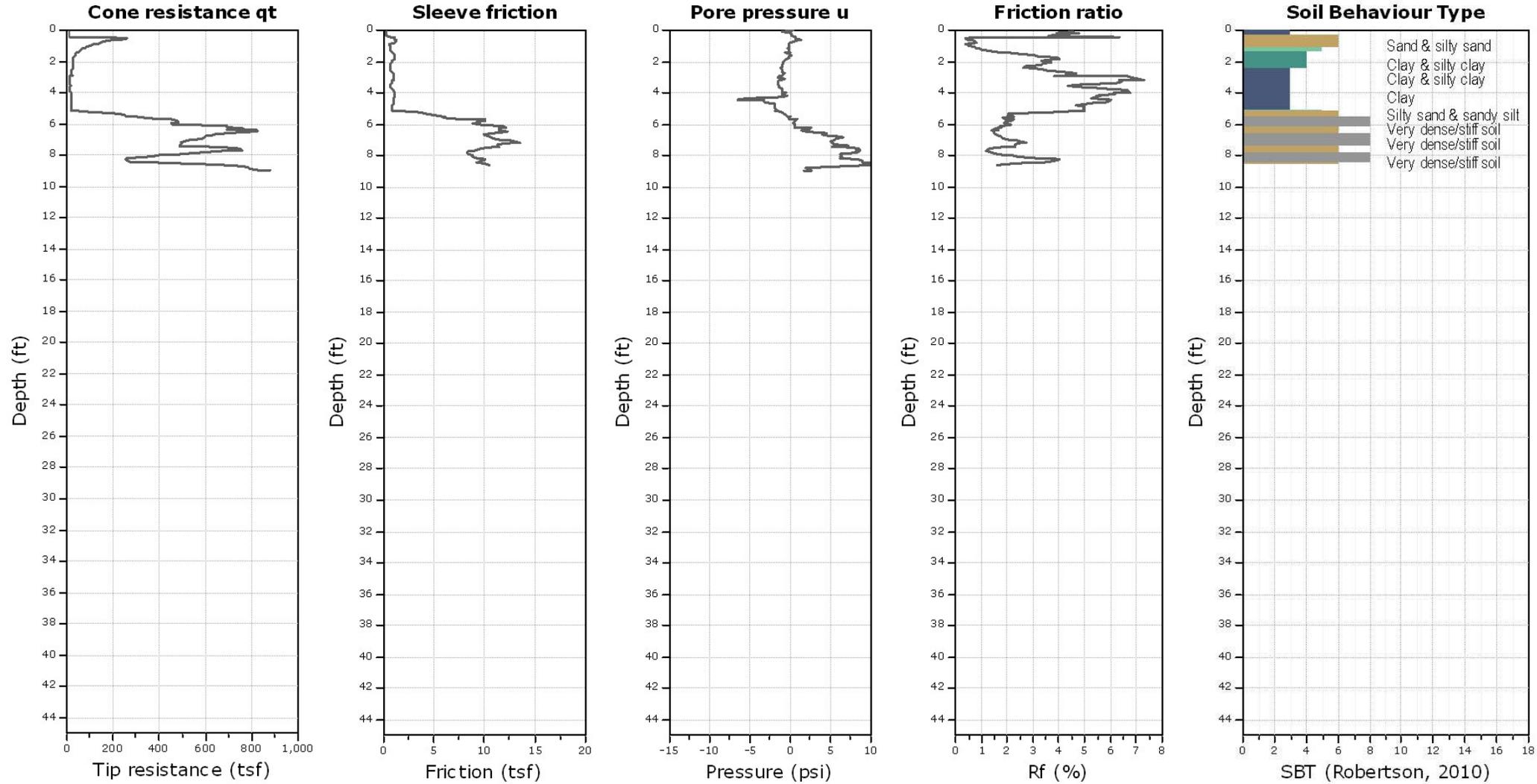
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www.kehoetesting.com

**Project:** Converse Consultants/Mount San Antonio College (Lot S)  
**Location:** 1100 N. Grand Ave Walnut, CA

**CPT-6**

Total depth: 8.99 ft, Date: 9/8/2017

Cone Type: Vertek





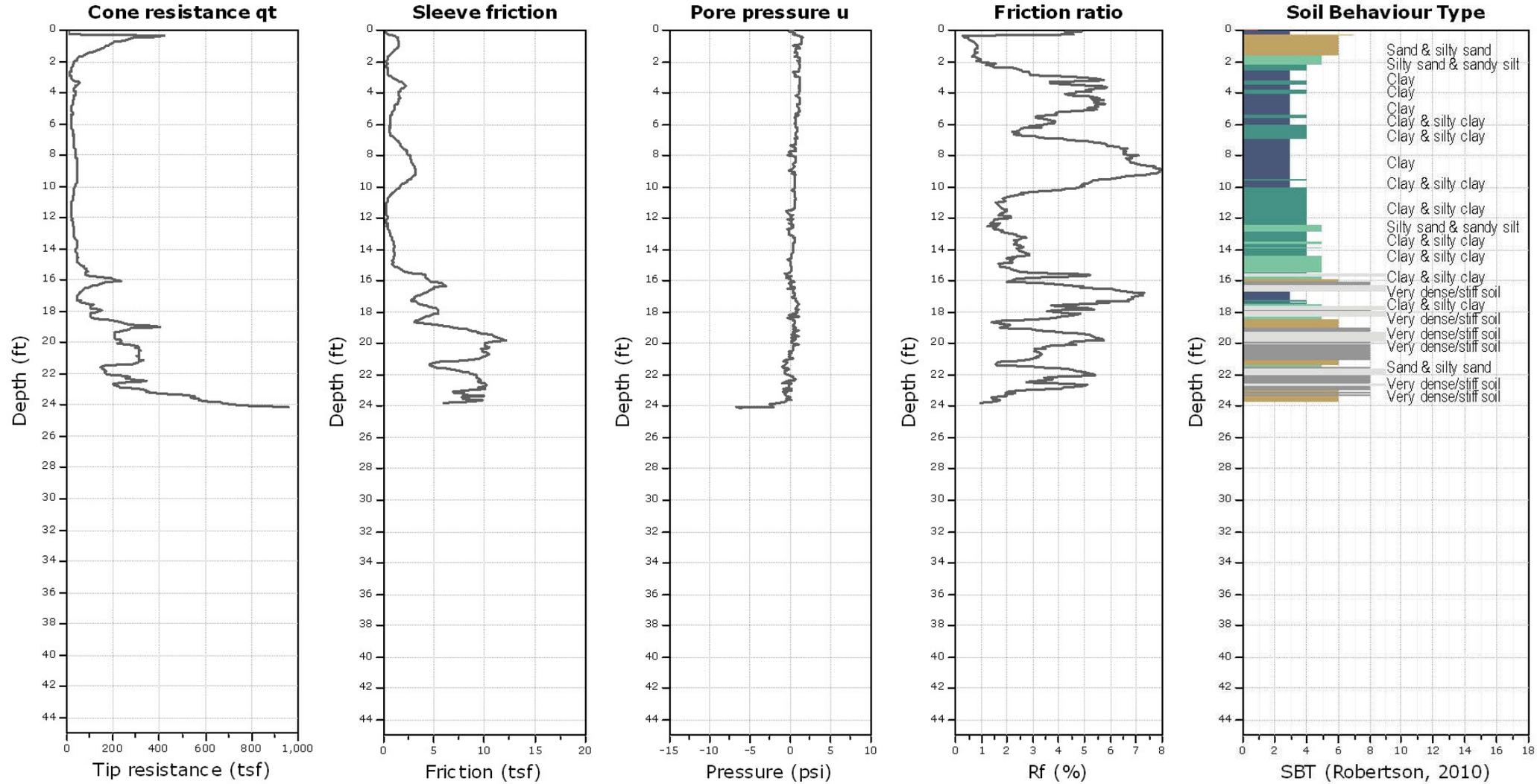
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 rich@kehoetesting.com  
 www.kehoetesting.com

**Project:** Converse Consultants/Mount San Antonio College (Lot S)  
**Location:** 1100 N. Grand Ave Walnut, CA

**CPT-7**

Total depth: 24.15 ft, Date: 9/7/2017

Cone Type: Vertek





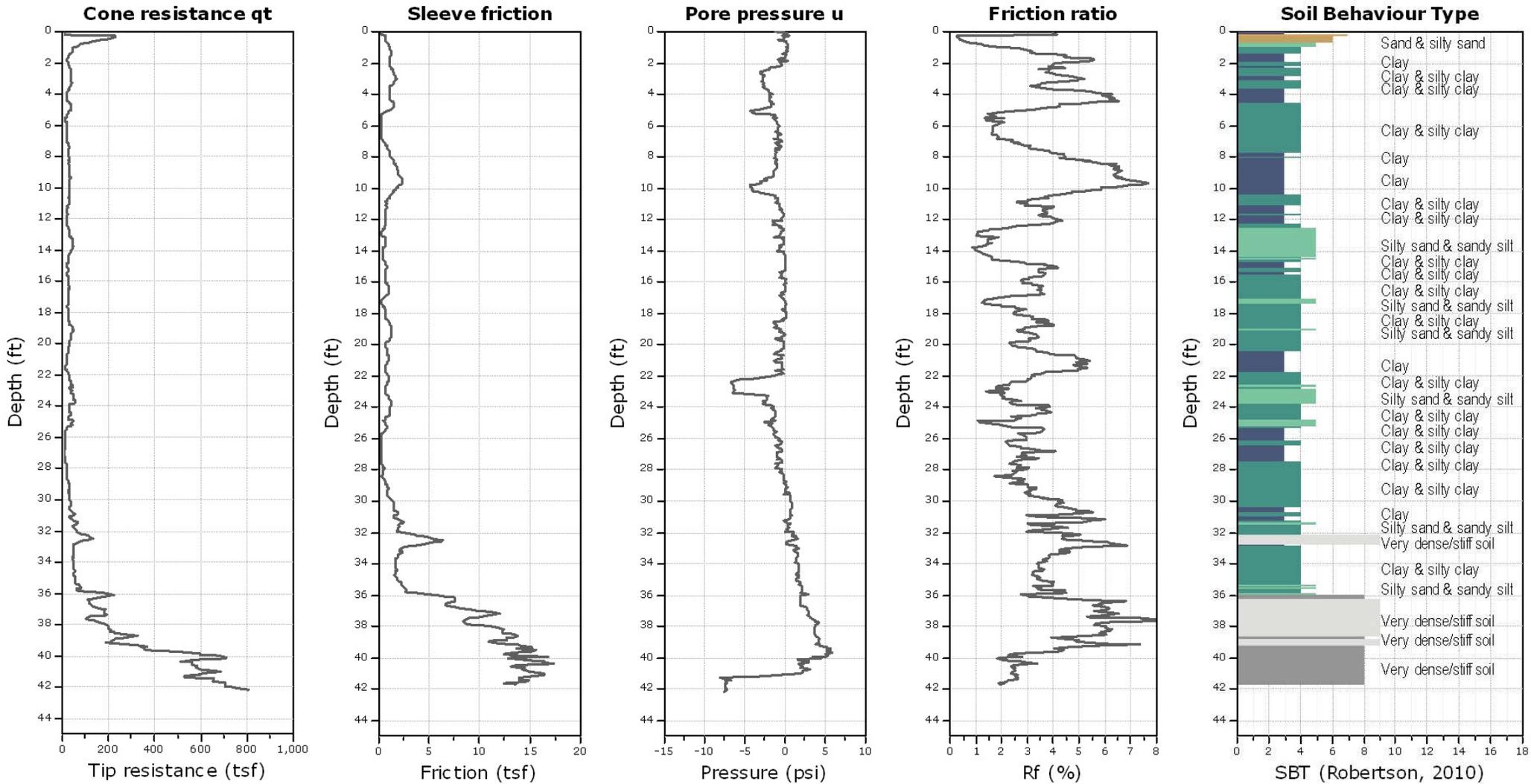
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 rich@kehoetesting.com  
 www.kehoetesting.com

**Project:** Converse Consultants/Mount San Antonio College (Lot S)  
**Location:** 1100 N. Grand Ave Walnut, CA

**CPT-8**

Total depth: 42.13 ft, Date: 9/7/2017

Cone Type: Vertek





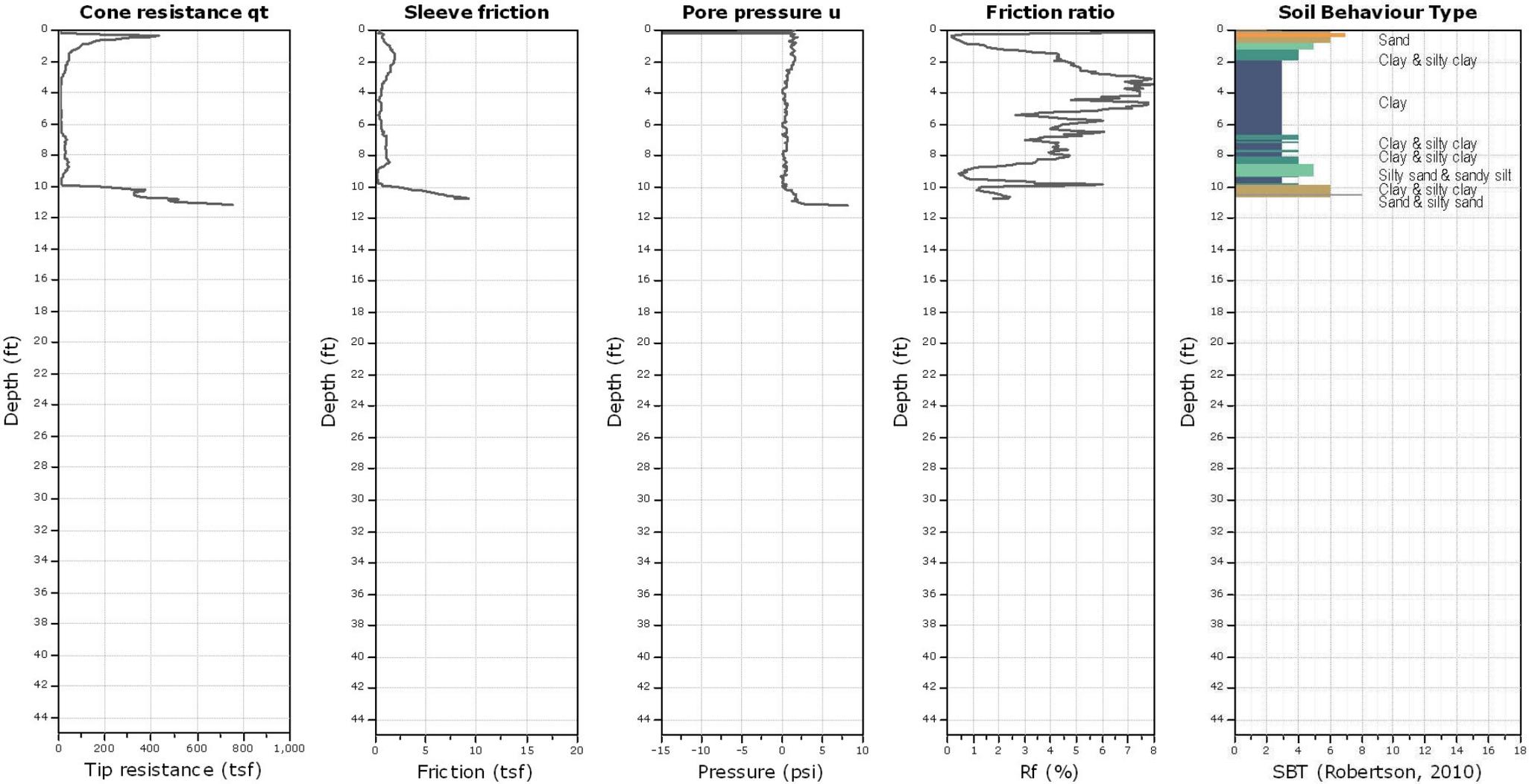
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www.kehoetesting.com

**Project:** Converse Consultants/Mount San Antonio College (Lot S)  
**Location:** 1100 N. Grand Ave Walnut, CA

**CPT-9**

Total depth: 11.16 ft, Date: 9/8/2017

Cone Type: Vertek





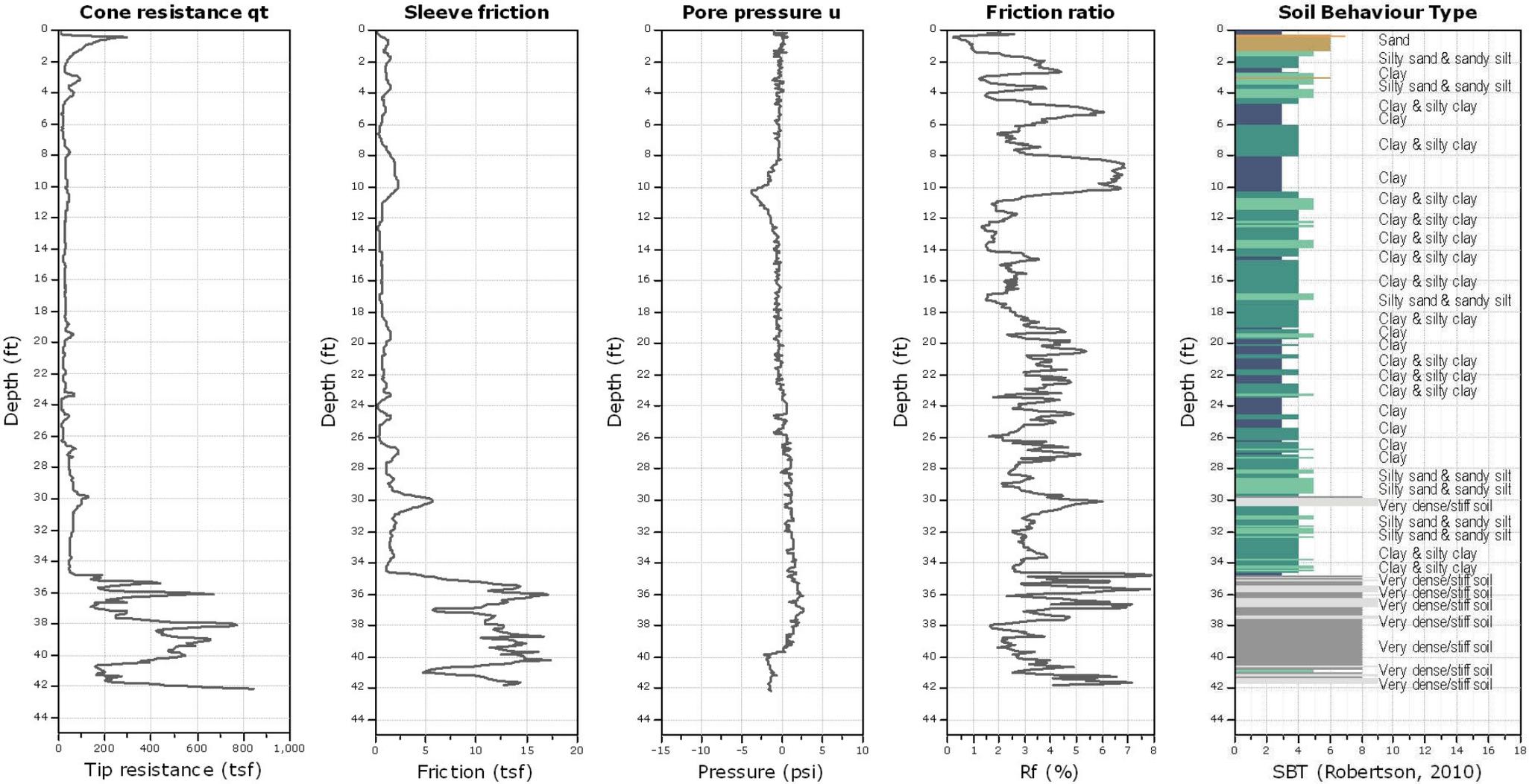
**Kehoe Testing and Engineering**  
 714-901-7270  
 rich@kehoetesting.com  
 www.kehoetesting.com

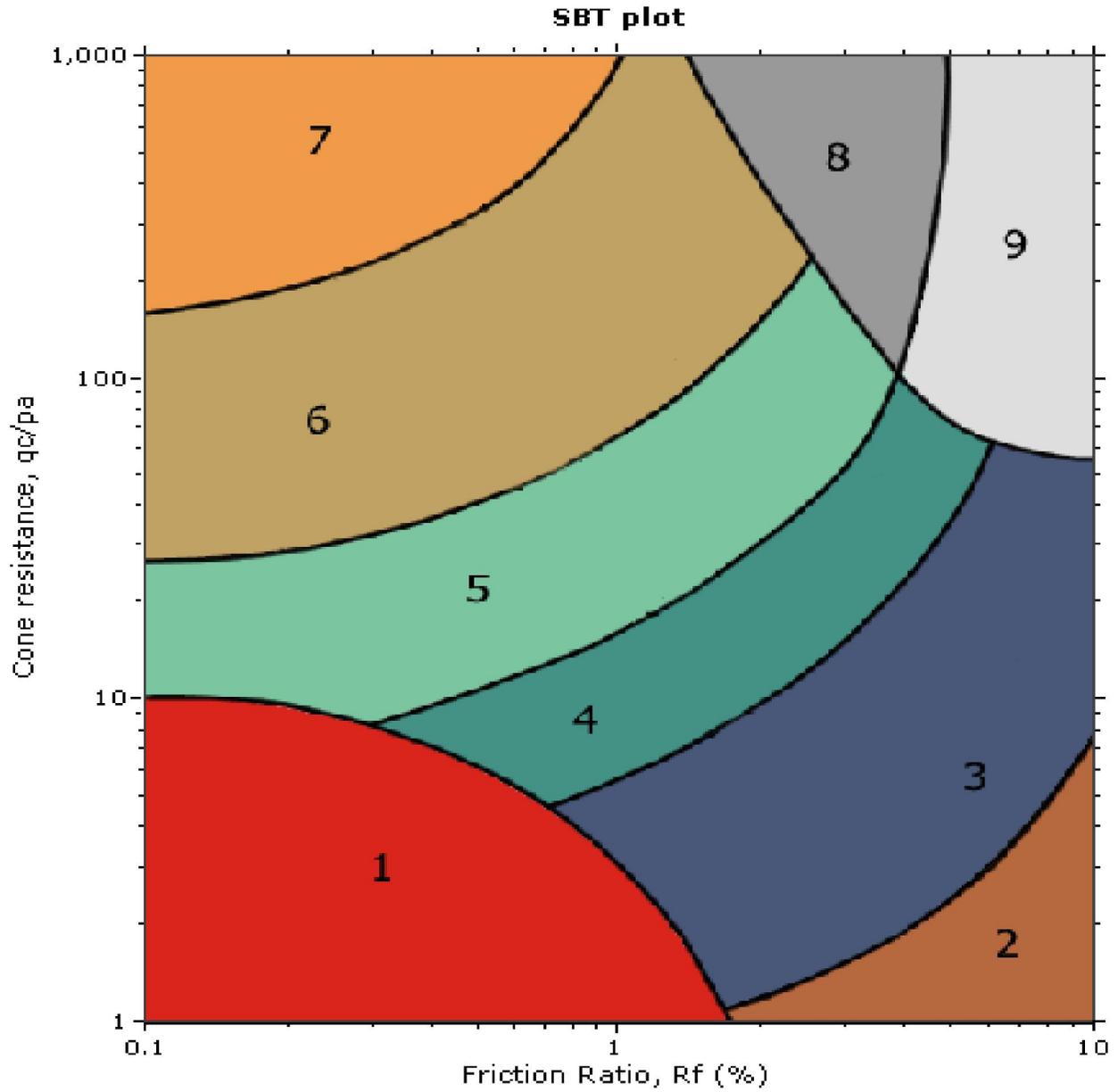
**Project:** Converse Consultants/Mount San Antonio College (Lot S)  
**Location:** 1100 N. Grand Ave Walnut, CA

**CPT-10**

Total depth: 42.13 ft, Date: 9/7/2017

Cone Type: Vertek





**SBT legend**

- |                           |                              |                                   |
|---------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1. Sensitive fine grained | 4. Clayey silt to silty clay | 7. Gravely sand to sand           |
| 2. Organic material       | 5. Silty sand to sandy silt  | 8. Very stiff sand to clayey sand |
| 3. Clay to silty clay     | 6. Clean sand to silty sand  | 9. Very stiff fine grained        |

Depth (ft)	CPT-1 In situ data				Basic output data																		
	qc (tsf)	fs (tsf)	u (psi)	Other	qt (tsf)	Rf(%)	SBT	Ic.SBT	$\bar{a}$ (pcf)	$\acute{o},v$ (tsf)	u0 (tsf)	$\acute{o}',vo$ (tsf)	Qt1	Fr (%)	Bq	SBTn	n	Cn	Ic	Qtn	U2	l(B)	Mod. SBTn
1	37.59	1.78	0.51	-0.19	37.6	4.72	4	2.7	123.32	0.06	0	0.06	608.41	4.73	0	9	0.68	6.99	2.18	247.88	0.6	20.76	3
2	94.3	1.67	-0.19	0.03	94.3	1.77	5	2.11	125.12	0.12	0	0.12	757.62	1.77	0	6	0.54	3.17	1.79	281.74	-0.11	51.19	7
3	41.25	1.46	-0.1	0.48	41.25	3.54	4	2.58	122.12	0.19	0	0.19	221.72	3.56	0	8	0.71	3.42	2.23	132.6	-0.04	26.3	5
4	29.03	0.84	-0.06	0.55	29.03	2.88	4	2.64	117.17	0.24	0	0.24	118.06	2.9	0	5	0.74	2.95	2.3	80.14	-0.02	29.79	5
5	33	1.25	-0.1	0.63	33	3.8	4	2.67	120.45	0.3	0	0.3	107.51	3.83	0	4	0.77	2.62	2.39	80.98	-0.02	23.92	5
6	48.66	0.94	-0.19	0.65	48.66	1.93	5	2.35	119.29	0.36	0	0.36	132.77	1.95	0	5	0.68	2.06	2.13	93.98	-0.04	41.12	7
7	25.69	0.63	-0.39	0.43	25.68	2.44	4	2.63	114.77	0.42	0	0.42	59.98	2.48	0	5	0.78	2.06	2.4	49.19	-0.07	30.83	5
8	35.71	0.42	-0.39	0.22	35.71	1.17	5	2.33	112.6	0.48	0	0.48	73.81	1.19	0	5	0.69	1.73	2.14	57.62	-0.06	48.89	7
9	26	0.73	-0.47	0.33	26	2.81	4	2.67	115.92	0.54	0	0.54	47.56	2.87	0	4	0.83	1.75	2.49	42.22	-0.06	27.31	5
10	85	2.72	-0.2	0.5	85	3.19	5	2.33	128.42	0.6	0	0.6	140.76	3.22	0	5	0.72	1.51	2.22	120.27	-0.02	28.51	5
11	102.97	4.8	0.1	0.5	102.97	4.67	9	2.4	133.06	0.67	0	0.67	153.56	4.7	0	9	0.76	1.42	2.31	137.6	0.01	20.61	3
12	83.23	4.91	0.41	0.37	83.23	5.9	9	2.54	132.7	0.73	0	0.73	112.62	5.95	0	9	0.82	1.35	2.46	105.55	0.04	16.56	3
13	131.37	7.41	0.48	0.22	131.38	5.64	9	2.4	136.83	0.8	0	0.8	163.06	5.68	0	9	0.79	1.24	2.35	153.58	0.04	17.36	3
14	175.75	7.31	3.14	0.71	175.79	4.16	8	2.22	137.28	0.87	0	0.87	201.18	4.18	0	8	0.73	1.15	2.19	190.65	0.26	23.15	5
15	100.46	0	-2.06	-0.28	100.43	0	0	0	87.36	0.91	0	0.91	108.98	0	0	0	1	1.16	4.06	108.98	-0.16	169.97	0

Depth (ft)	CPT-2 In situ data				Basic output data																		
	qc (tsf)	fs (tsf)	u (psi)	Other	qt (tsf)	Rf(%)	SBT	Ic.SBT	$\bar{a}$ (pcf)	$\acute{o},v$ (tsf)	u0 (tsf)	$\acute{o}',vo$ (tsf)	Qt1	Fr (%)	Bq	SBTn	n	Cn	Ic	Qtn	U2	l(B)	Mod. SBTn
1	40.2	2.19	-0.18	0.47	40.2	5.45	3	2.72	125.03	0.06	0	0.06	641.68	5.46	0	9	0.7	7.18	2.21	272.55	-0.2	18.12	3
2	48.35	1.15	0.38	0.47	48.35	2.38	5	2.41	120.75	0.12	0	0.12	392.23	2.38	0	5	0.62	3.83	2.01	174.68	0.22	38	7
3	29.14	0.63	0.58	0.41	29.14	2.15	4	2.56	115.08	0.18	0	0.18	160.58	2.16	0	5	0.68	3.36	2.17	91.84	0.23	37.9	7
4	28.82	0.52	0.39	0.47	28.83	1.81	4	2.51	113.71	0.24	0	0.24	120.5	1.83	0	5	0.69	2.8	2.17	75.78	0.12	41.16	7
5	38.12	1.36	0.19	0.43	38.12	3.56	4	2.61	121.39	0.3	0	0.3	126.92	3.59	0	5	0.75	2.59	2.33	92.44	0.05	25.49	5
6	50.33	3.03	-1.54	0.47	50.32	6.02	3	2.69	127.94	0.36	0	0.36	138	6.06	0	9	0.8	2.37	2.46	111.67	-0.31	16.29	3
7	47.72	2.92	-5.7	0.27	47.65	6.14	3	2.71	127.55	0.43	0	0.43	110.91	6.19	-0.01	9	0.82	2.12	2.51	94.56	-0.96	15.95	3
8	40.1	1.46	0.47	0.37	40.11	3.65	4	2.6	122.05	0.49	0	0.49	81.41	3.69	0	4	0.79	1.85	2.42	69.38	0.07	24.35	5
9	38.95	0.63	0.19	0.21	38.95	1.61	5	2.38	115.78	0.54	0	0.54	70.53	1.63	0	5	0.72	1.62	2.22	58.68	0.03	41.44	7
10	42.29	0.42	0.19	0.36	42.3	0.99	5	2.23	113.02	0.6	0	0.6	69.36	1	0	5	0.68	1.47	2.1	57.82	0.02	53.01	7
11	34.88	0.42	-0.15	0.3	34.88	1.2	5	2.34	112.55	0.66	0	0.66	52.05	1.22	0	5	0.73	1.42	2.23	45.8	-0.02	44.32	7
12	42.82	0.52	-0.23	0.41	42.81	1.22	5	2.28	114.68	0.71	0	0.71	58.89	1.24	0	5	0.72	1.32	2.19	52.7	-0.02	46.32	7
13	42.29	0.63	-0.19	0.19	42.29	1.48	5	2.33	115.98	0.77	0	0.77	53.73	1.51	0	5	0.75	1.26	2.26	49.63	-0.02	41.15	7
14	56.7	1.04	-0.58	0.18	56.7	1.84	5	2.29	120.44	0.83	0	0.83	67.07	1.87	0	5	0.74	1.19	2.24	63.07	-0.05	38.89	7
15	100.98	1.46	-0.36	0.35	100.98	1.45	5	2.03	124.31	0.9	0	0.9	111.81	1.46	0	6	0.66	1.12	2	105.54	-0.03	51.54	7
16	107.04	1.25	-0.1	0.38	107.04	1.17	6	1.95	123.32	0.96	0	0.96	110.87	1.18	0	6	0.63	1.07	1.94	106.85	-0.01	59.55	7
17	91.06	1.25	-0.21	0.38	91.06	1.38	5	2.05	122.93	1.02	0	1.02	88.42	1.39	0	5	0.68	1.03	2.05	87.34	-0.01	50.81	7
18	60.05	2.4	-0.87	0.14	60.04	4	4	2.5	126.67	1.08	0	1.08	54.51	4.07	0	4	0.86	0.98	2.52	54.68	-0.06	22.09	5
19	56.5	3.03	0.4	0.48	56.5	5.36	4	2.61	128.22	1.15	0	1.15	48.32	5.47	0	4	0.91	0.93	2.65	48.65	0.03	17.45	3
20	38.95	2.51	0.48	0.49	38.96	6.43	3	2.78	125.93	1.21	0	1.21	31.23	6.64	0	3	0.99	0.88	2.84	31.28	0.03	14.87	3
21	58.37	2.82	-0.16	0.12	58.37	4.83	4	2.57	127.77	1.27	0	1.27	44.87	4.94	0	4	0.91	0.84	2.63	45.59	-0.01	18.84	3
22	146.09	3.45	-1.57	0.21	146.07	2.36	5	2.08	131.48	1.34	0	1.34	108.14	2.38	0	5	0.72	0.84	2.13	115.38	-0.08	36.37	7
23	106.72	1.98	-6.66	-0.04	106.64	1.86	5	2.09	126.67	1.4	0	1.4	75.09	1.89	0	5	0.74	0.81	2.16	80.77	-0.34	40.84	7

Depth (ft)	CPT-3 In situ data				Basic output data																		
	qc (tsf)	fs (tsf)	u (psi)	Other	qt (tsf)	Rf(%)	SBT	Ic.SBT	$\bar{a}$ (pcf)	$\sigma_v$ (tsf)	u0 (tsf)	$\sigma'_{vo}$ (tsf)	Qt1	Fr (%)	Bq	SBTn	n	Cn	Ic	Qtn	U2	I(B)	Mod. SBTn
1	203.63	1.57	1.18	0.9	203.65	0.77	6	1.62	126.52	0.06	0	0.06	3216.1	0.77	0	6	0.36	2.78	1.33	534.11	1.34	113.13	7
2	101.92	1.78	1.87	1.05	101.94	1.74	5	2.08	125.75	0.13	0	0.13	806.68	1.74	0	6	0.53	3.09	1.77	297.38	1.06	52.23	7
3	72.37	1.67	1.05	1.02	72.38	2.31	5	2.28	124.47	0.19	0	0.19	383.41	2.31	0	6	0.61	2.87	1.97	196.04	0.4	39.34	7
4	34.57	1.46	1.15	1.03	34.58	4.23	4	2.69	121.69	0.25	0	0.25	137.77	4.26	0	9	0.76	3.02	2.37	97.83	0.33	22.16	5
5	17.02	0.73	1.33	1.12	17.04	4.29	3	2.92	114.89	0.31	0	0.31	54.56	4.37	0.01	4	0.85	2.88	2.6	45.5	0.31	20.65	3
6	27.26	1.04	0.87	1.24	27.27	3.83	4	2.74	118.65	0.37	0	0.37	73.49	3.88	0	4	0.81	2.36	2.48	60.1	0.17	23.11	5
7	37.18	1.98	0.03	1.26	37.18	5.34	3	2.74	124.1	0.43	0	0.43	85.84	5.4	0	9	0.83	2.12	2.53	73.75	0.01	17.89	3
8	133.88	2.72	1.45	1.19	133.89	2.03	5	2.05	129.52	0.49	0	0.49	270.75	2.04	0	6	0.61	1.59	1.92	200.36	0.21	44.03	7
9	279.45	5.43	1.83	0.71	279.47	1.94	6	1.84	136.39	0.56	0	0.56	497.21	1.95	0	6	0.55	1.41	1.76	372.68	0.24	48.1	7
10	322.16	9.09	2.1	0.5	322.18	2.82	8	1.94	137.28	0.63	0	0.63	510.7	2.83	0	8	0.59	1.36	1.88	413.78	0.24	34.2	7
11	593.88	9.29	5.57	0.55	593.95	1.56	6	1.59	137.28	0.7	0	0.7	849.53	1.57	0	6	0.47	1.22	1.55	682.73	0.57	60.79	7
12	84.9	0	3.89	0.05	84.95	0	0	0	87.36	0.74	0	0.74	113.48	0	0	0	1	1.43	4.06	113.48	0.38	176.4	0

Depth (ft)	CPT-4 In situ data				Basic output data																		
	qc (tsf)	fs (tsf)	u (psi)	Other	qt (tsf)	Rf(%)	SBT	Ic SBT	$\bar{a}$ (pcf)	$\acute{o},v$ (tsf)	u0 (tsf)	$\acute{o}',v_0$ (tsf)	Qt1	Fr (%)	Bq	SBTn	n	Cn	Ic	Qtn	U2	(B)	Mod. SBTn
1	219.61	2.72	-0.4	1.49	219.61	1.24	6	1.75	130.73	0.07	0	0.07	3356.5	1.24	0	6	0.41	3.15	1.47	653.98	-0.44	75.56	7
2	116.65	3.34	-0.29	1.58	116.64	2.86	5	2.2	130.71	0.13	0	0.13	890.73	2.87	0	8	0.58	3.37	1.9	371.58	-0.16	33.6	7
3	40	2.4	-0.46	1.61	39.99	6.01	3	2.75	125.68	0.19	0	0.19	205.69	6.04	0	9	0.77	3.72	2.4	139.73	-0.17	16.39	3
4	69.13	1.78	-0.9	1.64	69.12	2.57	5	2.32	124.8	0.26	0	0.26	269.08	2.58	0	5	0.65	2.5	2.06	162.79	-0.25	35.29	7
5	28.3	0.42	-0.77	1.72	28.29	1.48	5	2.47	112.04	0.31	0	0.31	89.68	1.49	0	5	0.69	2.34	2.18	61.79	-0.18	44.25	7
6	29.14	0.52	-0.84	1.8	29.12	1.79	4	2.51	113.74	0.37	0	0.37	77.95	1.82	0	5	0.73	2.15	2.26	58.42	-0.16	38.86	7
7	45.22	1.25	-1.15	1.9	45.2	2.77	4	2.48	121.22	0.43	0	0.43	104.24	2.8	0	5	0.74	1.95	2.28	82.34	-0.19	30.73	5
8	59.63	2.72	-1.87	1.98	59.61	4.56	4	2.55	127.55	0.49	0	0.49	119.87	4.59	0	9	0.78	1.82	2.38	101.46	-0.27	20.79	3
9	52	3.24	-9.05	2.01	51.89	6.24	3	2.69	128.5	0.56	0	0.56	92.09	6.31	-0.01	9	0.85	1.72	2.55	83.44	-1.17	15.67	3
10	34.15	2.19	-1.64	2.07	34.13	6.43	3	2.82	124.63	0.62	0	0.62	54.06	6.54	0	3	0.9	1.62	2.69	51.38	-0.19	15.11	3
11	37.8	1.25	-1.64	2.11	37.78	3.32	4	2.59	120.78	0.68	0	0.68	54.55	3.38	0	4	0.83	1.44	2.49	50.59	-0.17	25.15	5
12	25.38	0.63	-1.39	1.96	25.36	2.47	4	2.64	114.74	0.74	0	0.74	33.38	2.54	0	4	0.86	1.36	2.55	31.71	-0.14	27.68	5
13	26.84	0.42	-1.54	1.76	26.82	1.56	5	2.5	111.91	0.79	0	0.79	32.8	1.6	0	5	0.82	1.26	2.44	31.11	-0.14	34.28	7
14	32.69	0.52	-1.35	1.9	32.67	1.6	5	2.44	114.02	0.85	0	0.85	37.41	1.64	0	5	0.8	1.19	2.39	35.83	-0.11	35.58	7
15	28.09	0.42	-1.71	1.96	28.07	1.49	5	2.48	112.02	0.91	0	0.91	29.96	1.54	0	5	0.83	1.14	2.45	29.17	-0.14	34.1	7
16	47.31	0.63	-1.69	2.05	47.28	1.33	5	2.26	116.26	0.96	0	0.96	48.02	1.35	0	5	0.75	1.07	2.25	46.93	-0.13	42.65	7
17	87.61	1.15	-1.54	2.13	87.6	1.31	5	2.05	122.19	1.03	0	1.03	84.39	1.33	0	5	0.68	1.02	2.05	83.56	-0.11	51.73	7
18	78.74	1.36	-1.63	2.15	78.72	1.72	5	2.16	123.16	1.09	0	1.09	71.4	1.75	0	5	0.73	0.98	2.18	71.93	-0.11	41.85	7
19	86.05	1.78	-1.48	2.21	86.03	2.06	5	2.19	125.34	1.15	0	1.15	73.81	2.09	0	5	0.75	0.94	2.22	75.37	-0.09	37.5	7
20	64.43	2.92	-3.5	2.13	64.39	4.54	4	2.52	128.28	1.21	0	1.21	52.03	4.63	0	4	0.89	0.89	2.57	52.85	-0.21	19.98	3
21	52.84	3.03	-7.14	2.23	52.75	5.74	3	2.66	128.05	1.28	0	1.28	40.27	5.88	-0.01	3	0.95	0.84	2.72	40.67	-0.4	16.38	3
22	41.88	4.59	-12.35	2.19	41.72	11.01	3	2.94	130.53	1.34	0	1.34	30.06	11.38	-0.02	3	1	0.79	3.02	30.06	-0.66	9.72	2
23	159.15	10.13	-11.28	2.09	159.01	6.37	9	2.4	137.28	1.41	0	1.41	111.62	6.43	-0.01	9	0.86	0.78	2.47	116.33	-0.58	15.45	3
24	686.19	13.58	-7.73	2.43	686.1	1.98	8	1.65	137.28	1.48	0	1.48	462.37	1.98	0	8	0.56	0.83	1.69	535.44	-0.38	48.19	7
25	317.04	9.92	-6.46	2.63	316.96	3.13	8	1.98	137.28	1.55	0	1.55	203.58	3.15	0	8	0.7	0.76	2.05	227.98	-0.3	30.24	5
26	383.98	8.98	-6.37	2.43	383.9	2.34	8	1.83	137.28	1.62	0	1.62	236.27	2.35	0	6	0.65	0.76	1.9	274.25	-0.28	39.8	7
27	470.03	0	-5.98	2.69	469.95	0	0	0	87.36	1.66	0	1.66	281.81	0	0	0	1	0.64	4.06	281.81	-0.26	416.87	0

Depth (ft)	CPT-5 In situ data				Basic output data																		
	qc (tsf)	fs (tsf)	u (psi)	Other	qt (tsf)	Rf(%)	SBT	Ic.SBT	$\bar{a}$ (pcf)	$\acute{o},v$ (tsf)	u0 (tsf)	$\acute{o}',vo$ (tsf)	Qt1	Fr (%)	Bq	SBTn	n	Cn	Ic	Qtn	U2	(B)	Mod. SBTn
1	137.01	1.25	0.92	-0.44	137.02	0.91	6	1.8	123.92	0.06	0	0.06	2208.9	0.91	0	6	0.41	3.18	1.46	411.72	1.07	94.41	7
2	134.29	1.04	1.45	-0.28	134.31	0.78	6	1.76	122.54	0.12	0	0.12	1088.2	0.78	0	6	0.42	2.47	1.48	313.2	0.85	103.02	7
3	41.35	0.84	0.97	-0.22	41.37	2.02	5	2.42	118.03	0.18	0	0.18	226.06	2.03	0	5	0.65	3.11	2.06	121.1	0.39	41.53	7
4	25.27	0.94	0.9	-0.37	25.28	3.72	4	2.75	117.7	0.24	0	0.24	103.88	3.75	0	4	0.78	3.15	2.4	74.54	0.27	24.17	5
5	35.92	1.04	0.97	-0.34	35.93	2.91	4	2.57	119.32	0.3	0	0.3	118.48	2.93	0	5	0.73	2.52	2.29	84.79	0.23	29.76	5
6	49.71	1.46	1.03	-0.4	49.72	2.94	4	2.47	122.58	0.36	0	0.36	136.31	2.96	0	5	0.72	2.16	2.24	100.9	0.2	30.07	5
7	28.93	1.36	0.68	-0.41	28.93	4.69	3	2.78	120.72	0.42	0	0.42	67.49	4.76	0	4	0.84	2.17	2.55	58.35	0.12	19.65	3
8	54.72	1.46	0.85	-0.34	54.73	2.67	5	2.41	122.81	0.48	0	0.48	112.14	2.7	0	5	0.73	1.76	2.24	90.49	0.13	32.02	5
9	31.22	1.88	0.9	-0.3	31.23	6.02	3	2.83	123.28	0.55	0	0.55	56.27	6.12	0	3	0.89	1.81	2.66	52.35	0.12	15.96	3
10	59.84	2.92	0.96	-0.08	59.85	4.89	4	2.57	128.1	0.61	0	0.61	97.19	4.94	0	9	0.81	1.56	2.45	87.6	0.11	19.43	3
11	161.86	5.43	1.29	-0.98	161.88	3.35	8	2.17	135.06	0.68	0	0.68	238.08	3.37	0	8	0.68	1.35	2.09	206.4	0.14	28.28	5
12	396.41	9.09	1.09	-0.2	396.42	2.29	8	1.82	137.28	0.75	0	0.75	530.56	2.3	0	8	0.56	1.22	1.78	455.24	0.11	41.71	7
13	241.85	10.23	3.86	0.26	241.9	4.23	8	2.15	137.28	0.81	0	0.81	296.09	4.24	0	8	0.7	1.2	2.12	273.37	0.34	23.03	5
14	769.52	11.38	7.08	0.95	769.61	1.48	6	1.52	137.28	0.88	0	0.88	870.67	1.48	0	6	0.46	1.09	1.5	790.26	0.58	64.53	7
15	283.94	11.59	2.74	1.34	283.97	4.08	8	2.11	137.28	0.95	0	0.95	297.42	4.1	0	8	0.69	1.08	2.09	287.86	0.21	23.85	5
16	793.12	6.37	3.77	1.42	793.17	0.8	7	1.27	137.28	1.02	0	1.02	776.4	0.8	0	7	0.38	1.01	1.27	759.14	0.27	113.03	7
17	86.67	0	-1.97	0.69	86.65	0	0	0	87.36	1.06	0	1.06	80.44	0	0	0	1	0.99	4.06	80.44	-0.13	129.2	0

Depth (ft)	CPT-6 In situ data				Basic output data																		
	qc (tsf)	fs (tsf)	u (psi)	Other	qt (tsf)	Rf(%)	SBT	Ic.SBT	$\bar{a}$ (pcf)	$\acute{o},v$ (tsf)	u0 (tsf)	$\acute{o}',v\acute{o}$ (tsf)	Qt1	Fr (%)	Bq	SBTn	n	Cn	Ic	Qtn	U2	l(B)	Mod. SBTn
1	99.83	1.15	-0.19	0.49	99.83	1.15	6	1.97	122.51	0.06	0	0.06	1627.6	1.15	0	6	0.46	3.66	1.58	345.28	-0.22	75.99	7
2	24.02	0.94	-0.76	0.49	24.01	3.91	3	2.78	117.57	0.12	0	0.12	198.87	3.93	0	8	0.73	4.95	2.31	111.7	-0.46	23.89	5
3	13.89	0.84	-1.42	0.7	13.87	6.02	3	3.09	115.37	0.18	0	0.18	77.08	6.1	-0.01	3	0.86	4.62	2.62	59.76	-0.58	16.05	3
4	17.02	0.84	-0.6	0.53	17.01	4.91	3	2.96	115.87	0.24	0	0.24	71.21	4.98	0	4	0.84	3.54	2.58	56.15	-0.18	18.92	3
5	16.81	3.24	-1.82	0.85	16.79	19.28	3	3.38	125.75	0.3	0	0.3	55.24	19.63	-0.01	3	1	3.54	3.05	55.24	-0.44	5.65	2
6	453.95	8.25	0.53	1.13	453.95	1.82	6	1.7	137.28	0.37	0	0.37	1235.2	1.82	0	8	0.48	1.66	1.6	711.07	0.1	52.89	7
7	544.48	9.71	5.57	1.16	544.55	1.78	8	1.66	137.28	0.44	0	0.44	1248.2	1.78	0	8	0.47	1.52	1.58	782.04	0.92	54.03	7
8	416.77	6.47	6.37	1.63	416.85	1.55	6	1.66	137.28	0.5	0	0.5	825.47	1.56	0	6	0.48	1.42	1.59	560.61	0.91	60.59	7
9	34.36	0	1.38	0.08	34.37	0	0	0	87.36	0.55	0	0.55	61.72	0	0	0	1	1.93	4.06	61.72	0.18	102.45	0

Depth (ft)	CPT-7 In situ data				Basic output data																		
	qc (tsf)	fs (tsf)	u (psi)	Other	qt (tsf)	Rf(%)	SBT	Ic.SBT	$\bar{a}$ (pcf)	$\dot{o},v$ (tsf)	u0 (tsf)	$\dot{o}',v_0$ (tsf)	Qt1	Fr (%)	Bq	SBTn	n	Cn	Ic	Qtn	U2	(B)	Mod. SBTn
1	173.14	1.04	0.83	1.06	173.15	0.6	6	1.61	123.16	0.06	0	0.06	2809	0.6	0	7	0.35	2.68	1.3	438.22	0.97	134.04	7
2	34.04	0.42	0.99	0.87	34.06	1.23	5	2.36	112.49	0.12	0	0.12	287.85	1.23	0	6	0.59	3.64	1.92	116.86	0.6	59.33	7
3	16.08	1.04	0.8	0.91	16.09	6.49	3	3.06	117.36	0.18	0	0.18	90.21	6.56	0	9	0.85	4.6	2.61	69.12	0.33	15.11	3
4	33.63	1.88	1.07	1.01	33.64	5.59	3	2.78	123.46	0.24	0	0.24	140.22	5.63	0	9	0.79	3.27	2.45	103.15	0.32	17.39	3
5	20.36	1.15	1.06	1.08	20.38	5.64	3	2.94	118.64	0.3	0	0.3	67.48	5.72	0	4	0.86	2.98	2.62	56.6	0.26	16.91	3
6	17.65	0.63	0.77	1.11	17.66	3.55	3	2.86	113.85	0.35	0	0.35	48.81	3.62	0	4	0.85	2.52	2.57	41.22	0.16	23.36	5
7	28.4	1.15	0.66	1.25	28.41	4.04	4	2.74	119.45	0.41	0	0.41	67.58	4.1	0	4	0.82	2.17	2.51	57.35	0.11	22.06	5
8	36.97	2.4	-0.09	1.36	36.97	6.5	3	2.8	125.49	0.48	0	0.48	76.52	6.58	0	9	0.87	2	2.61	68.84	-0.01	15.07	3
9	39.79	2.72	0.35	1.37	39.79	6.82	3	2.79	126.56	0.54	0	0.54	72.66	6.92	0	9	0.88	1.81	2.64	67.04	0.05	14.43	3
10	33.1	1.67	0.49	1.44	33.11	5.05	3	2.76	122.56	0.6	0	0.6	54.04	5.14	0	4	0.88	1.64	2.62	50.4	0.06	18.36	3
11	21.09	0.42	0.58	1.6	21.1	1.98	4	2.65	111.32	0.66	0	0.66	31.11	2.04	0	4	0.84	1.49	2.53	28.87	0.06	30.14	5
12	20.47	0.31	0.21	1.61	20.47	1.53	4	2.6	109.14	0.71	0	0.71	27.76	1.59	0	5	0.84	1.39	2.5	26.01	0.02	32.37	7
13	30.7	0.63	-0.19	1.66	30.7	2.04	4	2.52	115.2	0.77	0	0.77	38.91	2.09	0	5	0.82	1.3	2.45	36.74	-0.02	31.81	5
14	38.12	0.94	0.39	1.87	38.12	2.47	4	2.5	118.7	0.83	0	0.83	45	2.52	0	5	0.82	1.22	2.45	43.09	0.03	29.73	5
15	56.6	1.98	0.06	2.19	56.6	3.51	4	2.48	125.13	0.89	0	0.89	62.51	3.56	0	4	0.82	1.15	2.45	60.65	0	24.7	5
16	220.97	4.18	0.32	1.63	220.97	1.89	6	1.89	133.9	0.96	0	0.96	229.6	1.9	0	6	0.61	1.06	1.87	220.88	0.02	47.18	7
17	46.89	4.49	0.56	0.87	46.89	9.58	3	2.86	130.65	1.02	0	1.02	44.81	9.79	0	3	0.99	1.03	2.86	44.8	0.04	10.78	3
18	136.9	3.97	0.82	1	136.91	2.9	5	2.16	132.35	1.09	0	1.09	124.65	2.92	0	5	0.73	0.98	2.17	125.65	0.05	31.03	5
19	393.69	5.85	0.66	0.61	393.7	1.49	6	1.66	137.28	1.16	0	1.16	338.89	1.49	0	6	0.54	0.95	1.67	353.25	0.04	60.92	7
20	224.21	11.07	0.75	1.02	224.21	4.94	9	2.23	137.28	1.23	0	1.23	181.74	4.96	0	9	0.77	0.89	2.26	188.07	0.04	19.74	3
21	312.76	9.19	-0.4	0.8	312.75	2.94	8	1.96	137.28	1.3	0	1.3	240.38	2.95	0	8	0.67	0.87	1.99	256.93	-0.02	32.24	7
22	171.37	7.83	-0.18	0.59	171.36	4.57	9	2.26	137.28	1.36	0	1.36	124.6	4.61	0	9	0.8	0.82	2.32	131.17	-0.01	20.94	3
23	329.05	10.13	0.04	1.02	329.05	3.08	8	1.97	137.28	1.43	0	1.43	228.65	3.09	0	8	0.69	0.81	2.02	251.45	0	30.85	5
24	769	0	-2.17	0.99	768.98	0	0	0	87.36	1.48	0	1.48	519.8	0	0	0	1	0.72	4.06	519.8	-0.11	756.86	0

Depth (ft)	CPT-8 In situ data				Basic output data																		
	qc (tsf)	fs (tsf)	u (psi)	Other	qt (tsf)	Rf(%)	SBT	Ic SBT	$\bar{a}$ (pcf)	$\acute{o},v$ (tsf)	u0 (tsf)	$\acute{o}',vo$ (tsf)	Qt1	Fr (%)	Bq	SBTn	n	Cn	Ic	Qtn	U2	(B)	Mod. SBTn
1	50.75	0.94	0.21	0.02	50.75	1.85	5	2.33	119.4	0.06	0	0.06	848.63	1.85	0	6	0.56	4.94	1.85	236.87	0.25	48.49	7
2	23.81	1.25	-0.56	0.24	23.8	5.26	3	2.87	119.65	0.12	0	0.12	198.01	5.29	0	9	0.77	5.33	2.39	119.24	-0.34	18.44	3
3	34.04	1.36	-2.8	0.22	34.01	3.99	4	2.68	121.11	0.18	0	0.18	187.94	4.01	-0.01	9	0.73	3.66	2.3	117.12	-1.12	23.54	5
4	18.59	1.25	-1.72	0.23	18.57	6.75	3	3.03	119.05	0.24	0	0.24	76.5	6.84	-0.01	9	0.87	3.64	2.65	63.04	-0.52	14.58	3
5	35.61	1.15	-4	0.26	35.56	3.23	4	2.6	120	0.3	0	0.3	117.69	3.26	-0.01	5	0.75	2.56	2.32	85.45	-0.96	27.4	5
6	18.07	0.21	-0.83	0.24	18.06	1.16	4	2.58	105.87	0.35	0	0.35	50.21	1.18	0	5	0.74	2.25	2.29	37.69	-0.17	41.66	7
7	18.38	0.52	-0.63	0.37	18.37	2.84	4	2.79	112.62	0.41	0	0.41	43.93	2.91	0	4	0.83	2.21	2.54	37.55	-0.11	26.54	5
8	27.05	1.25	-1.26	0.37	27.03	4.64	3	2.8	119.96	0.47	0	0.47	56.67	4.72	0	4	0.86	2.01	2.59	50.51	-0.19	19.63	3
9	29.03	1.98	-1.45	0.39	29.01	6.84	3	2.89	123.5	0.53	0	0.53	53.69	6.97	0	3	0.91	1.87	2.72	50.47	-0.2	14.34	3
10	29.97	1.78	-4.08	0.33	29.92	5.93	3	2.84	122.76	0.59	0	0.59	49.55	6.05	-0.01	3	0.9	1.69	2.69	46.86	-0.5	16.08	3
11	27.78	0.84	-0.97	0.35	27.77	3.01	4	2.66	117.06	0.65	0	0.65	41.68	3.08	0	4	0.85	1.51	2.54	38.74	-0.11	25.74	5
12	17.23	0.63	-0.43	0.32	17.23	3.64	3	2.88	113.79	0.71	0	0.71	23.35	3.79	0	4	0.94	1.46	2.77	22.8	-0.04	20.96	3
13	30.81	0.52	-0.77	0.29	30.8	1.7	5	2.47	113.88	0.76	0	0.76	39.3	1.74	0	5	0.8	1.3	2.4	36.83	-0.07	34.94	7
14	39.37	0.63	-1.02	0.3	39.36	1.59	5	2.37	115.81	0.82	0	0.82	46.87	1.63	0	5	0.77	1.22	2.32	44.25	-0.09	38.22	7
15	20.05	0.63	0	0.3	20.05	3.13	4	2.78	114.16	0.88	0	0.88	21.8	3.27	0	4	0.94	1.19	2.75	21.56	0	22.47	5
16	25.9	0.84	0.06	0.34	25.9	3.23	4	2.71	116.89	0.94	0	0.94	26.62	3.35	0	4	0.92	1.12	2.69	26.36	0	22.98	5
17	25.17	0.84	-0.43	0.36	25.16	3.32	4	2.72	116.82	1	0	1	24.26	3.46	0	4	0.94	1.06	2.73	24.16	-0.03	22.25	5
18	25.38	0.73	0.1	0.29	25.38	2.88	4	2.68	115.87	1.05	0	1.05	23.08	3.01	0	4	0.93	1	2.71	23.07	0.01	23.73	5
19	43.44	1.04	-0.63	0.4	43.43	2.4	5	2.45	119.79	1.11	0	1.11	37.99	2.47	0	4	0.85	0.96	2.48	38.29	-0.04	29.36	5
20	30.81	1.04	-0.1	0.34	30.8	3.39	4	2.66	118.95	1.17	0	1.17	25.25	3.52	0	4	0.94	0.91	2.72	25.41	-0.01	22.19	5
21	17.65	0.84	-1.25	0.36	17.63	4.74	3	2.94	115.95	1.23	0	1.23	13.32	5.09	-0.01	3	1	0.86	3.04	13.32	-0.07	16.92	3
22	28.61	0.73	-1.34	0.41	28.6	2.56	4	2.61	116.16	1.29	0	1.29	21.17	2.68	0	4	0.94	0.83	2.7	21.43	-0.07	24.68	5
23	42.5	0.94	-6.4	0.33	42.42	2.22	5	2.44	118.96	1.35	0	1.35	30.45	2.29	-0.01	4	0.88	0.81	2.53	31.37	-0.34	29.18	5
24	30.08	1.04	-1.45	0.31	30.06	3.47	4	2.68	118.89	1.41	0	1.41	20.34	3.65	0	3	0.98	0.75	2.8	20.44	-0.07	21.06	3
25	42.5	0.63	-1.64	0.27	42.48	1.47	5	2.33	115.99	1.47	0	1.47	27.97	1.53	0	5	0.85	0.76	2.45	29.36	-0.08	34.27	7
26	10.55	0.31	-0.83	0.33	10.54	2.97	3	3	107.52	1.52	0	1.52	5.93	3.47	-0.01	3	1	0.7	3.22	5.93	-0.04	17.58	2
27	7.41	0.31	-1.06	0.34	7.4	4.23	3	3.21	106.66	1.57	0	1.57	3.7	5.38	-0.01	3	1	0.67	3.5	3.7	-0.05	15.24	2
28	17.44	0.42	-0.48	0.35	17.43	2.4	4	2.76	110.86	1.63	0	1.63	9.7	2.64	0	3	1	0.65	2.98	9.7	-0.02	20.6	2
29	27.57	0.63	0.19	0.37	27.57	2.27	4	2.59	114.94	1.69	0	1.69	15.35	2.42	0	4	0.99	0.63	2.79	15.4	0.01	23.68	4
30	32.79	1.15	0.78	0.41	32.8	3.5	4	2.65	119.8	1.75	0	1.75	17.78	3.7	0	3	1	0.61	2.85	17.78	0.03	20.46	3
31	43.76	1.78	0.77	0.46	43.76	4.06	4	2.6	123.69	1.81	0	1.81	23.2	4.23	0	3	1	0.59	2.8	23.2	0.03	19.74	3
32	59.73	3.24	1.02	0.46	59.74	5.42	4	2.6	128.84	1.87	0	1.87	30.9	5.59	0	3	1	0.57	2.79	30.9	0.04	16.84	3
33	48.87	4.18	1.54	0.5	48.89	8.54	3	2.81	130.22	1.94	0	1.94	24.23	8.9	0	3	1	0.55	3.01	24.23	0.06	11.99	3
34	49.08	1.67	1.56	0.47	49.1	3.4	4	2.51	123.52	2	0	2	23.56	3.55	0	4	0.99	0.53	2.74	23.7	0.06	21.87	3
35	52.63	1.98	1.45	0.4	52.65	3.77	4	2.52	124.95	2.06	0	2.06	24.53	3.92	0	4	1	0.51	2.76	24.55	0.05	20.78	3
36	188.07	4.07	2.41	0.53	188.1	2.17	6	1.98	133.32	2.13	0	2.13	87.37	2.19	0	5	0.76	0.59	2.13	103.03	0.08	38.23	7
37	182.75	7.31	3	0.01	182.78	4	8	2.2	137.28	2.2	0	2.2	82.19	4.05	0	4	0.86	0.53	2.37	91.24	0.1	23.04	5
38	183.27	10.34	3.77	-0.33	183.32	5.64	9	2.32	137.28	2.27	0	2.27	79.91	5.71	0	9	0.91	0.5	2.5	85.45	0.12	17.11	3
39	219.4	13.47	4.13	0.02	219.45	6.14	9	2.32	137.28	2.33	0	2.33	93.01	6.2	0	9	0.91	0.49	2.49	99.82	0.13	15.93	3
40	674.39	13.68	3.93	0.9	674.44	2.03	8	1.67	137.28	2.4	0	2.4	279.65	2.04	0	6	0.64	0.59	1.77	376.18	0.12	46.21	7
41	672.3	13.89	1.97	1.03	672.33	2.07	8	1.67	137.28	2.47	0	2.47	270.99	2.07	0	6	0.65	0.58	1.78	365.7	0.06	45.36	7
42	732.77	0	-7.26	0.75	732.68	0	0	0	87.36	2.52	0	2.52	290.26	0	0	0	1	0.42	4.06	290.26	-0.21	428.94	0

Depth (ft)	CPT-9 In situ data				Basic output data																		
	qc (tsf)	fs (tsf)	u (psi)	Other	qt (tsf)	Rf(%)	SBT	Ic.SBT	$\bar{a}$ (pcf)	$\acute{o},v$ (tsf)	u0 (tsf)	$\acute{o}',vo$ (tsf)	Qt1	Fr (%)	Bq	SBTn	n	Cn	Ic	Qtn	U2	l(B)	Mod. SBTn
1	93.67	1.15	1.14	-0.99	93.69	1.23	6	2.01	122.36	0.06	0	0.06	1529.3	1.23	0	6	0.47	3.79	1.61	334.98	1.34	71.72	7
2	38.74	1.67	1.46	-0.8	38.76	4.31	4	2.66	122.95	0.12	0	0.12	314.81	4.32	0	9	0.71	4.59	2.23	167.77	0.85	22.35	5
3	14.83	1.15	0.68	-0.6	14.84	7.74	3	3.14	117.86	0.18	0	0.18	80.74	7.84	0	9	0.88	4.72	2.68	65.41	0.27	12.94	3
4	7	0.63	0	-0.51	7	8.96	3	3.43	111.6	0.24	0	0.24	28.48	9.27	0	3	0.99	4.42	2.98	28.24	0	11.53	3
5	7.94	0.42	0.58	-0.52	7.94	5.26	3	3.24	108.94	0.29	0	0.29	26.22	5.46	0.01	3	0.95	3.41	2.85	24.67	0.14	16.94	3
6	11.07	0.52	0	-0.61	11.07	4.72	3	3.1	111.38	0.35	0	0.35	30.85	4.87	0	3	0.92	2.8	2.78	28.35	0	18.43	3
7	37.28	0.94	0.68	-0.56	37.29	2.52	4	2.52	118.64	0.41	0	0.41	90.63	2.55	0	5	0.74	2.03	2.29	70.91	0.12	32.27	7
8	24.75	1.04	0.08	-0.45	24.75	4.22	3	2.8	118.41	0.47	0	0.47	52.11	4.3	0	4	0.86	2.02	2.59	46.36	0.01	20.92	3
9	30.18	0.63	0.31	-0.42	30.18	2.08	4	2.53	115.16	0.52	0	0.52	56.64	2.11	0	5	0.77	1.72	2.36	48.33	0.04	33.89	7
10	83.02	3.13	0.34	-0.49	83.02	3.77	4	2.39	129.41	0.59	0	0.59	140.11	3.8	0	8	0.74	1.55	2.27	120.56	0.04	24.72	5
11	492.9	0	1.95	-0.71	492.92	0	0	0	87.36	0.63	0	0.63	778.86	0	0	0	1	1.67	4.06	778.86	0.22	1126.94	0

Depth (ft)	CPT-10 In situ data					Basic output data																	
	qc (tsf)	fs (tsf)	u (psi)	Other	qt (tsf)	Rf(%)	SBT	Ic SBT	$\bar{a}$ (pcf)	$\dot{o},v$ (tsf)	u0 (tsf)	$\dot{o},vo$ (tsf)	Qt1	Fr (%)	Bq	SBTn	n	Cn	Ic	Qtn	U2	l(B)	Mod. SBTn
1	117.06	1.25	-0.05	0.94	117.06	1.07	6	1.9	123.54	0.06	0	0.06	1892.9	1.07	0	6	0.44	3.48	1.53	384.78	-0.06	81.88	7
2	35.61	1.25	-0.14	1.07	35.61	3.52	4	2.63	120.64	0.12	0	0.12	290.47	3.53	0	8	0.69	4.45	2.19	149.28	-0.08	26.67	5
3	79.26	1.15	-0.33	1.09	79.26	1.45	5	2.11	121.95	0.18	0	0.18	432.14	1.45	0	6	0.55	2.63	1.82	196.48	-0.13	58.09	7
4	64.01	1.36	-0.68	1.11	64.01	2.12	5	2.29	122.65	0.24	0	0.24	260.94	2.13	0	5	0.63	2.51	2.02	151.25	-0.2	41.13	7
5	17.23	0.73	-0.29	1.2	17.23	4.24	3	2.92	114.92	0.3	0	0.3	56.07	4.32	0	4	0.85	2.9	2.59	46.43	-0.07	20.86	3
6	15.87	0.52	-0.64	1.19	15.87	3.29	3	2.88	112.26	0.36	0	0.36	43.31	3.37	0	4	0.85	2.51	2.58	36.85	-0.13	24.14	5
7	21.3	0.63	-0.55	1.26	21.3	2.94	4	2.75	114.31	0.42	0	0.42	50.29	3	0	4	0.82	2.16	2.5	42.62	-0.1	26.59	5
8	39.26	1.46	-0.37	1.34	39.26	3.72	4	2.61	122	0.48	0	0.48	81.47	3.77	0	4	0.8	1.89	2.43	69.24	-0.06	23.94	5
9	29.03	1.98	-1.41	1.48	29.01	6.84	3	2.89	123.5	0.54	0	0.54	52.94	6.97	0	3	0.91	1.85	2.72	49.89	-0.19	14.34	3
10	33.31	1.88	-2.44	1.52	33.28	5.65	3	2.79	123.44	0.6	0	0.6	54.51	5.75	-0.01	3	0.89	1.66	2.65	51.16	-0.29	16.79	3
11	39.37	1.04	-2.79	1.48	39.33	2.65	4	2.51	119.54	0.66	0	0.66	58.65	2.7	-0.01	5	0.8	1.46	2.4	53.26	-0.3	29.59	5
12	29.97	0.52	-1.45	1.56	29.95	1.74	5	2.49	113.81	0.72	0	0.72	40.81	1.79	0	5	0.8	1.36	2.4	37.71	-0.15	34.74	7
13	22.66	0.31	-0.78	1.58	22.65	1.38	5	2.54	109.39	0.77	0	0.77	28.38	1.43	0	5	0.82	1.3	2.46	26.85	-0.07	33.98	6
14	26.84	0.42	-0.79	1.64	26.83	1.56	5	2.5	111.91	0.83	0	0.83	31.44	1.61	0	5	0.82	1.22	2.45	30.1	-0.07	33.88	7
15	25.38	0.63	-0.36	1.6	25.37	2.47	4	2.64	114.74	0.88	0	0.88	27.69	2.56	0	4	0.89	1.17	2.61	27.13	-0.03	26.63	5
16	23.39	0.63	-0.78	1.7	23.38	2.68	4	2.69	114.54	0.94	0	0.94	23.83	2.79	0	4	0.91	1.11	2.68	23.6	-0.06	24.72	5
17	26.84	0.63	-0.48	1.6	26.83	2.34	4	2.61	114.87	1	0	1	25.86	2.43	0	4	0.89	1.05	2.61	25.7	-0.03	26.98	5
18	29.03	0.84	-0.77	1.59	29.02	2.88	4	2.64	117.17	1.06	0	1.06	26.44	2.99	0	4	0.91	1	2.66	26.44	-0.05	24.46	5
19	34.15	1.15	-0.68	1.76	34.14	3.36	4	2.63	119.9	1.12	0	1.12	29.55	3.48	0	4	0.92	0.95	2.66	29.68	-0.04	22.9	5
20	24.75	1.25	-0.46	1.9	24.74	5.06	3	2.85	119.75	1.18	0	1.18	20.02	5.32	0	3	1	0.9	2.91	20.02	-0.03	17.01	3
21	15.87	0.84	-0.83	2.09	15.86	5.27	3	3.01	115.7	1.24	0	1.24	11.84	5.71	0	3	1	0.86	3.11	11.84	-0.05	15.87	3
22	26.42	0.84	-0.24	2.17	26.42	3.16	4	2.69	116.94	1.29	0	1.29	19.42	3.33	0	4	0.97	0.82	2.79	19.52	-0.01	21.88	3
23	25.38	0.94	0.09	2.31	25.38	3.7	4	2.75	117.7	1.35	0	1.35	17.76	3.91	0	3	1	0.78	2.87	17.76	0	19.9	3
24	11.17	1.04	0.48	2.61	11.18	9.34	3	3.28	116.48	1.41	0	1.41	6.92	10.69	0	2	1	0.75	3.46	6.92	0.02	11.75	1
25	20.05	1.15	0.22	2.86	20.05	5.73	3	2.95	118.6	1.47	0	1.47	12.64	6.18	0	3	1	0.72	3.11	12.64	0.01	15.28	3
26	19.53	0.94	0.62	3.05	19.54	4.81	3	2.91	117.07	1.53	0	1.53	11.78	5.22	0	3	1	0.69	3.08	11.78	0.03	16.56	3
27	46.89	1.57	0.17	3.27	46.89	3.34	4	2.52	122.94	1.59	0	1.59	28.49	3.46	0	4	0.94	0.68	2.67	29.17	0.01	22.92	5
28	40.41	1.36	0.69	3.29	40.42	3.36	4	2.57	121.53	1.65	0	1.65	23.49	3.5	0	4	0.97	0.65	2.74	23.79	0.03	22.04	5
29	59.21	2.19	0.45	3.31	59.22	3.7	4	2.48	125.97	1.71	0	1.71	33.55	3.81	0	4	0.94	0.64	2.64	34.58	0.02	22.08	5
30	104.43	3.03	1.06	3.35	104.44	2.9	5	2.24	129.72	1.78	0	1.78	57.72	2.95	0	5	0.84	0.65	2.38	62.7	0.04	28.51	5
31	59.31	2.61	1.16	3.53	59.33	4.4	4	2.54	127.25	1.84	0	1.84	31.2	4.54	0	4	0.97	0.58	2.72	31.66	0.05	19.49	3
32	57.96	1.67	0.74	3.67	57.97	2.88	5	2.41	123.93	1.9	0	1.9	29.44	2.98	0	4	0.93	0.58	2.61	30.59	0.03	25.19	5
33	46.57	1.46	1.38	3.65	46.59	3.14	4	2.51	122.42	1.97	0	1.97	22.71	3.28	0	4	0.98	0.54	2.73	22.94	0.05	22.69	5
34	43.76	1.67	1.55	3.65	43.77	3.82	4	2.58	123.24	2.03	0	2.03	20.59	4	0	3	1	0.52	2.82	20.59	0.05	20.07	3
35	151.94	5.74	1.16	3.55	151.96	3.78	8	2.23	135.31	2.09	0	2.09	71.54	3.83	0	4	0.86	0.56	2.39	78.62	0.04	23.87	5
36	526.1	12.74	2.28	4.01	526.13	2.42	8	1.78	137.28	2.16	0	2.16	242.19	2.43	0	8	0.67	0.62	1.88	306.72	0.08	38.82	7
37	153.3	11.28	2.51	4.23	153.33	7.36	9	2.46	137.28	2.23	0	2.23	67.69	7.46	0	9	0.97	0.49	2.65	69.43	0.08	13.5	3
38	753.44	12.64	1.91	4.31	753.47	1.68	8	1.57	137.28	2.3	0	2.3	326.5	1.68	0	6	0.59	0.63	1.66	448.3	0.06	55.61	7
39	656.01	15.35	0.66	4.72	656.02	2.34	8	1.73	137.28	2.37	0	2.37	275.88	2.35	0	8	0.66	0.59	1.83	362.76	0.02	40.43	7
40	540.93	12.43	-1.64	5.06	540.91	2.3	8	1.75	137.28	2.44	0	2.44	220.87	2.31	0	6	0.68	0.57	1.88	288.28	-0.05	40.57	7
41	190.79	10.86	-1.23	5.44	190.77	5.69	9	2.32	137.28	2.51	0	2.51	75.11	5.77	0	9	0.93	0.45	2.53	79.66	-0.04	16.93	3
42	544.59	0	-1.54	5.52	544.57	0	0	0	87.36	2.55	0	2.55	212.52	0	0	0	1	0.41	4.06	212.52	-0.04	317.89	0

Presented below is a list of formulas used for the estimation of various soil properties. The formulas are presented in SI unit system and assume that all components are expressed in the same units.

**:: Unit Weight,  $g$  (kN/m<sup>3</sup>) ::**

$$g = g_w \cdot \left( 0.27 \cdot \log(R_f) + 0.36 \cdot \log\left(\frac{q_t}{p_a}\right) + 1.236 \right)$$

where  $g_w$  = water unit weight

**:: Permeability,  $k$  (m/s) ::**

$$I_c < 3.27 \text{ and } I_c > 1.00 \text{ then } k = 10^{0.952-3.04 \cdot I_c}$$

$$I_c \leq 4.00 \text{ and } I_c > 3.27 \text{ then } k = 10^{-4.52-1.37 \cdot I_c}$$

**:: N<sub>SPT</sub> (blows per 30 cm) ::**

$$N_{60} = \left( \frac{q_c}{p_a} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{10^{1.1268-0.2817 \cdot I_c}}$$

$$N_{I(60)} = Q_{tn} \cdot \frac{1}{10^{1.1268-0.2817 \cdot I_c}}$$

**:: Young's Modulus,  $E_s$  (MPa) ::**

$$(q_t - \sigma_v) \cdot 0.015 \cdot 10^{0.55 \cdot I_c + 1.68}$$

(applicable only to  $I_c < I_{c\_cutoff}$ )

**:: Relative Density,  $D_r$  (%) ::**

$$100 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{Q_{tn}}{k_{DR}}} \quad \text{(applicable only to SBT}_n\text{: 5, 6, 7 and 8 or } I_c < I_{c\_cutoff}\text{)}$$

**:: State Parameter,  $\psi$  ::**

$$\psi = 0.56 - 0.33 \cdot \log(Q_{tn,cs})$$

**:: Peak drained friction angle,  $\phi$  (°) ::**

$$\phi = 17.60 + 11 \cdot \log(Q_{tn})$$

(applicable only to SBT<sub>n</sub>: 5, 6, 7 and 8)

**:: 1-D constrained modulus,  $M$  (MPa) ::**

If  $I_c > 2.20$

$$\alpha = 14 \text{ for } Q_{tn} > 14$$

$$\alpha = Q_{tn} \text{ for } Q_{tn} \leq 14$$

$$M_{CPT} = \alpha \cdot (q_t - \sigma_v)$$

If  $I_c \leq 2.20$

$$M_{CPT} = (q_t - \sigma_v) \cdot 0.0188 \cdot 10^{0.55 \cdot I_c + 1.68}$$

**References**

- Robertson, P.K., Cabal K.L., Guide to Cone Penetration Testing for Geotechnical Engineering, Gregg Drilling & Testing, Inc., 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, November 2012
- Robertson, P.K., Interpretation of Cone Penetration Tests - a unified approach., Can. Geotech. J. 46(11): 1337–1355 (2009)

**:: Small strain shear Modulus,  $G_0$  (MPa) ::**

$$G_0 = (q_t - \sigma_v) \cdot 0.0188 \cdot 10^{0.55 \cdot I_c + 1.68}$$

**:: Shear Wave Velocity,  $V_s$  (m/s) ::**

$$V_s = \left( \frac{G_0}{\rho} \right)^{0.50}$$

**:: Undrained peak shear strength,  $S_u$  (kPa) ::**

$$N_{kt} = 10.50 + 7 \cdot \log(F_r) \text{ or user defined}$$

$$S_u = \frac{(q_t - \sigma_v)}{N_{kt}}$$

(applicable only to SBT<sub>n</sub>: 1, 2, 3, 4 and 9 or  $I_c > I_{c\_cutoff}$ )

**:: Remolded undrained shear strength,  $S_{u(rem)}$  (kPa) ::**

$$S_{u(rem)} = f_s \quad \text{(applicable only to SBT}_n\text{: 1, 2, 3, 4 and 9 or } I_c > I_{c\_cutoff}\text{)}$$

**:: Overconsolidation Ratio, OCR ::**

$$k_{OCR} = \left[ \frac{Q_{tn}^{0.20}}{0.25 \cdot (10.50 + 7 \cdot \log(F_r))} \right]^{1.25} \text{ or user defined}$$

$$OCR = k_{OCR} \cdot Q_{tn}$$

(applicable only to SBT<sub>n</sub>: 1, 2, 3, 4 and 9 or  $I_c > I_{c\_cutoff}$ )

**:: In situ Stress Ratio,  $K_0$  ::**

$$K_0 = (1 - \sin \phi') \cdot OCR^{\sin \phi'}$$

(applicable only to SBT<sub>n</sub>: 1, 2, 3, 4 and 9 or  $I_c > I_{c\_cutoff}$ )

**:: Soil Sensitivity,  $S_t$  ::**

$$S_t = \frac{N_s}{F_r}$$

(applicable only to SBT<sub>n</sub>: 1, 2, 3, 4 and 9 or  $I_c > I_{c\_cutoff}$ )

**:: Effective Stress Friction Angle,  $\phi'$  (°) ::**

$$\phi' = 29.5^\circ \cdot B_q^{0.121} \cdot (0.256 + 0.336 \cdot B_q + \log Q_t)$$

(applicable for  $0.10 < B_q < 1.00$ )

# Appendix B

Laboratory Testing Program

## APPENDIX B: LABORATORY TESTING PROGRAM

Tests were conducted in our laboratory on representative soil samples for the purpose of classification and evaluation of their relevant physical characteristics and engineering properties. The amount and selection of tests were based on the geotechnical requirements of the project. Test results are presented herein and on the Logs of Borings in Appendix A, *Field Exploration*. The following is a summary of the laboratory tests conducted for this project.

### B.1 Moisture Content and Dry Density

Results of moisture content and dry density tests, performed on relatively undisturbed ring samples were used to aid in the classification of the soils and to provide quantitative measure of the *in situ* dry density. Data obtained from this test provides qualitative information on strength and compressibility characteristics of site soils. For test results, see the Logs of Borings in Appendix A, *Field Exploration*.

### B.2 Grain-Size Analysis

To assist in classification of soils, mechanical grain-size analyses were performed on Two (2) selected samples. Testing was performed in general accordance with the ASTM Standard C136 test method. Grain-size curves are shown in Drawing No. B-1, *Grain Size Distribution Results*.

### B.3 Percent Finer than Sieve No. 200

The percent finer than sieve No. 200 tests were performed on six (6) representative soil samples to aid in the classification of the on-site soils and to estimate other engineering parameters. Testing was performed in general accordance with the ASTM Standard D1140 test method. Test results are presented in the Logs of Borings in Appendix A, *Field Exploration*.

**Table No. B-1, Percent Passing Sieve # 200 Results**

Boring No.	Depth (feet)	Soil Classification	Percent Passing Sieve No. 200
BH-3	0-5	Silty Sand (SM)	43%
BH-3	15	Silty Sand (SM) with trace gravels	34%
BH-3	25	Silty Sand (SM) with trace gravels	45%
BH-3	35	Sandy Clay (CL)	55%
BH-4	5	Silty Sand (SM)	38%
BH-6	5	Silty Sand (SM) with trace silt	29 %

#### B.4 Maximum Dry Density Test

One (1) laboratory maximum dry density-moisture content relationship test was performed on one representative bulk sample. The test was conducted in accordance with ASTM Standard D1557 laboratory procedure. The test result is presented on Drawing No. B-2, *Moisture-Density Relationship Results*.

#### B.5 Direct Shear

Direct shear tests were performed on three (3) relatively undisturbed samples at soaked moisture conditions. For each test, three samples contained in brass sampler rings were placed, one at a time, directly into the test apparatus and subjected to a range of normal loads appropriate for the anticipated conditions. The samples were then sheared at a constant strain rate of 0.01 inch/minute. Shear deformation was recorded until a maximum of about 0.50-inch shear displacement was achieved. Ultimate strength was selected from the shear-stress deformation data and plotted to determine the shear strength parameters. For test data, including sample density and moisture content, see Drawing Nos. B-3 through B-5, *Direct Shear Test Results*, and in the following table:

**Table No. B-2, Direct Shear Test Results**

Boring No.	Depth (feet)	Soil Classification	Peak Strength Parameters	
			Friction Angle (degrees)	Cohesion (psf)
BH-1	10	Clayey Sand (SC)	34	110
BH-5	5	Sandy Silt (ML)	25	240
BH - 8	5	Clayey Silt (ML)	27	360

#### B.6 Consolidation Test

Consolidation tests were performed on two (2) selected samples. Data obtained from this test performed on a relatively undisturbed soil sample was used to evaluate the settlement characteristics of the foundation soils under load. Preparation for this test involved trimming the sample and placing the one-inch high brass ring into the test apparatus, which contained porous stones, both top and bottom, to accommodate drainage during testing. Normal axial loads were applied to one end of the sample through the porous stones, and the resulting deflections were recorded at various time periods. The load was increased after the sample reached a reasonable state of equilibrium. Normal loads were applied at a constant load-increment ratio, successive loads being generally twice the preceding load. The sample was tested at field and submerged conditions. The test results, including sample density and moisture content, are presented in Drawing Nos. B-6 through B-7, *Consolidation Test Results*.

**B.7 R-Value Test**

One (1) representative bulk soil sample was tested for resistance value (R-value) in accordance with ASTM D2844 Standard. This test is designed to provide a relative measure of soil strength for use in pavement design. The test results are shown in the following table:

**Table No. B-3, R-value Test Result**

Boring No.	Depth (feet)	Soil Classification	Measured R-value
BH-5	1-5	Silty Sand (SM)	46

**B.8 Soil Corrosivity**

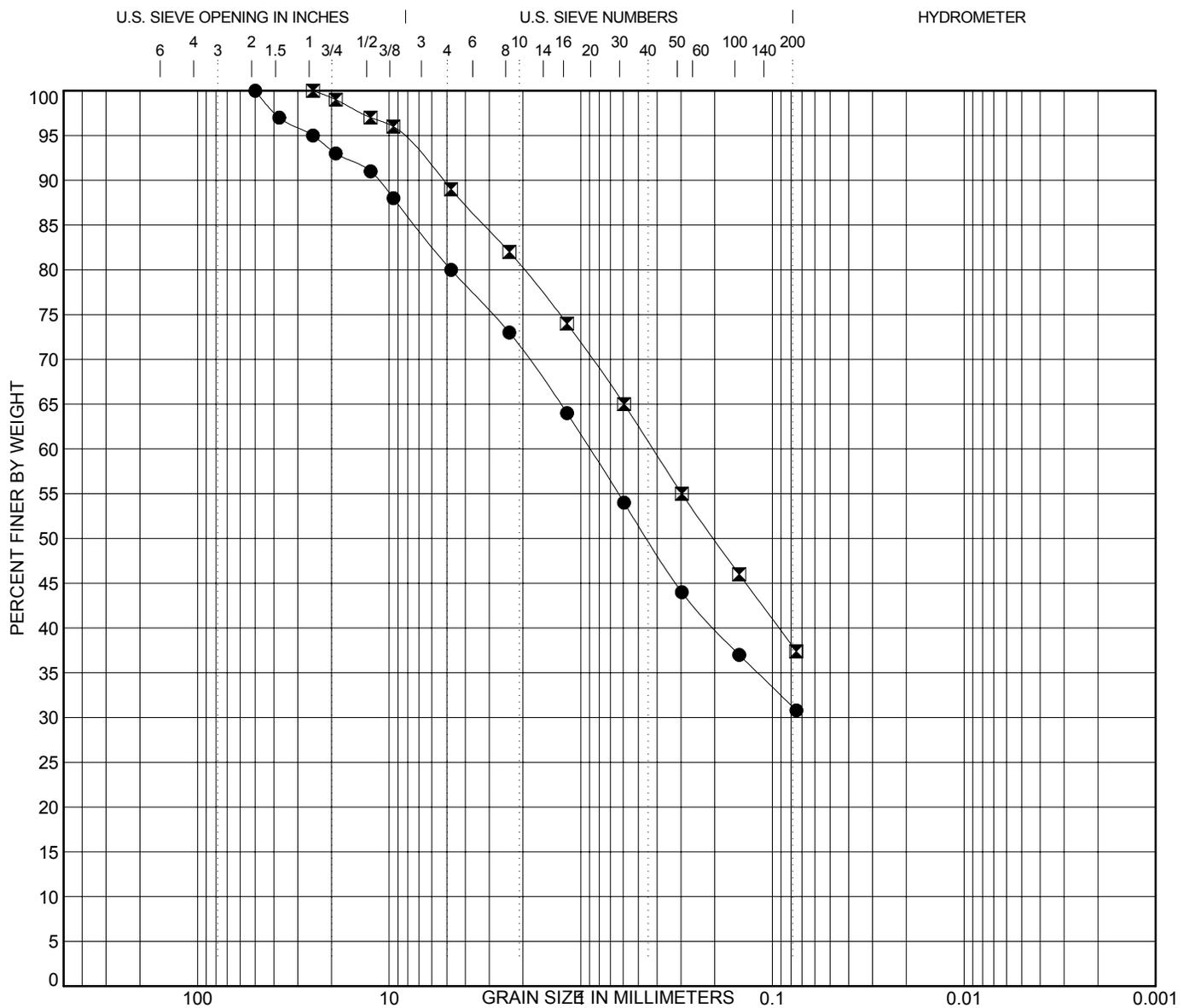
One (1) representative soil sample was tested to determine minimum electrical resistivity, pH, and chemical content, including chloride concentrations, and soluble sulfate. The purpose of these tests is to determine the corrosion potential of site soils when placed in contact with common construction materials. These tests were performed by EGL in Arcadia, California. The test results received from EGL are included in the following table:

**Table No. B-4, Corrosivity Test Results**

Boring No.	Sample Depth (feet)	pH (Caltrans 643)	Soluble Chlorides (Caltrans 422) ppm	Soluble Sulfate (Caltrans 417) (%)	Saturated Resistivity (Caltrans 532) Ohm-cm
BH-4	10	8.17	115	0.006	2,100

**B.9 Sample Storage**

Soil samples presently stored in our laboratory will be discarded 30 days after the date of this report, unless this office receives a specific request to retain the samples for a longer period of time.



COBBLES	GRAVEL		SAND			SILT OR CLAY
	coarse	fine	coarse	medium	fine	

Boring No.	Depth (ft)	Description				LL	PL	PI	Cc	Cu
● BH-1	0-5	SANDY SILT (ML)								
☒ BH-7	0-5	SILTY SAND (SM)								
Boring No.	Depth (ft)	D100	D60	D30	D10	%Gravel	%Sand	%Silt	%Clay	
● BH-1	0-5	50	0.897			20.0	49.2	30.8		
☒ BH-7	0-5	25	0.42			11.0	51.6	37.4		

### GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION RESULTS

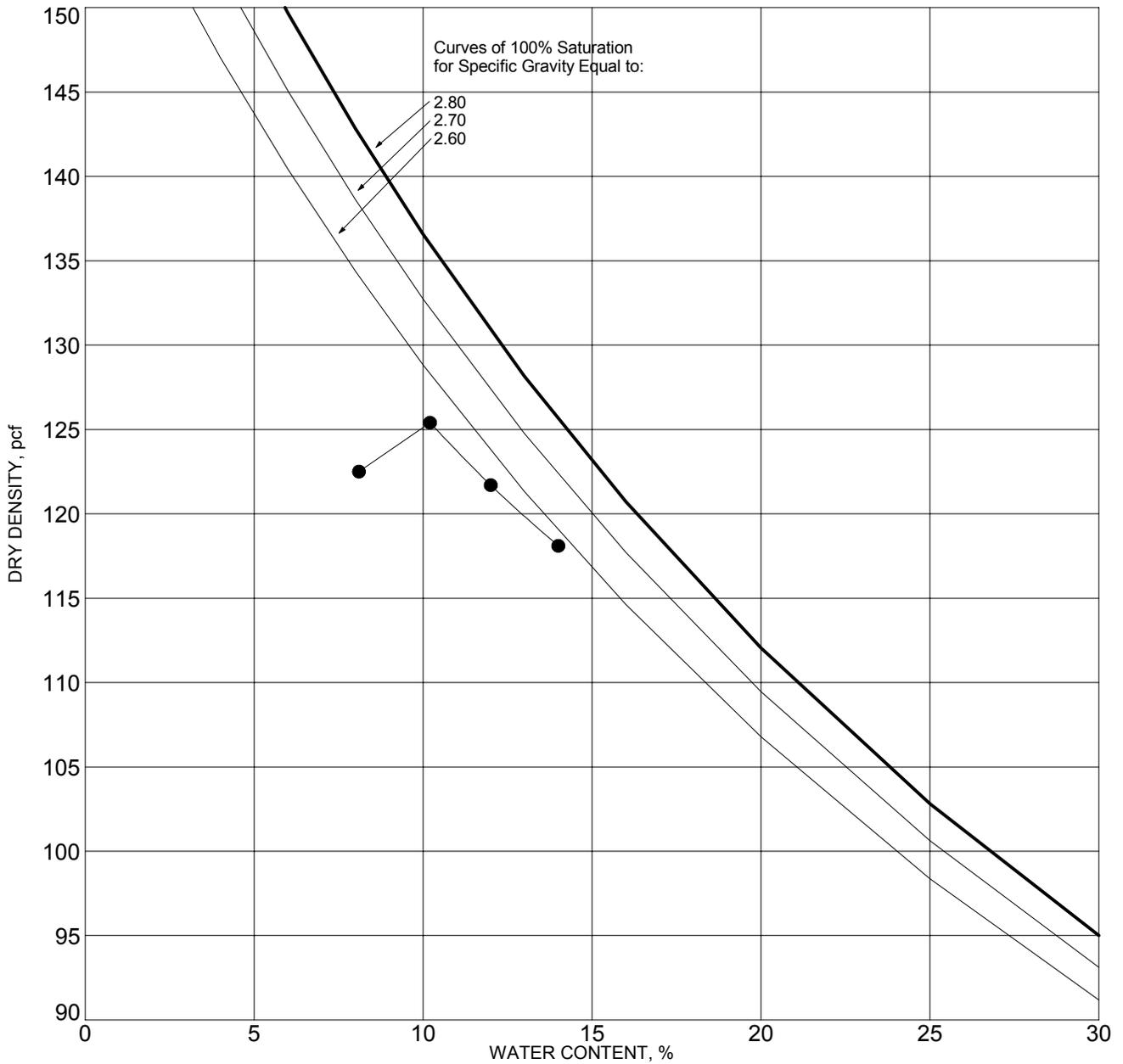


**Converse Consultants**

Project Name  
 MT. SAN ANTONIO COLLEGE  
 PARKING LOT S  
 WALNUT, CALIFORNIA

Project No.  
 17-31-247-01

Figure No.  
 B-1



SYMBOL	BORING NO.	DEPTH (ft)	DESCRIPTION	ASTM TEST METHOD	OPTIMUM WATER, %	MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY, pcf
●	BH-3	0-5	SILTY SAND (SM)	D1557 Method B	10.2	125.4

NOTE:

## MOISTURE-DENSITY RELATIONSHIP RESULTS

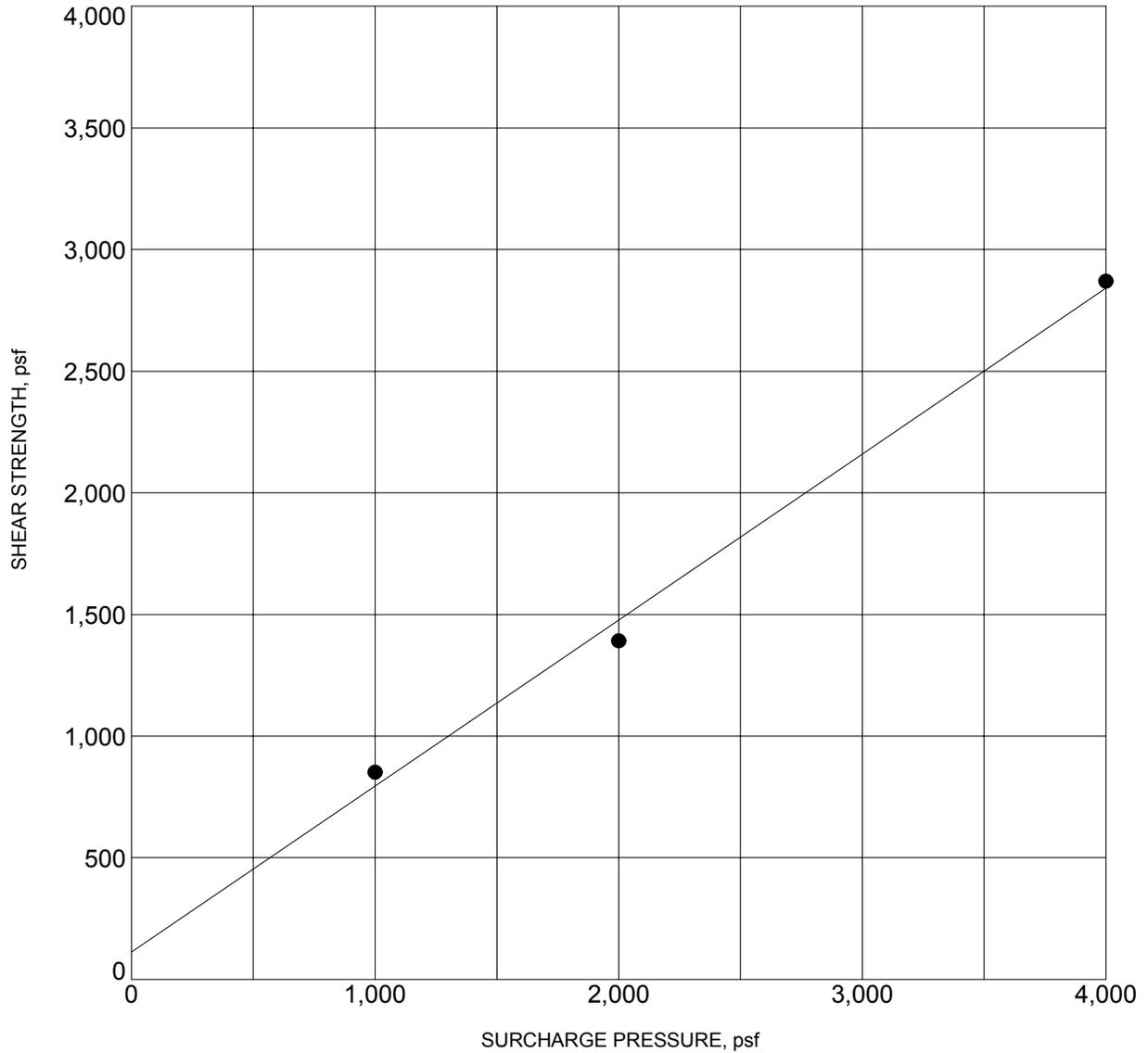


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Figure No.  
 B-2



BORING NO. :	<b>BH-1</b>	DEPTH (ft) :	<b>10</b>
DESCRIPTION :	<b>CLAYEY SAND (SC)</b>		
COHESION (psf) :	<b>110</b>	FRICTION ANGLE (degrees):	<b>34</b>
MOISTURE CONTENT (%) :	<b>9.0</b>	DRY DENSITY (pcf) :	<b>107.0</b>

NOTE: Ultimate Strength.

## DIRECT SHEAR TEST RESULTS

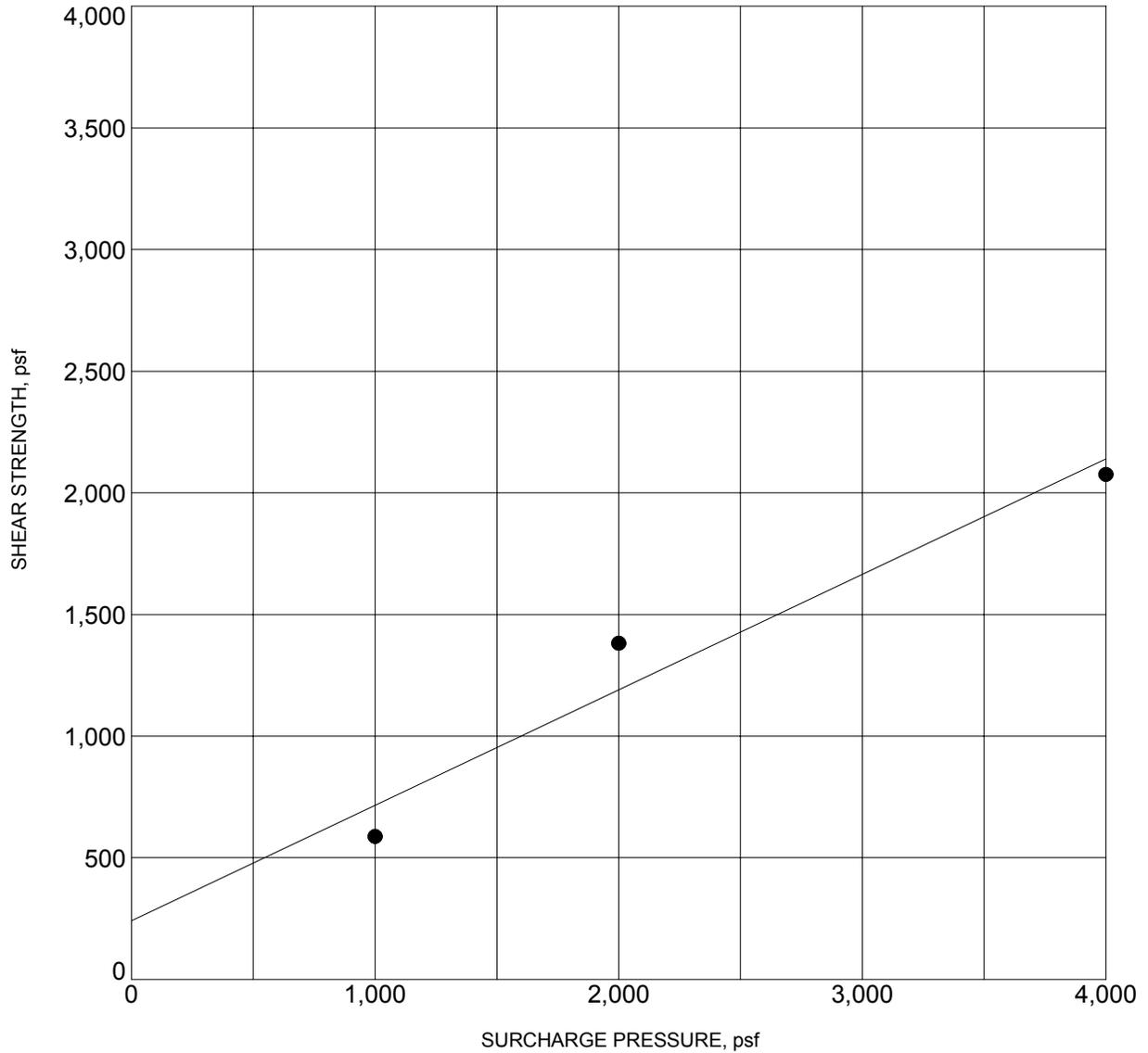


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Figure No.  
 B-3



BORING NO. :	<b>BH-5</b>	DEPTH (ft) :	<b>5</b>
DESCRIPTION :	<b>SANDY SILT (ML)</b>		
COHESION (psf) :	<b>240</b>	FRICTION ANGLE (degrees):	<b>25</b>
MOISTURE CONTENT (%) :	<b>17.0</b>	DRY DENSITY (pcf) :	<b>110.0</b>

NOTE: Ultimate Strength.

## DIRECT SHEAR TEST RESULTS

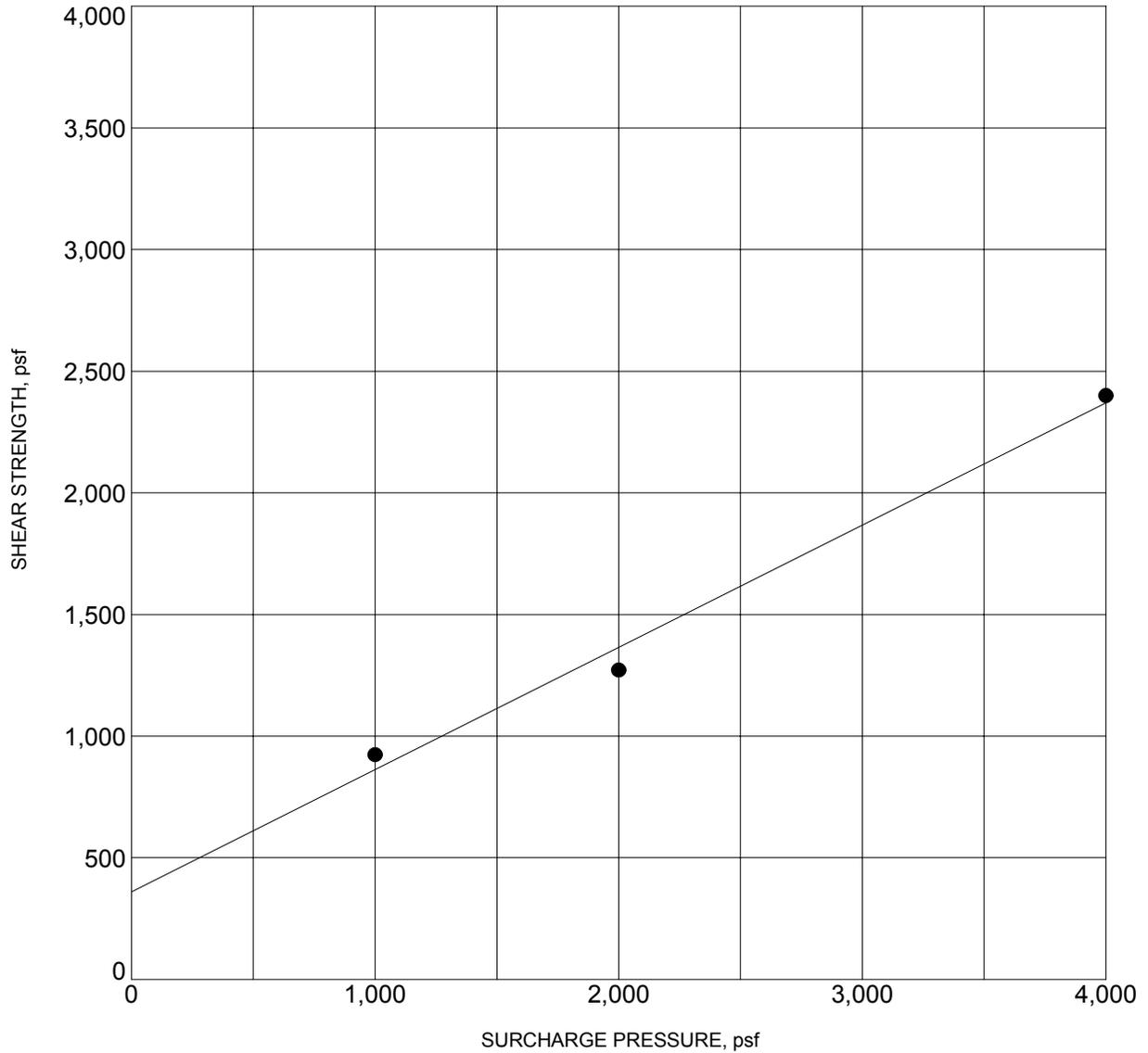


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Project No.  
 17-31-247-01

Figure No.  
 B-4



BORING NO.	: BH-8	DEPTH (ft)	: 5
DESCRIPTION	: CLAYEY SILT (ML)		
COHESION (psf)	: 360	FRICTION ANGLE (degrees):	27
MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	: 9.5	DRY DENSITY (pcf)	: 107.0

NOTE: Ultimate Strength.

## DIRECT SHEAR TEST RESULTS

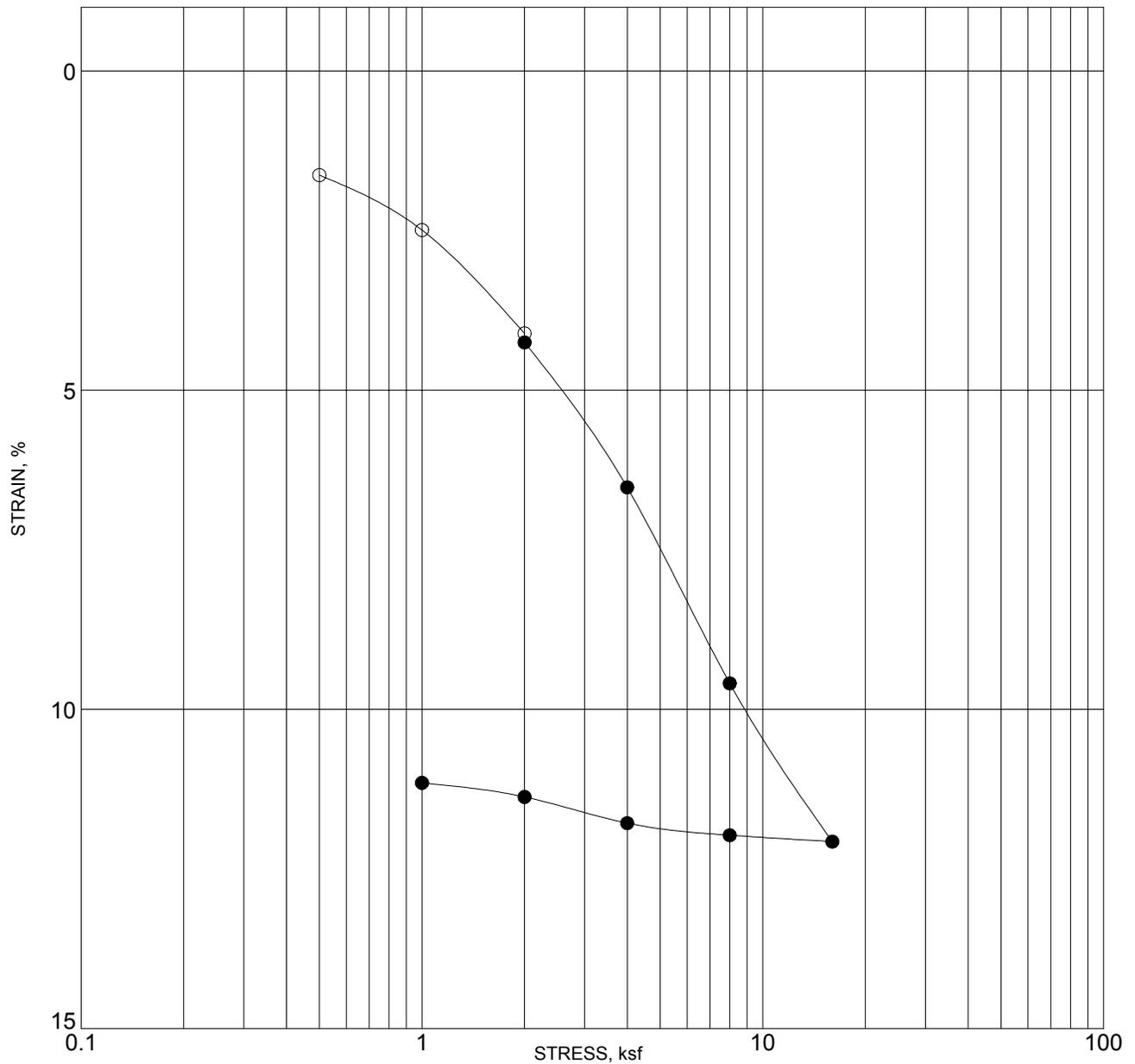


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 WALNUT, CALIFORNIA

Project No.  
 17-31-247-01

Figure No.  
 B-5



BORING NO. :		<b>BH-2</b>		DEPTH (ft) :		<b>5</b>	
DESCRIPTION :				<b>CLAYEY SAND (SC)</b>			
MOISTURE CONTENT (%)		DRY DENSITY (pcf)		PERCENT SATURATION		VOID RATIO	
INITIAL	<b>5</b>	<b>110</b>		<b>27</b>		<b>0.475</b>	
FINAL							

NOTE: SOLID CIRCLES INDICATE READINGS AFTER ADDITION OF WATER

## CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS

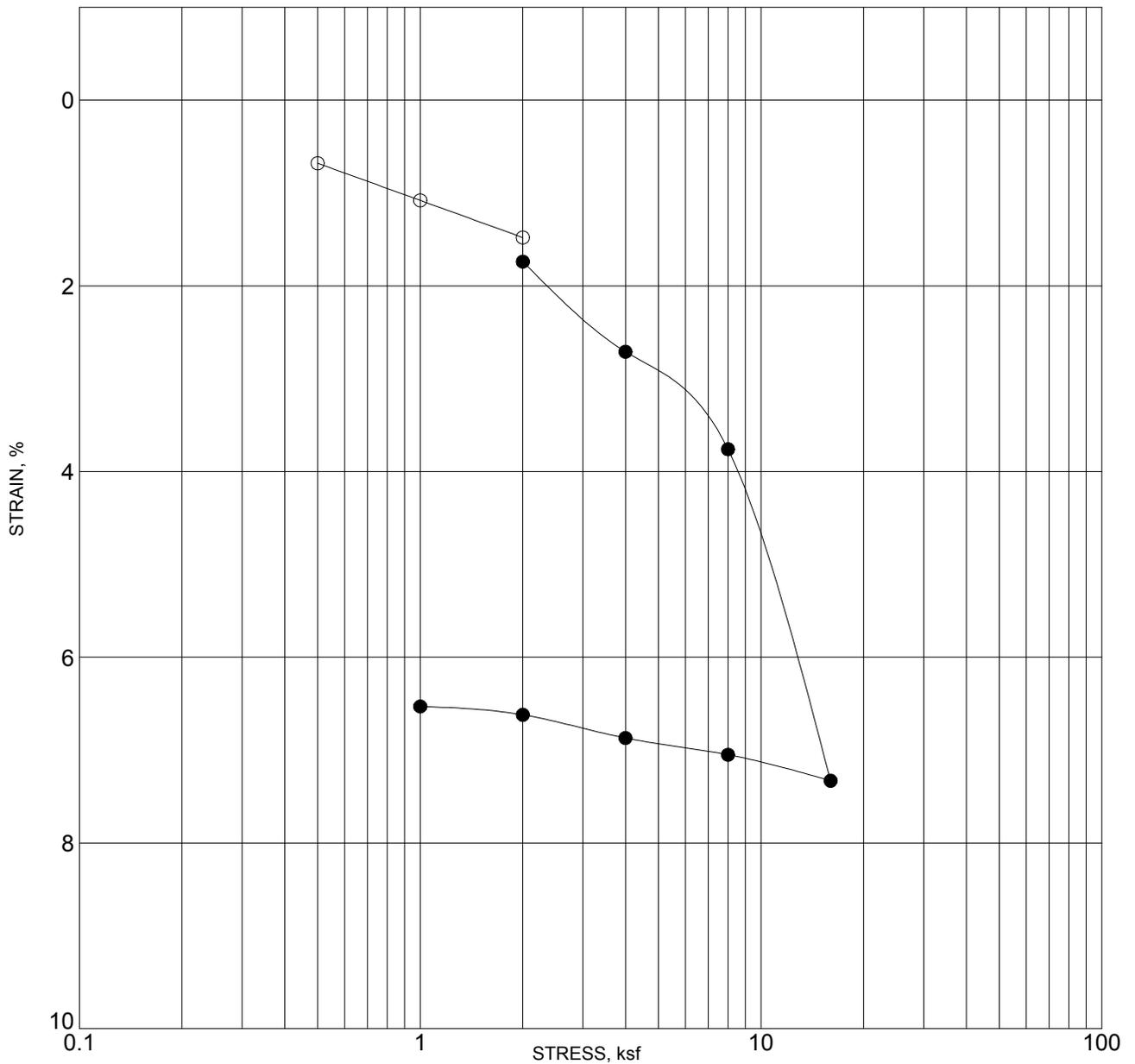


**Converse Consultants**

Project Name  
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 PARKING LOT S  
 WALNUT, CALIFORNIA

Project No.  
 17-31-247-01

Figure No.  
 B-6



BORING NO. :		BH-6		DEPTH (ft) :		5	
DESCRIPTION :		BEDROCK-PUENTE FORMATION: SANDSTONE					
MOISTURE CONTENT (%)		DRY DENSITY (pcf)		PERCENT SATURATION		VOID RATIO	
INITIAL	7	122		53		0.340	
FINAL							

NOTE: SOLID CIRCLES INDICATE READINGS AFTER ADDITION OF WATER

## CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS



**Converse Consultants**

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Project No.  
 17-31-247-01

Figure No.  
 B-7

# Appendix C

Liquefaction/Seismic Settlement Analysis

## APPENDIX C: LIQUEFACTION/SEISMIC SETTLEMENT ANALYSIS

Liquefaction is defined as the phenomenon where a soil mass exhibits a substantial reduction in its shear strength. This strength reduction is due to the development of excess pore pressure in a soil mass caused by earthquake induced ground motions. Saturated soils behave temporarily as a viscous fluid (liquefaction) and, consequently, lose their capacity to support the structures founded on them. The potential for liquefaction decreases with increasing clay and gravel content, but increases as the ground acceleration and duration of shaking increase. Liquefaction potential has been found to be the greatest where the groundwater level and loose sands occur within 50 feet of the ground surface.

Our liquefaction analyses are based on the *Special Publication 117A: Guidelines for Evaluating and Mitigating Seismic Hazards in California (9/2008)*, *Recommended Procedures for Implementation of DMG Special Publication 117, Guidelines for Analyzing and Mitigating Liquefaction Hazards in California (3/1999)*, and *2013 California Building Code*.

The subsurface data obtained from exploratory borings were used to evaluate the liquefaction/seismic settlement potential of the area. The Log of Borings is presented in Appendix A, *Field Exploration*. The liquefaction potential and seismic settlement analyses were performed utilizing data obtained from borings BH-3 and CPT-8 for the upper 50 feet of soil. The analyses were performed using *LiquefyPro*, Version 5.8d, 2009, by Civil Tech Software. The following seismic parameters are used for liquefaction potential analyses.

**Table No. C-1, Seismic Parameters Used in Liquefaction Analysis**

Groundwater Depth* (feet)	Earthquake Magnitude** (Mw)	Peak Ground Acceleration*** (g)
23	6.51	0.777

\* Based on research of Los Angeles County Groundwater Wells No. 3145, No. 3155 and No. 3155A

\*\* Based on the 2008 NSHMP PSHA Interactive Deaggregation web site for a return period of 2475 years

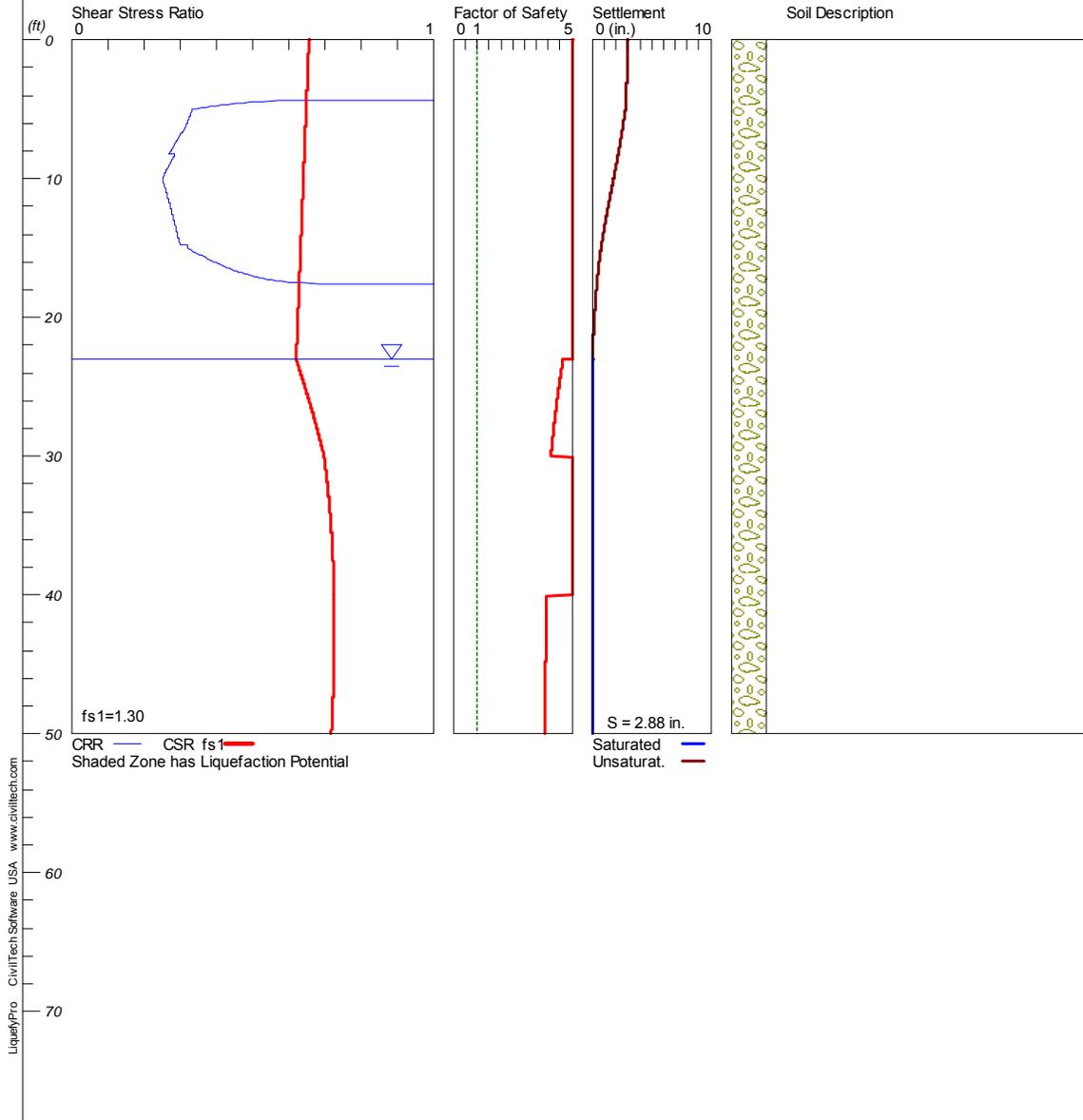
\*\*\*Based on  $S_{DS}/2.5$  per CBC 2013

# LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS

## Parking Lot S MT Sac

Hole No.=BH 3 Water Depth=23 ft

Magnitude=6.51  
Acceleration=0.777g



\*\*\*\*\*

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS SUMMARY  
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\*\*\*\*\*

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Licensed to , 10/17/2017 11:58:05 AM

Input File Name: K:\Ram\17-31-247-00 MT SAC lot R&S\Parking Lot S\BH3 rev.liq  
Title: Parking Lot S MT Sac  
Subtitle: 17-31-247-01

Surface Elev.=  
Hole No.=3  
Depth of Hole= 50.00 ft  
Water Table during Earthquake= 23.00 ft  
Water Table during In-Situ Testing= 23.40 ft  
Max. Acceleration= 0.78 g  
Earthquake Magnitude= 6.51

Input Data:

Surface Elev.=  
Hole No.=3  
Depth of Hole=50.00 ft  
Water Table during Earthquake= 23.00 ft  
Water Table during In-Situ Testing= 23.40 ft  
Max. Acceleration=0.78 g  
Earthquake Magnitude=6.51  
No-Liquefiable Soils: CL, OL are Non-Liq. Soil

1. SPT or BPT Calculation.
  2. Settlement Analysis Method: Ishihara / Yoshimine
  3. Fines Correction for Liquefaction: Modify Stark/Olson
  4. Fine Correction for Settlement: During Liquefaction\*
  5. Settlement Calculation in: All zones\*
  6. Hammer Energy Ratio, Ce = 1.25
  7. Borehole Diameter, Cb= 1
  8. Sampling Method, Cs= 1
  9. User request factor of safety (apply to CSR) , User= 1.3  
Plot one CSR curve (fs1=User)
  10. Use Curve Smoothing: Yes\*
- \* Recommended Options

In-Situ Test Data:

Depth ft	SPT	gamma pcf	Fines %
0.00	50.00	114.00	43.00
5.00	7.70	114.00	43.00
10.00	4.90	118.00	43.00
15.00	8.40	115.00	45.00
20.00	25.00	115.00	45.00
25.00	20.30	115.00	45.00
30.00	21.00	110.00	NoLiq
35.00	35.00	110.00	NoLiq
40.00	50.00	110.00	NoLiq
45.00	50.00	107.00	55.00
50.00	50.00	107.00	55.00

Output Results:

Settlement of Saturated Sands=0.00 in.  
Settlement of Unsaturated Sands=2.88 in.  
Total Settlement of Saturated and Unsaturated Sands=2.88 in.  
Differential Settlement=1.442 to 1.904 in.

Depth CRRm CSRfs F.S. S\_sat. S\_dry S\_all



BH3 rev.sum

3.25	2.87	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.88	2.88
3.30	2.87	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.88	2.88
3.35	2.87	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.88	2.88
3.40	2.87	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.88	2.88
3.45	2.87	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.88	2.88
3.50	2.87	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.88	2.88
3.55	2.87	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.87	2.87
3.60	2.87	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.87	2.87
3.65	2.87	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.87	2.87
3.70	2.87	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.87	2.87
3.75	2.87	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.87	2.87
3.80	2.87	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.86	2.86
3.85	2.87	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.86	2.86
3.90	2.87	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.85	2.85
3.95	2.87	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.85	2.85
4.00	2.87	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.85	2.85
4.05	2.87	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.84	2.84
4.10	2.87	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.84	2.84
4.15	2.87	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.83	2.83
4.20	2.87	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.83	2.83
4.25	2.87	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.83	2.83
4.30	2.87	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.82	2.82
4.35	2.87	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.82	2.82
4.40	0.57	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.82	2.82
4.45	0.53	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.82	2.82
4.50	0.50	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.82	2.82
4.55	0.47	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.81	2.81
4.60	0.45	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.81	2.81
4.65	0.43	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.81	2.81
4.70	0.42	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.81	2.81
4.75	0.40	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.80	2.80
4.80	0.39	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.80	2.80
4.85	0.37	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.79	2.79
4.90	0.36	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.79	2.79
4.95	0.35	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.78	2.78
5.00	0.33	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.77	2.77
5.05	0.33	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.76	2.76
5.10	0.33	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.75	2.75
5.15	0.33	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.75	2.75
5.20	0.33	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.74	2.74
5.25	0.33	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.73	2.73
5.30	0.33	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.72	2.72
5.35	0.33	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.71	2.71
5.40	0.33	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.70	2.70
5.45	0.33	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.69	2.69
5.50	0.33	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.69	2.69
5.55	0.33	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.68	2.68
5.60	0.32	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.67	2.67
5.65	0.32	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.66	2.66
5.70	0.32	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.65	2.65
5.75	0.32	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.64	2.64
5.80	0.32	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.63	2.63
5.85	0.32	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.63	2.63
5.90	0.32	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.62	2.62
5.95	0.32	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.61	2.61
6.00	0.32	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.60	2.60
6.05	0.32	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.59	2.59
6.10	0.32	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.58	2.58
6.15	0.32	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.57	2.57
6.20	0.32	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.56	2.56
6.25	0.32	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.55	2.55
6.30	0.31	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.55	2.55
6.35	0.31	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.54	2.54
6.40	0.31	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.53	2.53
6.45	0.31	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.52	2.52
6.50	0.31	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.51	2.51
6.55	0.31	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.50	2.50

BH3 rev.sum

6.60	0.31	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.49	2.49
6.65	0.31	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.48	2.48
6.70	0.30	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.47	2.47
6.75	0.30	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.46	2.46
6.80	0.30	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.45	2.45
6.85	0.30	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.44	2.44
6.90	0.30	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.43	2.43
6.95	0.30	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.42	2.42
7.00	0.30	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.41	2.41
7.05	0.30	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.41	2.41
7.10	0.29	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.40	2.40
7.15	0.29	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.39	2.39
7.20	0.29	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.38	2.38
7.25	0.29	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.37	2.37
7.30	0.29	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.36	2.36
7.35	0.29	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.35	2.35
7.40	0.29	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.34	2.34
7.45	0.29	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.33	2.33
7.50	0.29	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.32	2.32
7.55	0.28	0.65	5.00	0.00	2.31	2.31
7.60	0.28	0.64	5.00	0.00	2.30	2.30
7.65	0.28	0.64	5.00	0.00	2.28	2.28
7.70	0.28	0.64	5.00	0.00	2.27	2.27
7.75	0.28	0.64	5.00	0.00	2.26	2.26
7.80	0.28	0.64	5.00	0.00	2.25	2.25
7.85	0.28	0.64	5.00	0.00	2.24	2.24
7.90	0.28	0.64	5.00	0.00	2.23	2.23
7.95	0.28	0.64	5.00	0.00	2.22	2.22
8.00	0.27	0.64	5.00	0.00	2.21	2.21
8.05	0.27	0.64	5.00	0.00	2.20	2.20
8.10	0.27	0.64	5.00	0.00	2.19	2.19
8.15	0.27	0.64	5.00	0.00	2.18	2.18
8.20	0.27	0.64	5.00	0.00	2.17	2.17
8.25	0.29	0.64	5.00	0.00	2.16	2.16
8.30	0.29	0.64	5.00	0.00	2.15	2.15
8.35	0.28	0.64	5.00	0.00	2.14	2.14
8.40	0.28	0.64	5.00	0.00	2.13	2.13
8.45	0.28	0.64	5.00	0.00	2.12	2.12
8.50	0.28	0.64	5.00	0.00	2.11	2.11
8.55	0.28	0.64	5.00	0.00	2.10	2.10
8.60	0.28	0.64	5.00	0.00	2.08	2.08
8.65	0.28	0.64	5.00	0.00	2.07	2.07
8.70	0.28	0.64	5.00	0.00	2.06	2.06
8.75	0.28	0.64	5.00	0.00	2.05	2.05
8.80	0.27	0.64	5.00	0.00	2.04	2.04
8.85	0.27	0.64	5.00	0.00	2.03	2.03
8.90	0.27	0.64	5.00	0.00	2.02	2.02
8.95	0.27	0.64	5.00	0.00	2.01	2.01
9.00	0.27	0.64	5.00	0.00	2.00	2.00
9.05	0.27	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.99	1.99
9.10	0.27	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.98	1.98
9.15	0.27	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.97	1.97
9.20	0.27	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.95	1.95
9.25	0.27	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.94	1.94
9.30	0.26	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.93	1.93
9.35	0.26	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.92	1.92
9.40	0.26	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.91	1.91
9.45	0.26	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.90	1.90
9.50	0.26	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.89	1.89
9.55	0.26	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.88	1.88
9.60	0.26	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.86	1.86
9.65	0.26	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.85	1.85
9.70	0.26	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.84	1.84
9.75	0.26	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.83	1.83
9.80	0.25	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.82	1.82
9.85	0.25	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.80	1.80
9.90	0.25	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.79	1.79

BH3 rev.sum

9.95	0.25	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.78	1.78
10.00	0.25	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.77	1.77
10.05	0.25	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.76	1.76
10.10	0.25	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.74	1.74
10.15	0.25	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.73	1.73
10.20	0.25	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.72	1.72
10.25	0.25	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.71	1.71
10.30	0.25	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.70	1.70
10.35	0.25	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.69	1.69
10.40	0.26	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.67	1.67
10.45	0.26	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.66	1.66
10.50	0.26	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.65	1.65
10.55	0.26	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.64	1.64
10.60	0.26	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.63	1.63
10.65	0.26	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.61	1.61
10.70	0.26	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.60	1.60
10.75	0.26	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.59	1.59
10.80	0.26	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.58	1.58
10.85	0.26	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.57	1.57
10.90	0.26	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.56	1.56
10.95	0.26	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.55	1.55
11.00	0.26	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.53	1.53
11.05	0.26	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.52	1.52
11.10	0.26	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.51	1.51
11.15	0.26	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.50	1.50
11.20	0.26	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.49	1.49
11.25	0.26	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.48	1.48
11.30	0.27	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.47	1.47
11.35	0.27	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.45	1.45
11.40	0.27	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.44	1.44
11.45	0.27	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.43	1.43
11.50	0.27	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.42	1.42
11.55	0.27	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.41	1.41
11.60	0.27	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.40	1.40
11.65	0.27	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.39	1.39
11.70	0.27	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.38	1.38
11.75	0.27	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.37	1.37
11.80	0.27	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.36	1.36
11.85	0.27	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.34	1.34
11.90	0.27	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.33	1.33
11.95	0.27	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.32	1.32
12.00	0.27	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.31	1.31
12.05	0.27	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.30	1.30
12.10	0.27	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.29	1.29
12.15	0.27	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.28	1.28
12.20	0.27	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.27	1.27
12.25	0.28	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.26	1.26
12.30	0.28	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.25	1.25
12.35	0.28	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.24	1.24
12.40	0.28	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.23	1.23
12.45	0.28	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.22	1.22
12.50	0.28	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.20	1.20
12.55	0.28	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.19	1.19
12.60	0.28	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.18	1.18
12.65	0.28	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.17	1.17
12.70	0.28	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.16	1.16
12.75	0.28	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.15	1.15
12.80	0.28	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.14	1.14
12.85	0.28	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.13	1.13
12.90	0.28	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.12	1.12
12.95	0.28	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.11	1.11
13.00	0.28	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.10	1.10
13.05	0.28	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.09	1.09
13.10	0.28	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.08	1.08
13.15	0.28	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.07	1.07
13.20	0.28	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.06	1.06
13.25	0.29	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.05	1.05

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13.30	0.29	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.04	1.04
13.35	0.29	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.03	1.03
13.40	0.29	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.02	1.02
13.45	0.29	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.01	1.01
13.50	0.29	0.64	5.00	0.00	1.00	1.00
13.55	0.29	0.64	5.00	0.00	0.99	0.99
13.60	0.29	0.64	5.00	0.00	0.98	0.98
13.65	0.29	0.64	5.00	0.00	0.97	0.97
13.70	0.29	0.64	5.00	0.00	0.96	0.96
13.75	0.29	0.64	5.00	0.00	0.95	0.95
13.80	0.29	0.64	5.00	0.00	0.94	0.94
13.85	0.29	0.64	5.00	0.00	0.93	0.93
13.90	0.29	0.64	5.00	0.00	0.92	0.92
13.95	0.29	0.64	5.00	0.00	0.91	0.91
14.00	0.29	0.64	5.00	0.00	0.90	0.90
14.05	0.29	0.64	5.00	0.00	0.89	0.89
14.10	0.29	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.88	0.88
14.15	0.29	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.87	0.87
14.20	0.29	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.86	0.86
14.25	0.29	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.85	0.85
14.30	0.30	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.84	0.84
14.35	0.30	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.83	0.83
14.40	0.30	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.82	0.82
14.45	0.30	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.81	0.81
14.50	0.30	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.80	0.80
14.55	0.30	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.79	0.79
14.60	0.30	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.78	0.78
14.65	0.30	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.77	0.77
14.70	0.30	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.76	0.76
14.75	0.30	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.75	0.75
14.80	0.32	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.74	0.74
14.85	0.32	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.73	0.73
14.90	0.32	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.72	0.72
14.95	0.32	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.72	0.72
15.00	0.32	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.71	0.71
15.05	0.32	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.70	0.70
15.10	0.33	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.69	0.69
15.15	0.33	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.68	0.68
15.20	0.33	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.67	0.67
15.25	0.34	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.66	0.66
15.30	0.34	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.65	0.65
15.35	0.34	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.65	0.65
15.40	0.35	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.64	0.64
15.45	0.35	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.63	0.63
15.50	0.36	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.62	0.62
15.55	0.36	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.61	0.61
15.60	0.36	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.61	0.61
15.65	0.37	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.60	0.60
15.70	0.37	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.59	0.59
15.75	0.37	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.58	0.58
15.80	0.38	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.58	0.58
15.85	0.38	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.57	0.57
15.90	0.39	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.56	0.56
15.95	0.39	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.56	0.56
16.00	0.39	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.55	0.55
16.05	0.40	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.54	0.54
16.10	0.40	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.53	0.53
16.15	0.41	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.53	0.53
16.20	0.41	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.52	0.52
16.25	0.42	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.51	0.51
16.30	0.42	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.51	0.51
16.35	0.43	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.50	0.50
16.40	0.43	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.49	0.49
16.45	0.43	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.49	0.49
16.50	0.44	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.48	0.48
16.55	0.45	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.47	0.47
16.60	0.45	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.47	0.47

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16.65	0.46	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.46	0.46
16.70	0.46	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.46	0.46
16.75	0.47	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.45	0.45
16.80	0.47	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.44	0.44
16.85	0.48	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.44	0.44
16.90	0.48	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.43	0.43
16.95	0.49	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.43	0.43
17.00	0.50	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.42	0.42
17.05	0.51	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.41	0.41
17.10	0.51	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.41	0.41
17.15	0.52	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.40	0.40
17.20	0.53	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.40	0.40
17.25	0.54	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.39	0.39
17.30	0.55	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.39	0.39
17.35	0.56	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.38	0.38
17.40	0.58	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.37	0.37
17.45	0.60	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.37	0.37
17.50	0.63	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.36	0.36
17.55	0.69	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.36	0.36
17.60	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.35	0.35
17.65	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.35	0.35
17.70	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.34	0.34
17.75	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.34	0.34
17.80	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.33	0.33
17.85	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.33	0.33
17.90	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.32	0.32
17.95	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.32	0.32
18.00	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.31	0.31
18.05	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.31	0.31
18.10	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.30	0.30
18.15	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.30	0.30
18.20	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.29	0.29
18.25	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.29	0.29
18.30	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.28	0.28
18.35	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.28	0.28
18.40	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.27	0.27
18.45	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.27	0.27
18.50	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.27	0.27
18.55	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.26	0.26
18.60	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.26	0.26
18.65	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.25	0.25
18.70	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.25	0.25
18.75	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.24	0.24
18.80	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.24	0.24
18.85	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.24	0.24
18.90	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.23	0.23
18.95	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.23	0.23
19.00	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.22	0.22
19.05	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.22	0.22
19.10	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.21	0.21
19.15	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.21	0.21
19.20	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.21	0.21
19.25	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.20	0.20
19.30	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.20	0.20
19.35	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.19	0.19
19.40	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.19	0.19
19.45	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.19	0.19
19.50	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.18	0.18
19.55	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.18	0.18
19.60	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.18	0.18
19.65	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.17	0.17
19.70	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.17	0.17
19.75	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.17	0.17
19.80	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.16	0.16
19.85	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.16	0.16
19.90	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.15	0.15
19.95	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.15	0.15

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20.00	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.15	0.15
20.05	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.14	0.14
20.10	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.14	0.14
20.15	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.14	0.14
20.20	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.13	0.13
20.25	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.13	0.13
20.30	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.13	0.13
20.35	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.12	0.12
20.40	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.12	0.12
20.45	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.12	0.12
20.50	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.11	0.11
20.55	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.11	0.11
20.60	2.87	0.63	5.00	0.00	0.11	0.11
20.65	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.10	0.10
20.70	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.10	0.10
20.75	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.10	0.10
20.80	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.09	0.09
20.85	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.09	0.09
20.90	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.08	0.08
20.95	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.08	0.08
21.00	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.08	0.08
21.05	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.07	0.07
21.10	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.07	0.07
21.15	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.07	0.07
21.20	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.06	0.06
21.25	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.06	0.06
21.30	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.06	0.06
21.35	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.06	0.06
21.40	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.06	0.06
21.45	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.06	0.06
21.50	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.05	0.05
21.55	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.05	0.05
21.60	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.05	0.05
21.65	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.05	0.05
21.70	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.05	0.05
21.75	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.05	0.05
21.80	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.04	0.04
21.85	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.04	0.04
21.90	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.04	0.04
21.95	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.04	0.04
22.00	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.04	0.04
22.05	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.04	0.04
22.10	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.04	0.04
22.15	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.03	0.03
22.20	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.03	0.03
22.25	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.03	0.03
22.30	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.03	0.03
22.35	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.03	0.03
22.40	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.02	0.02
22.45	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.02	0.02
22.50	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.02	0.02
22.55	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.02	0.02
22.60	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.02	0.02
22.65	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.02	0.02
22.70	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.01	0.01
22.75	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.01	0.01
22.80	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.01	0.01
22.85	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.01	0.01
22.90	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.01	0.01
22.95	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
23.00	2.87	0.62	5.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
23.05	2.87	0.62	4.62	0.00	0.00	0.00
23.10	2.87	0.62	4.62	0.00	0.00	0.00
23.15	2.87	0.62	4.61	0.00	0.00	0.00
23.20	2.87	0.62	4.61	0.00	0.00	0.00
23.25	2.87	0.62	4.60	0.00	0.00	0.00
23.30	2.87	0.62	4.60	0.00	0.00	0.00

BH3 rev.sum

23.35	2.87	0.63	4.59	0.00	0.00	0.00
23.40	2.87	0.63	4.59	0.00	0.00	0.00
23.45	2.87	0.63	4.59	0.00	0.00	0.00
23.50	2.87	0.63	4.58	0.00	0.00	0.00
23.55	2.87	0.63	4.58	0.00	0.00	0.00
23.60	2.87	0.63	4.57	0.00	0.00	0.00
23.65	2.87	0.63	4.57	0.00	0.00	0.00
23.70	2.87	0.63	4.56	0.00	0.00	0.00
23.75	2.87	0.63	4.56	0.00	0.00	0.00
23.80	2.87	0.63	4.55	0.00	0.00	0.00
23.85	2.87	0.63	4.55	0.00	0.00	0.00
23.90	2.87	0.63	4.54	0.00	0.00	0.00
23.95	2.87	0.63	4.54	0.00	0.00	0.00
24.00	2.87	0.63	4.54	0.00	0.00	0.00
24.05	2.87	0.63	4.53	0.00	0.00	0.00
24.10	2.87	0.63	4.53	0.00	0.00	0.00
24.15	2.87	0.64	4.52	0.00	0.00	0.00
24.20	2.87	0.64	4.52	0.00	0.00	0.00
24.25	2.87	0.64	4.51	0.00	0.00	0.00
24.30	2.87	0.64	4.51	0.00	0.00	0.00
24.35	2.87	0.64	4.50	0.00	0.00	0.00
24.40	2.87	0.64	4.50	0.00	0.00	0.00
24.45	2.87	0.64	4.50	0.00	0.00	0.00
24.50	2.87	0.64	4.49	0.00	0.00	0.00
24.55	2.87	0.64	4.49	0.00	0.00	0.00
24.60	2.87	0.64	4.48	0.00	0.00	0.00
24.65	2.87	0.64	4.48	0.00	0.00	0.00
24.70	2.87	0.64	4.47	0.00	0.00	0.00
24.75	2.87	0.64	4.47	0.00	0.00	0.00
24.80	2.87	0.64	4.47	0.00	0.00	0.00
24.85	2.87	0.64	4.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
24.90	2.87	0.64	4.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
24.95	2.87	0.64	4.45	0.00	0.00	0.00
25.00	2.87	0.65	4.45	0.00	0.00	0.00
25.05	2.87	0.65	4.45	0.00	0.00	0.00
25.10	2.87	0.65	4.44	0.00	0.00	0.00
25.15	2.87	0.65	4.44	0.00	0.00	0.00
25.20	2.87	0.65	4.43	0.00	0.00	0.00
25.25	2.87	0.65	4.43	0.00	0.00	0.00
25.30	2.87	0.65	4.43	0.00	0.00	0.00
25.35	2.87	0.65	4.42	0.00	0.00	0.00
25.40	2.87	0.65	4.42	0.00	0.00	0.00
25.45	2.87	0.65	4.41	0.00	0.00	0.00
25.50	2.87	0.65	4.41	0.00	0.00	0.00
25.55	2.87	0.65	4.41	0.00	0.00	0.00
25.60	2.87	0.65	4.40	0.00	0.00	0.00
25.65	2.87	0.65	4.40	0.00	0.00	0.00
25.70	2.87	0.65	4.39	0.00	0.00	0.00
25.75	2.87	0.65	4.39	0.00	0.00	0.00
25.80	2.87	0.65	4.39	0.00	0.00	0.00
25.85	2.87	0.66	4.38	0.00	0.00	0.00
25.90	2.87	0.66	4.38	0.00	0.00	0.00
25.95	2.87	0.66	4.38	0.00	0.00	0.00
26.00	2.87	0.66	4.37	0.00	0.00	0.00
26.05	2.87	0.66	4.37	0.00	0.00	0.00
26.10	2.87	0.66	4.36	0.00	0.00	0.00
26.15	2.87	0.66	4.36	0.00	0.00	0.00
26.20	2.87	0.66	4.36	0.00	0.00	0.00
26.25	2.87	0.66	4.35	0.00	0.00	0.00
26.30	2.87	0.66	4.35	0.00	0.00	0.00
26.35	2.87	0.66	4.35	0.00	0.00	0.00
26.40	2.87	0.66	4.34	0.00	0.00	0.00
26.45	2.87	0.66	4.34	0.00	0.00	0.00
26.50	2.87	0.66	4.33	0.00	0.00	0.00
26.55	2.87	0.66	4.33	0.00	0.00	0.00
26.60	2.87	0.66	4.33	0.00	0.00	0.00
26.65	2.87	0.66	4.32	0.00	0.00	0.00

BH3 rev.sum

26.70	2.87	0.66	4.32	0.00	0.00	0.00
26.75	2.87	0.67	4.32	0.00	0.00	0.00
26.80	2.87	0.67	4.31	0.00	0.00	0.00
26.85	2.87	0.67	4.31	0.00	0.00	0.00
26.90	2.87	0.67	4.31	0.00	0.00	0.00
26.95	2.87	0.67	4.30	0.00	0.00	0.00
27.00	2.87	0.67	4.30	0.00	0.00	0.00
27.05	2.87	0.67	4.30	0.00	0.00	0.00
27.10	2.87	0.67	4.29	0.00	0.00	0.00
27.15	2.87	0.67	4.29	0.00	0.00	0.00
27.20	2.87	0.67	4.29	0.00	0.00	0.00
27.25	2.87	0.67	4.28	0.00	0.00	0.00
27.30	2.87	0.67	4.28	0.00	0.00	0.00
27.35	2.87	0.67	4.28	0.00	0.00	0.00
27.40	2.87	0.67	4.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
27.45	2.87	0.67	4.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
27.50	2.87	0.67	4.26	0.00	0.00	0.00
27.55	2.87	0.67	4.26	0.00	0.00	0.00
27.60	2.87	0.67	4.26	0.00	0.00	0.00
27.65	2.87	0.68	4.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
27.70	2.87	0.68	4.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
27.75	2.87	0.68	4.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
27.80	2.87	0.68	4.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
27.85	2.87	0.68	4.24	0.00	0.00	0.00
27.90	2.87	0.68	4.24	0.00	0.00	0.00
27.95	2.87	0.68	4.24	0.00	0.00	0.00
28.00	2.87	0.68	4.23	0.00	0.00	0.00
28.05	2.87	0.68	4.23	0.00	0.00	0.00
28.10	2.87	0.68	4.23	0.00	0.00	0.00
28.15	2.87	0.68	4.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
28.20	2.87	0.68	4.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
28.25	2.87	0.68	4.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
28.30	2.87	0.68	4.21	0.00	0.00	0.00
28.35	2.87	0.68	4.21	0.00	0.00	0.00
28.40	2.87	0.68	4.21	0.00	0.00	0.00
28.45	2.87	0.68	4.20	0.00	0.00	0.00
28.50	2.87	0.68	4.20	0.00	0.00	0.00
28.55	2.87	0.68	4.20	0.00	0.00	0.00
28.60	2.87	0.68	4.19	0.00	0.00	0.00
28.65	2.87	0.69	4.19	0.00	0.00	0.00
28.70	2.87	0.69	4.19	0.00	0.00	0.00
28.75	2.87	0.69	4.19	0.00	0.00	0.00
28.80	2.87	0.69	4.18	0.00	0.00	0.00
28.85	2.87	0.69	4.18	0.00	0.00	0.00
28.90	2.87	0.69	4.18	0.00	0.00	0.00
28.95	2.87	0.69	4.17	0.00	0.00	0.00
29.00	2.87	0.69	4.17	0.00	0.00	0.00
29.05	2.87	0.69	4.17	0.00	0.00	0.00
29.10	2.87	0.69	4.16	0.00	0.00	0.00
29.15	2.87	0.69	4.16	0.00	0.00	0.00
29.20	2.87	0.69	4.16	0.00	0.00	0.00
29.25	2.87	0.69	4.16	0.00	0.00	0.00
29.30	2.87	0.69	4.15	0.00	0.00	0.00
29.35	2.87	0.69	4.15	0.00	0.00	0.00
29.40	2.87	0.69	4.15	0.00	0.00	0.00
29.45	2.87	0.69	4.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
29.50	2.87	0.69	4.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
29.55	2.87	0.69	4.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
29.60	2.87	0.69	4.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
29.65	2.87	0.70	4.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
29.70	2.87	0.70	4.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
29.75	2.87	0.70	4.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
29.80	2.87	0.70	4.12	0.00	0.00	0.00
29.85	2.87	0.70	4.12	0.00	0.00	0.00
29.90	2.87	0.70	4.12	0.00	0.00	0.00
29.95	2.87	0.70	4.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
30.00	2.87	0.70	4.11	0.00	0.00	0.00











BH3 rev.sum						
46.80	2.81	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
46.85	2.81	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
46.90	2.81	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
46.95	2.81	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
47.00	2.81	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
47.05	2.81	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
47.10	2.81	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
47.15	2.81	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
47.20	2.81	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
47.25	2.81	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
47.30	2.81	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
47.35	2.81	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
47.40	2.81	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
47.45	2.81	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
47.50	2.81	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
47.55	2.81	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
47.60	2.81	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
47.65	2.81	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
47.70	2.81	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
47.75	2.81	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
47.80	2.81	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
47.85	2.81	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
47.90	2.81	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
47.95	2.81	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
48.00	2.81	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
48.05	2.81	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
48.10	2.80	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
48.15	2.80	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
48.20	2.80	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
48.25	2.80	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
48.30	2.80	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
48.35	2.80	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
48.40	2.80	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
48.45	2.80	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
48.50	2.80	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
48.55	2.80	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
48.60	2.80	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
48.65	2.80	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
48.70	2.80	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
48.75	2.80	0.72	3.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
48.80	2.80	0.72	3.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
48.85	2.80	0.72	3.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
48.90	2.80	0.72	3.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
48.95	2.80	0.72	3.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
49.00	2.80	0.72	3.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
49.05	2.80	0.72	3.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
49.10	2.80	0.72	3.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
49.15	2.80	0.72	3.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
49.20	2.80	0.72	3.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
49.25	2.80	0.72	3.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
49.30	2.80	0.72	3.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
49.35	2.80	0.72	3.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
49.40	2.80	0.72	3.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
49.45	2.80	0.72	3.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
49.50	2.80	0.72	3.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
49.55	2.80	0.72	3.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
49.60	2.80	0.72	3.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
49.65	2.80	0.72	3.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
49.70	2.80	0.72	3.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
49.75	2.80	0.72	3.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
49.80	2.79	0.72	3.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
49.85	2.79	0.72	3.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
49.90	2.79	0.72	3.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
49.95	2.79	0.72	3.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
50.00	2.79	0.72	3.89	0.00	0.00	0.00

---

\* F.S.<1, Liquefaction Potential Zone

(F.S. is limited to 5, CRR is limited to 2, CSR is limited to 2)

Units: Unit: qc, fs, Stress or Pressure = atm (1.0581tsf); Unit Weight = pcf; Depth = ft; Settlement = in.

---

1 atm (atmosphere) = 1 tsf (ton/ft<sup>2</sup>)

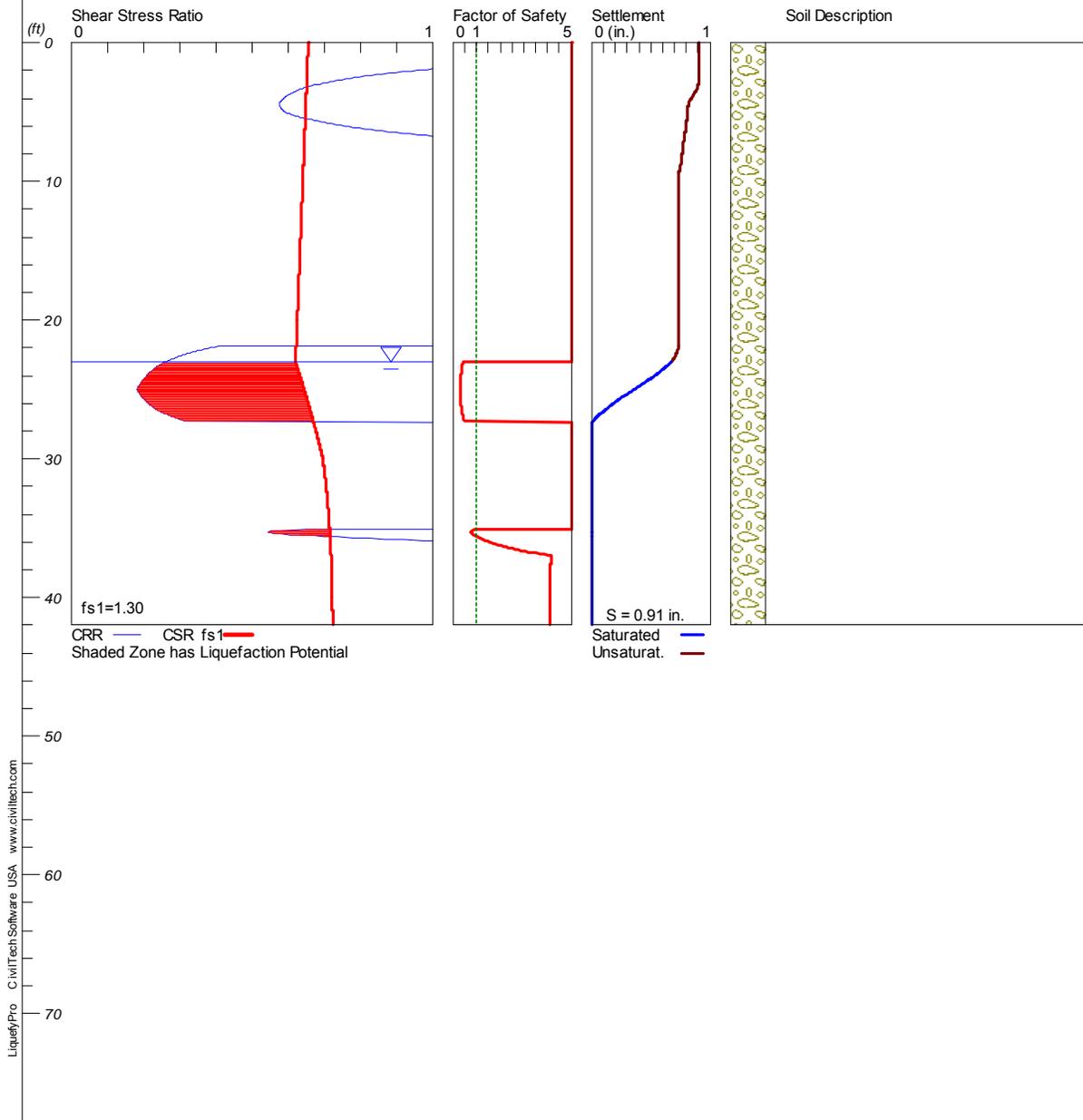
CRRm	Cyclic resistance ratio from soils
CSRsf	Cyclic stress ratio induced by a given earthquake (with user request factor of safety)
F.S.	Factor of Safety against liquefaction, F.S.=CRRm/CSRsf
S_sat	Settlement from saturated sands
S_dry	Settlement from Unsaturated Sands
S_all	Total Settlement from Saturated and Unsaturated Sands
NoLiq	No-Liquefy Soils

# LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS

## Parking Lot S MT Sac

Hole No.=CPT 8 Water Depth=23 ft

Magnitude=6.51  
Acceleration=0.777g



\*\*\*\*\*

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS SUMMARY  
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Input File Name: K:\Ram\17-31-247-00 MT SAC lot R&S\Parking Lot S\UNTITLED CPT.liq  
Title: Parking Lot S MT Sac  
Subtitle: 17-31-247-01

Surface Elev.=  
Hole No.=CPT 8  
Depth of Hole= 42.00 ft  
Water Table during Earthquake= 23.00 ft  
Water Table during In-Situ Testing= 23.00 ft  
Max. Acceleration= 0.78 g  
Earthquake Magnitude= 6.51

Input Data:

Surface Elev.=  
Hole No.=CPT 8  
Depth of Hole=42.00 ft  
Water Table during Earthquake= 23.00 ft  
Water Table during In-Situ Testing= 23.00 ft  
Max. Acceleration=0.78 g  
Earthquake Magnitude=6.51  
No-Liquefiable Soils: CL, OL are Non-Liq. Soil

- 1. CPT Calculation Method: Modify Robertson\*
  - 2. Settlement Analysis Method: Tokimatsu, M-correction
  - 3. Fines Correction for Liquefaction: Stark/Olson et al.\*
  - 4. Fine Correction for Settlement: During Liquefaction\*
  - 5. Settlement Calculation in: All zones\*
  - 9. User request factor of safety (apply to CSR) , User= 1.3  
Plot one CSR curve (fs1=User)
  - 10. Use Curve Smoothing: Yes\*
- \* Recommended Options

In-Situ Test Data:

Depth ft	qc atm	fs atm	Rf pcf	gamma %	Fines mm	D50
0.00	50.75	0.94	1.85	114.00	0.00	0.50
5.00	35.61	1.15	3.23	114.00	0.00	0.50
10.00	29.97	1.78	5.94	118.00	0.00	0.50
15.00	20.05	0.63	3.14	118.00	0.00	0.50
20.00	30.81	1.04	3.38	118.00	0.00	0.50
25.00	42.50	0.63	1.48	118.00	0.00	0.50
30.00	32.79	1.15	3.51	113.00	0.00	0.50
35.00	52.63	1.98	3.76	112.00	0.00	0.50
40.00	674.30	13.68	2.03	110.00	0.00	0.50
42.00	732.00	13.80	1.89	110.00	0.00	0.50

Modify Robertson method generates Fines from qc/fs. Inputted Fines are not relevant.

Output Results:

Settlement of Saturated Sands=0.67 in.  
Settlement of Unsaturated Sands=0.24 in.  
Total Settlement of Saturated and Unsaturated Sands=0.91 in.  
Differential Settlement=0.454 to 0.600 in.

Depth ft	CRRm	CSRfs	F.S.	S_sat. in.	S_dry in.	S_all in.
0.00	2.00	0.66	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91

CPT 8.sum

0.05	2.99	0.66	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
0.10	2.99	0.66	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
0.15	2.99	0.66	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
0.20	2.99	0.66	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
0.25	2.99	0.66	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
0.30	2.99	0.66	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
0.35	2.99	0.66	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
0.40	2.99	0.66	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
0.45	2.99	0.66	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
0.50	2.99	0.66	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
0.55	2.99	0.66	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
0.60	2.99	0.66	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
0.65	2.99	0.66	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
0.70	2.99	0.66	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
0.75	2.92	0.66	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
0.80	2.69	0.66	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
0.85	2.50	0.66	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
0.90	2.33	0.66	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
0.95	2.19	0.66	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
1.00	2.06	0.66	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
1.05	1.94	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
1.10	1.84	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
1.15	1.75	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
1.20	1.66	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
1.25	1.59	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
1.30	1.52	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
1.35	1.46	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
1.40	1.40	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
1.45	1.35	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
1.50	1.30	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
1.55	1.25	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
1.60	1.21	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
1.65	1.17	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
1.70	1.14	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
1.75	1.10	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
1.80	1.07	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
1.85	1.04	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
1.90	1.01	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
1.95	0.99	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
2.00	0.96	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.24	0.91
2.05	0.94	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.23	0.91
2.10	0.92	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.23	0.91
2.15	0.90	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.23	0.91
2.20	0.88	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.23	0.91
2.25	0.86	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.23	0.91
2.30	0.84	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.23	0.91
2.35	0.83	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.23	0.91
2.40	0.81	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.23	0.91
2.45	0.80	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.23	0.91
2.50	0.79	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.23	0.90
2.55	0.77	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.23	0.90
2.60	0.76	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.23	0.90
2.65	0.75	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.23	0.90
2.70	0.74	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.23	0.90
2.75	0.73	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.23	0.90
2.80	0.72	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.23	0.90
2.85	0.71	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.23	0.90
2.90	0.70	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.23	0.90
2.95	0.69	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.23	0.90
3.00	0.68	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.23	0.90
3.05	0.67	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.23	0.90
3.10	0.67	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.23	0.90
3.15	0.66	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.23	0.90
3.20	0.65	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.22	0.90
3.25	0.65	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.22	0.89
3.30	0.64	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.22	0.89
3.35	0.63	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.22	0.89

CPT 8.sum

3.40	0.63	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.22	0.89
3.45	0.62	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.21	0.88
3.50	0.62	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.21	0.88
3.55	0.62	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.20	0.88
3.60	0.61	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.20	0.87
3.65	0.61	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.20	0.87
3.70	0.60	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.19	0.86
3.75	0.60	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.19	0.86
3.80	0.60	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.18	0.86
3.85	0.59	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.18	0.85
3.90	0.59	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.18	0.85
3.95	0.59	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.17	0.84
4.00	0.59	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.17	0.84
4.05	0.59	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.17	0.84
4.10	0.58	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.16	0.83
4.15	0.58	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.16	0.83
4.20	0.58	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.15	0.82
4.25	0.58	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.15	0.82
4.30	0.58	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.15	0.82
4.35	0.58	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.15	0.82
4.40	0.58	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.14	0.82
4.45	0.58	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.14	0.82
4.50	0.58	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.14	0.82
4.55	0.58	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.14	0.81
4.60	0.58	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.14	0.81
4.65	0.58	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.14	0.81
4.70	0.58	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.14	0.81
4.75	0.58	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.14	0.81
4.80	0.58	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.14	0.81
4.85	0.59	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.14	0.81
4.90	0.59	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.14	0.81
4.95	0.59	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.14	0.81
5.00	0.59	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.14	0.81
5.05	0.60	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.14	0.81
5.10	0.60	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.14	0.81
5.15	0.61	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.14	0.81
5.20	0.61	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.14	0.81
5.25	0.62	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.14	0.81
5.30	0.63	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.14	0.81
5.35	0.63	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.13	0.81
5.40	0.64	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.13	0.81
5.45	0.65	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.13	0.80
5.50	0.66	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.13	0.80
5.55	0.66	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.13	0.80
5.60	0.67	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.13	0.80
5.65	0.68	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.13	0.80
5.70	0.69	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.13	0.80
5.75	0.70	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.13	0.80
5.80	0.71	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.13	0.80
5.85	0.72	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.13	0.80
5.90	0.73	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.13	0.80
5.95	0.74	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.13	0.80
6.00	0.76	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.13	0.80
6.05	0.77	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.12	0.80
6.10	0.78	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.12	0.80
6.15	0.80	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.12	0.79
6.20	0.81	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.12	0.79
6.25	0.83	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.12	0.79
6.30	0.84	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.12	0.79
6.35	0.86	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.12	0.79
6.40	0.88	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.12	0.79
6.45	0.90	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.12	0.79
6.50	0.92	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.12	0.79
6.55	0.94	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.12	0.79
6.60	0.96	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.12	0.79
6.65	0.98	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.11	0.79
6.70	1.01	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.11	0.79

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6.75	1.03	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.11	0.78
6.80	1.06	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.11	0.78
6.85	1.09	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.11	0.78
6.90	1.12	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.11	0.78
6.95	1.15	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.11	0.78
7.00	1.19	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.11	0.78
7.05	1.22	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.11	0.78
7.10	1.26	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.11	0.78
7.15	1.30	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.11	0.78
7.20	1.34	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.11	0.78
7.25	1.39	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.10	0.78
7.30	1.44	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.10	0.78
7.35	1.49	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.10	0.77
7.40	1.55	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.10	0.77
7.45	1.61	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.10	0.77
7.50	1.67	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.10	0.77
7.55	1.74	0.65	5.00	0.67	0.10	0.77
7.60	1.81	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.10	0.77
7.65	1.89	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.10	0.77
7.70	1.98	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.10	0.77
7.75	2.07	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.10	0.77
7.80	2.17	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.10	0.77
7.85	2.17	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.10	0.77
7.90	2.14	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.10	0.77
7.95	1.79	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.10	0.77
8.00	1.85	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.09	0.77
8.05	1.92	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.09	0.76
8.10	2.00	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.09	0.76
8.15	2.08	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.09	0.76
8.20	2.16	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.09	0.76
8.25	2.25	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.09	0.76
8.30	2.35	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.09	0.76
8.35	2.46	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.09	0.76
8.40	2.58	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.09	0.76
8.45	2.71	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.09	0.76
8.50	2.84	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.09	0.76
8.55	2.77	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.09	0.76
8.60	2.72	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.08	0.76
8.65	2.68	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.08	0.76
8.70	2.63	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.08	0.75
8.75	2.59	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.08	0.75
8.80	2.55	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.08	0.75
8.85	2.50	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.08	0.75
8.90	2.46	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.08	0.75
8.95	2.42	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.08	0.75
9.00	2.38	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.08	0.75
9.05	2.34	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.08	0.75
9.10	2.30	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.08	0.75
9.15	2.27	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.75
9.20	2.23	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
9.25	2.19	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
9.30	2.16	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
9.35	2.13	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
9.40	2.00	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
9.45	2.00	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
9.50	2.00	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
9.55	2.00	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
9.60	2.00	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
9.65	2.00	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
9.70	2.00	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
9.75	2.00	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
9.80	2.00	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
9.85	2.00	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
9.90	2.00	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
9.95	2.00	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
10.00	2.00	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
10.05	2.00	0.64	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74







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20.15	2.00	0.63	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
20.20	2.00	0.63	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
20.25	2.00	0.63	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
20.30	2.00	0.63	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
20.35	2.00	0.63	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
20.40	2.00	0.63	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
20.45	2.00	0.63	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
20.50	2.00	0.63	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
20.55	2.00	0.63	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
20.60	2.00	0.63	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
20.65	2.00	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
20.70	2.00	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
20.75	2.00	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
20.80	2.00	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
20.85	2.00	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
20.90	2.00	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
20.95	2.00	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
21.00	2.00	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
21.05	2.00	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
21.10	2.00	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
21.15	2.00	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
21.20	2.00	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
21.25	2.00	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
21.30	2.00	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
21.35	2.00	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
21.40	2.00	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
21.45	2.00	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
21.50	2.00	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
21.55	2.00	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
21.60	2.00	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
21.65	2.00	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
21.70	2.00	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
21.75	2.00	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
21.80	2.00	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
21.85	2.00	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
21.90	0.41	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.07	0.74
21.95	0.40	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.06	0.74
22.00	0.39	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.06	0.73
22.05	0.38	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.06	0.73
22.10	0.37	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.06	0.73
22.15	0.36	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.06	0.73
22.20	0.35	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.06	0.73
22.25	0.34	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.05	0.72
22.30	0.34	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.05	0.72
22.35	0.33	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.05	0.72
22.40	0.32	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.05	0.72
22.45	0.32	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.04	0.71
22.50	0.31	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.04	0.71
22.55	0.30	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.04	0.71
22.60	0.30	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.03	0.71
22.65	0.29	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.03	0.70
22.70	0.29	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.03	0.70
22.75	0.28	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.02	0.70
22.80	0.28	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.02	0.69
22.85	0.27	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.02	0.69
22.90	0.27	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.01	0.68
22.95	0.27	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.01	0.68
23.00	0.26	0.62	5.00	0.67	0.00	0.68
23.05	0.26	0.62	0.41*	0.67	0.00	0.67
23.10	0.25	0.62	0.41*	0.66	0.00	0.66
23.15	0.25	0.62	0.40*	0.66	0.00	0.66
23.20	0.25	0.62	0.40*	0.65	0.00	0.65
23.25	0.24	0.62	0.39*	0.64	0.00	0.64
23.30	0.24	0.62	0.39*	0.64	0.00	0.64
23.35	0.24	0.63	0.38*	0.63	0.00	0.63
23.40	0.24	0.63	0.38*	0.62	0.00	0.62
23.45	0.23	0.63	0.37*	0.62	0.00	0.62

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23.50	0.23	0.63	0.37*	0.61	0.00	0.61
23.55	0.23	0.63	0.36*	0.60	0.00	0.60
23.60	0.23	0.63	0.36*	0.59	0.00	0.59
23.65	0.22	0.63	0.35*	0.59	0.00	0.59
23.70	0.22	0.63	0.35*	0.58	0.00	0.58
23.75	0.22	0.63	0.35*	0.57	0.00	0.57
23.80	0.22	0.63	0.34*	0.56	0.00	0.56
23.85	0.21	0.63	0.34*	0.56	0.00	0.56
23.90	0.21	0.63	0.34*	0.55	0.00	0.55
23.95	0.21	0.63	0.33*	0.54	0.00	0.54
24.00	0.21	0.63	0.33*	0.53	0.00	0.53
24.05	0.21	0.63	0.33*	0.52	0.00	0.52
24.10	0.20	0.63	0.32*	0.52	0.00	0.52
24.15	0.20	0.64	0.32*	0.51	0.00	0.51
24.20	0.20	0.64	0.32*	0.50	0.00	0.50
24.25	0.20	0.64	0.31*	0.49	0.00	0.49
24.30	0.20	0.64	0.31*	0.48	0.00	0.48
24.35	0.20	0.64	0.31*	0.47	0.00	0.47
24.40	0.20	0.64	0.31*	0.46	0.00	0.46
24.45	0.19	0.64	0.30*	0.46	0.00	0.46
24.50	0.19	0.64	0.30*	0.45	0.00	0.45
24.55	0.19	0.64	0.30*	0.44	0.00	0.44
24.60	0.19	0.64	0.30*	0.43	0.00	0.43
24.65	0.19	0.64	0.30*	0.42	0.00	0.42
24.70	0.19	0.64	0.29*	0.41	0.00	0.41
24.75	0.19	0.64	0.29*	0.40	0.00	0.40
24.80	0.19	0.64	0.29*	0.39	0.00	0.39
24.85	0.18	0.64	0.29*	0.38	0.00	0.38
24.90	0.18	0.64	0.29*	0.38	0.00	0.38
24.95	0.18	0.64	0.28*	0.37	0.00	0.37
25.00	0.18	0.65	0.28*	0.36	0.00	0.36
25.05	0.18	0.65	0.28*	0.35	0.00	0.35
25.10	0.18	0.65	0.28*	0.34	0.00	0.34
25.15	0.19	0.65	0.29*	0.33	0.00	0.33
25.20	0.19	0.65	0.29*	0.32	0.00	0.32
25.25	0.19	0.65	0.29*	0.31	0.00	0.31
25.30	0.19	0.65	0.29*	0.30	0.00	0.30
25.35	0.19	0.65	0.29*	0.29	0.00	0.29
25.40	0.19	0.65	0.30*	0.28	0.00	0.28
25.45	0.19	0.65	0.30*	0.28	0.00	0.28
25.50	0.19	0.65	0.30*	0.27	0.00	0.27
25.55	0.20	0.65	0.30*	0.26	0.00	0.26
25.60	0.20	0.65	0.30*	0.25	0.00	0.25
25.65	0.20	0.65	0.31*	0.24	0.00	0.24
25.70	0.20	0.65	0.31*	0.23	0.00	0.23
25.75	0.20	0.65	0.31*	0.22	0.00	0.22
25.80	0.21	0.65	0.31*	0.22	0.00	0.22
25.85	0.21	0.65	0.32*	0.21	0.00	0.21
25.90	0.21	0.66	0.32*	0.20	0.00	0.20
25.95	0.21	0.66	0.32*	0.19	0.00	0.19
26.00	0.21	0.66	0.33*	0.18	0.00	0.18
26.05	0.22	0.66	0.33*	0.17	0.00	0.17
26.10	0.22	0.66	0.33*	0.17	0.00	0.17
26.15	0.22	0.66	0.33*	0.16	0.00	0.16
26.20	0.22	0.66	0.34*	0.15	0.00	0.15
26.25	0.23	0.66	0.34*	0.14	0.00	0.14
26.30	0.23	0.66	0.35*	0.14	0.00	0.14
26.35	0.23	0.66	0.35*	0.13	0.00	0.13
26.40	0.23	0.66	0.35*	0.12	0.00	0.12
26.45	0.24	0.66	0.36*	0.11	0.00	0.11
26.50	0.24	0.66	0.36*	0.11	0.00	0.11
26.55	0.24	0.66	0.37*	0.10	0.00	0.10
26.60	0.25	0.66	0.37*	0.09	0.00	0.09
26.65	0.25	0.66	0.38*	0.09	0.00	0.09
26.70	0.26	0.66	0.38*	0.08	0.00	0.08
26.75	0.26	0.66	0.39*	0.07	0.00	0.07
26.80	0.26	0.67	0.40*	0.07	0.00	0.07

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26.85	0.27	0.67	0.40*	0.06	0.00	0.06
26.90	0.27	0.67	0.41*	0.05	0.00	0.05
26.95	0.28	0.67	0.42*	0.05	0.00	0.05
27.00	0.28	0.67	0.42*	0.04	0.00	0.04
27.05	0.29	0.67	0.43*	0.03	0.00	0.03
27.10	0.29	0.67	0.44*	0.03	0.00	0.03
27.15	0.30	0.67	0.45*	0.02	0.00	0.02
27.20	0.31	0.67	0.46*	0.02	0.00	0.02
27.25	0.31	0.67	0.47*	0.01	0.00	0.01
27.30	0.32	0.67	0.48*	0.01	0.00	0.01
27.35	2.00	0.67	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
27.40	2.00	0.67	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
27.45	2.00	0.67	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
27.50	2.00	0.67	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
27.55	2.00	0.67	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
27.60	2.00	0.67	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
27.65	2.00	0.67	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
27.70	2.00	0.67	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
27.75	2.00	0.68	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
27.80	2.00	0.68	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
27.85	2.00	0.68	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
27.90	2.00	0.68	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
27.95	2.00	0.68	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
28.00	2.00	0.68	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
28.05	2.00	0.68	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
28.10	2.00	0.68	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
28.15	2.00	0.68	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
28.20	2.00	0.68	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
28.25	2.00	0.68	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
28.30	2.00	0.68	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
28.35	2.00	0.68	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
28.40	2.00	0.68	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
28.45	2.00	0.68	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
28.50	2.00	0.68	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
28.55	2.00	0.68	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
28.60	2.00	0.68	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
28.65	2.00	0.68	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
28.70	2.00	0.68	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
28.75	2.00	0.69	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
28.80	2.00	0.69	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
28.85	2.00	0.69	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
28.90	2.00	0.69	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
28.95	2.00	0.69	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
29.00	2.00	0.69	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
29.05	2.00	0.69	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
29.10	2.00	0.69	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
29.15	2.00	0.69	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
29.20	2.00	0.69	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
29.25	2.00	0.69	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
29.30	2.00	0.69	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
29.35	2.00	0.69	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
29.40	2.00	0.69	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
29.45	2.00	0.69	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
29.50	2.00	0.69	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
29.55	2.00	0.69	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
29.60	2.00	0.69	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
29.65	2.00	0.69	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
29.70	2.00	0.69	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
29.75	2.00	0.69	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
29.80	2.00	0.70	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
29.85	2.00	0.70	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
29.90	2.00	0.70	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
29.95	2.00	0.70	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
30.00	2.00	0.70	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
30.05	2.00	0.70	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
30.10	2.00	0.70	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
30.15	2.00	0.70	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01



CPT 8.sum

33.55	2.00	0.71	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
33.60	2.00	0.71	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
33.65	2.00	0.71	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
33.70	2.00	0.71	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
33.75	2.00	0.71	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
33.80	2.00	0.71	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
33.85	2.00	0.71	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
33.90	2.00	0.71	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
33.95	2.00	0.71	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
34.00	2.00	0.71	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
34.05	2.00	0.71	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
34.10	2.00	0.71	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
34.15	2.00	0.71	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
34.20	2.00	0.71	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
34.25	2.00	0.71	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
34.30	2.00	0.71	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
34.35	2.00	0.71	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
34.40	2.00	0.71	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
34.45	2.00	0.71	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
34.50	2.00	0.71	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
34.55	2.00	0.71	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
34.60	2.00	0.71	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
34.65	2.00	0.71	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
34.70	2.00	0.71	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
34.75	2.00	0.71	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
34.80	2.00	0.71	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
34.85	2.00	0.71	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
34.90	2.00	0.71	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
34.95	2.00	0.72	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
35.00	2.00	0.72	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
35.05	2.00	0.72	5.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
35.10	0.65	0.72	0.91*	0.01	0.00	0.01
35.15	0.58	0.72	0.81*	0.01	0.00	0.01
35.20	0.55	0.72	0.77*	0.01	0.00	0.01
35.25	0.55	0.72	0.76*	0.01	0.00	0.01
35.30	0.55	0.72	0.77*	0.00	0.00	0.00
35.35	0.56	0.72	0.79*	0.00	0.00	0.00
35.40	0.58	0.72	0.81*	0.00	0.00	0.00
35.45	0.60	0.72	0.84*	0.00	0.00	0.00
35.50	0.63	0.72	0.88*	0.00	0.00	0.00
35.55	0.66	0.72	0.93*	0.00	0.00	0.00
35.60	0.70	0.72	0.97*	0.00	0.00	0.00
35.65	0.74	0.72	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00
35.70	0.78	0.72	1.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
35.75	0.82	0.72	1.15	0.00	0.00	0.00
35.80	0.87	0.72	1.21	0.00	0.00	0.00
35.85	0.92	0.72	1.29	0.00	0.00	0.00
35.90	0.98	0.72	1.36	0.00	0.00	0.00
35.95	1.03	0.72	1.44	0.00	0.00	0.00
36.00	1.09	0.72	1.52	0.00	0.00	0.00
36.05	1.16	0.72	1.61	0.00	0.00	0.00
36.10	1.22	0.72	1.71	0.00	0.00	0.00
36.15	1.29	0.72	1.80	0.00	0.00	0.00
36.20	1.37	0.72	1.90	0.00	0.00	0.00
36.25	1.44	0.72	2.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
36.30	1.52	0.72	2.12	0.00	0.00	0.00
36.35	1.61	0.72	2.24	0.00	0.00	0.00
36.40	1.69	0.72	2.36	0.00	0.00	0.00
36.45	1.78	0.72	2.48	0.00	0.00	0.00
36.50	1.88	0.72	2.62	0.00	0.00	0.00
36.55	1.98	0.72	2.75	0.00	0.00	0.00
36.60	2.08	0.72	2.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
36.65	2.18	0.72	3.04	0.00	0.00	0.00
36.70	2.29	0.72	3.19	0.00	0.00	0.00
36.75	2.41	0.72	3.35	0.00	0.00	0.00
36.80	2.52	0.72	3.51	0.00	0.00	0.00
36.85	2.64	0.72	3.68	0.00	0.00	0.00

## CPT 8.sum

36.90	2.77	0.72	3.85	0.00	0.00	0.00
36.95	2.90	0.72	4.03	0.00	0.00	0.00
37.00	2.98	0.72	4.15	0.00	0.00	0.00
37.05	2.98	0.72	4.15	0.00	0.00	0.00
37.10	2.98	0.72	4.15	0.00	0.00	0.00
37.15	2.98	0.72	4.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
37.20	2.98	0.72	4.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
37.25	2.98	0.72	4.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
37.30	2.98	0.72	4.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
37.35	2.98	0.72	4.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
37.40	2.98	0.72	4.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
37.45	2.98	0.72	4.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
37.50	2.98	0.72	4.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
37.55	2.98	0.72	4.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
37.60	2.98	0.72	4.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
37.65	2.98	0.72	4.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
37.70	2.98	0.72	4.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
37.75	2.98	0.72	4.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
37.80	2.98	0.72	4.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
37.85	2.98	0.72	4.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
37.90	2.98	0.72	4.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
37.95	2.98	0.72	4.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
38.00	2.98	0.72	4.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
38.05	2.98	0.72	4.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
38.10	2.98	0.72	4.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
38.15	2.98	0.72	4.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
38.20	2.97	0.72	4.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
38.25	2.97	0.72	4.12	0.00	0.00	0.00
38.30	2.97	0.72	4.12	0.00	0.00	0.00
38.35	2.97	0.72	4.12	0.00	0.00	0.00
38.40	2.97	0.72	4.12	0.00	0.00	0.00
38.45	2.97	0.72	4.12	0.00	0.00	0.00
38.50	2.97	0.72	4.12	0.00	0.00	0.00
38.55	2.97	0.72	4.12	0.00	0.00	0.00
38.60	2.97	0.72	4.12	0.00	0.00	0.00
38.65	2.97	0.72	4.12	0.00	0.00	0.00
38.70	2.97	0.72	4.12	0.00	0.00	0.00
38.75	2.97	0.72	4.12	0.00	0.00	0.00
38.80	2.97	0.72	4.12	0.00	0.00	0.00
38.85	2.97	0.72	4.12	0.00	0.00	0.00
38.90	2.97	0.72	4.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
38.95	2.97	0.72	4.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
39.00	2.97	0.72	4.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
39.05	2.97	0.72	4.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
39.10	2.97	0.72	4.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
39.15	2.97	0.72	4.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
39.20	2.97	0.72	4.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
39.25	2.97	0.72	4.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
39.30	2.97	0.72	4.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
39.35	2.97	0.72	4.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
39.40	2.97	0.72	4.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
39.45	2.97	0.72	4.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
39.50	2.97	0.72	4.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
39.55	2.97	0.72	4.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
39.60	2.97	0.72	4.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
39.65	2.96	0.72	4.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
39.70	2.96	0.72	4.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
39.75	2.96	0.72	4.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
39.80	2.96	0.72	4.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
39.85	2.96	0.72	4.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
39.90	2.96	0.72	4.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
39.95	2.96	0.72	4.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
40.00	2.96	0.72	4.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
40.05	2.96	0.72	4.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
40.10	2.96	0.72	4.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
40.15	2.96	0.72	4.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
40.20	2.96	0.72	4.10	0.00	0.00	0.00

CPT 8.sum						
40.25	2.96	0.72	4.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
40.30	2.96	0.72	4.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
40.35	2.96	0.72	4.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
40.40	2.96	0.72	4.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
40.45	2.96	0.72	4.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
40.50	2.96	0.72	4.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
40.55	2.96	0.72	4.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
40.60	2.96	0.72	4.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
40.65	2.96	0.72	4.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
40.70	2.96	0.72	4.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
40.75	2.96	0.72	4.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
40.80	2.96	0.72	4.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
40.85	2.96	0.72	4.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
40.90	2.96	0.72	4.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
40.95	2.96	0.72	4.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
41.00	2.96	0.72	4.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
41.05	2.96	0.72	4.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
41.10	2.95	0.72	4.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
41.15	2.95	0.72	4.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
41.20	2.95	0.72	4.08	0.00	0.00	0.00
41.25	2.95	0.72	4.08	0.00	0.00	0.00
41.30	2.95	0.72	4.08	0.00	0.00	0.00
41.35	2.95	0.72	4.08	0.00	0.00	0.00
41.40	2.95	0.72	4.08	0.00	0.00	0.00
41.45	2.95	0.72	4.08	0.00	0.00	0.00
41.50	2.95	0.72	4.08	0.00	0.00	0.00
41.55	2.95	0.72	4.08	0.00	0.00	0.00
41.60	2.95	0.72	4.08	0.00	0.00	0.00
41.65	2.95	0.72	4.08	0.00	0.00	0.00
41.70	2.95	0.72	4.08	0.00	0.00	0.00
41.75	2.95	0.72	4.08	0.00	0.00	0.00
41.80	2.95	0.72	4.08	0.00	0.00	0.00
41.85	2.95	0.72	4.08	0.00	0.00	0.00
41.90	2.95	0.72	4.08	0.00	0.00	0.00
41.95	2.95	0.72	4.08	0.00	0.00	0.00
42.00	2.95	0.72	4.08	0.00	0.00	0.00

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\* F.S.<1, Liquefaction Potential Zone  
(F.S. is limited to 5, CRR is limited to 2, CSR is limited to 2)

Units: Unit: qc, fs, Stress or Pressure = atm (1.0581tsf); Unit Weight = pcf; Depth = ft; Settlement = in.

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1 atm (atmosphere) = 1 tsf (ton/ft2)  
CRRm           Cyclic resistance ratio from soils  
CSRsf           Cyclic stress ratio induced by a given earthquake (with user request factor of safety)  
F.S.            Factor of Safety against liquefaction, F.S.=CRRm/CSRsf  
S\_sat           Settlement from saturated sands  
S\_dry           Settlement from Unsaturated Sands  
S\_all           Total Settlement from Saturated and Unsaturated Sands  
NoLiq           No-Liquefy Soils

# Appendix D

Earthwork Specifications

## APPENDIX D: EARTHWORK SPECIFICATIONS

### D.1 Scope of Work

The work includes all labor, supplies and construction equipment required to construct the building pads in a good, workmanlike manner, as shown on the drawings and herein specified. The major items of work covered in this section include the following:

- Site Inspection
- Authority of Geotechnical Engineer
- Site Clearing
- Excavations
- Preparation of Fill Areas
- Placement and Compaction of Fill
- Observation and Testing

### D.2 Site Inspection

- The Contractor shall carefully examine the site and make all inspections necessary, in order to determine the full extent of the work required to make the completed work conform to the drawings and specifications. The Contractor shall satisfy himself as to the nature and location of the work, ground surface and the characteristics of equipment and facilities needed prior to and during prosecution of the work. The Contractor shall satisfy himself as to the character, quality, and quantity of surface and subsurface materials or obstacles to be encountered. Any inaccuracies or discrepancies between the actual field conditions and the drawings, or between the drawings and specifications must be brought to the Owner's attention in order to clarify the exact nature of the work to be performed.
- This *Geoseismic/Geotechnical Study Report* by Converse Consultants may be used as a reference to the surface and subsurface conditions on this project. The information presented in this report is intended for use in design and is subject to confirmation of the conditions encountered during construction. The exploration logs and related information depict subsurface conditions only at the particular time and location designated on the boring logs. Subsurface conditions at other locations may differ from conditions encountered at the exploration locations. In addition, the passage of time may result in a change in subsurface conditions at the exploration locations. Any review of this information shall not relieve the Contractor from performing such independent investigation and evaluation to satisfy himself as to the nature of the surface and subsurface conditions to be encountered and the procedures to be used in performing his work.

### **D.3 Authority of the Geotechnical Engineer**

- The Geotechnical Engineer will observe the placement of compacted fill and will take sufficient tests to evaluate the uniformity and degree of compaction of filled ground.
- As the Owner's representative, the Geotechnical Engineer will (a) have the authority to cause the removal and replacement of loose, soft, disturbed and other unsatisfactory soils and uncontrolled fill; (b) have the authority to approve the preparation of native ground to receive fill material; and (c) have the authority to approve or reject soils proposed for use in building areas.
- The Civil Engineer and/or Owner will decide all questions regarding (a) the interpretation of the drawings and specifications, (b) the acceptable fulfillment of the contract on the part of the Contractor and (c) the matters of compensation.

### **D.4 Site Clearing**

- Clearing and grubbing shall consist of the removal from building areas to be graded of all existing structures, pavements, utilities, trees and vegetation.
- Organic and inorganic materials resulting from the clearing and grubbing operations shall be hauled away from the areas to be graded.

### **D.5 Excavations**

- Based on observations made during our field explorations, the surficial soils can be excavated with conventional earthwork equipment.

### **D.6 Preparation of Fill Areas**

- All organic material, organic soils, incompetent alluvium, undocumented fill soils and debris should be removed from the proposed building areas.
- In order to provide a relative uniform bearing material below shallow foundations, over-excavation and re-compaction of below the foundations and slab-on-grade are recommended. We recommend a minimum 5 feet of onsite soils below the bottom of foundations should be removed, moisture-conditioned if necessary, and replaced as compacted fill. At least the six (6) inches of soil at bottom of over-excavation, cut and transition areas should be scarified and compacted. All undocumented fill should be removed and replaced with compacted fill. The excavation to remove unsuitable soils should be extended to five (5) feet beyond the building limits and appendages where space is available. All loose, soft or disturbed earth materials should be removed from the bottom of excavations

before placing structural fill. The actual depth of removal should be determined based on observations made during grading. After the required removals have been made, the exposed native earth materials shall be excavated to provide a zone of structural fill for the support of footings, slabs-on-grade, and exterior flatwork. The fill thickness under structures should not vary.

- The subgrade in all areas to receive fill shall be scarified to a minimum depth of six (6) inches, the soil moisture adjusted within three (3) percent of the optimum moisture for granular soils and at above approximately three (3) percent of the optimum moisture for fine-grained soils. and then compacted to at least 90 percent of the laboratory maximum dry density as determined by ASTM Standard D1557 test method. Scarification may be terminated on moderately hard to hard, cemented earth materials with the approval of the Geotechnical Engineer.
- Compacted fill may be placed on native soils that have been properly scarified and recompacted as discussed above.
- All areas to receive compacted fill will be observed and approved by the Geotechnical Engineer before the placement of fill.

#### **D.7 Placement and Compaction of Fill**

- Compacted fill placed for the support of footings, slabs-on-grade, exterior concrete flatwork, and driveways will be considered structural fill. Structural fill may consist of approved on-site soils or imported fill that meets the criteria indicated below.
- Fill consisting of selected on-site earth materials or imported soils approved by the Geotechnical Engineer shall be placed in layers on approved earth materials. Soils used as compacted structural fill shall have the following characteristics:
  - All fill soil particles shall not exceed three (3) inches in nominal size, and shall be free of organic matter and miscellaneous inorganic debris and inert rubble.
  - Imported fill materials shall have an Expansion Index (EI) less than 20. All imported fill should be compacted to at least 90 percent of the laboratory maximum dry density (ASTM Standard D1557) at about three (3) percent above optimum moisture for fine grained soils, and within three (3) percent of optimum for granular soils.
- Fill soils shall be evenly spread in maximum 8-inch lifts, watered or dried as necessary, mixed and compacted to at least the density specified below. The fill shall be placed and compacted on a horizontal plane, unless otherwise approved by the Geotechnical Engineer.

- All fill placed at the site shall be compacted to at least 90 percent of the laboratory maximum dry density as determined by ASTM Standard D1557 test method. The on-site soils shall be moisture conditioned within three (3) percent of the optimum moisture for granular soils and at above approximately three (3) percent of the optimum moisture for fine-grained soils. At least the upper 12 inches of subgrade soils underneath the concrete apron, pavement and parking areas should be compacted to a minimum of 95 percent relative compaction.
- Fill exceeding five (5) feet in height shall not be placed on native slopes that are steeper than 5:1 horizontal:vertical (H:V). Where native slopes are steeper than 5:1 H:V, and the height of the fill is greater than five (5) feet, the fill shall be benched into competent materials. The height and width of the benches shall be at least two (2) feet.
- Representative samples of materials being used, as compacted fill will be analyzed in the laboratory by the Geotechnical Engineer to obtain information on their physical properties. Maximum laboratory density of each soil type used in the compacted fill will be determined by the ASTM Standard D1557 compaction method.
- Fill materials shall not be placed, spread or compacted during unfavorable weather conditions. When site grading is interrupted by heavy rain, filling operations shall not resume until the Geotechnical Engineer approves the moisture and density conditions of the previously placed fill.
- It shall be the Grading Contractor's obligation to take all measures deemed necessary during grading to provide erosion control devices in order to protect slope areas and adjacent properties from storm damage and flood hazard originating on this project. It shall be the contractor's responsibility to maintain slopes in their as-graded form until all slopes are in satisfactory compliance with job specifications, all berms have been properly constructed, and all associated drainage devices meet the requirements of the Civil Engineer.

## **D.8 Trench Backfill**

The following specifications are recommended to provide a basis for quality control during the placement of trench backfill.

- Trench excavations to receive backfill shall be free of trash, debris or other unsatisfactory materials at the time of backfill placement.
- Trench backfill shall be compacted to a minimum relative compaction of 90 percent as per ASTM Standard D1557 test method.

- Rocks larger than one (1) inch should not be placed within 12 inches of the top of the pipeline or within the upper 12 inches of pavement or structure subgrade. No more than 30 percent of the backfill volume shall be larger than 3/4-inch in largest dimension diameter, and rocks shall be well mixed with finer soil.
- The pipe design engineer should select bedding material for the pipe. Bedding materials generally should have a Sand Equivalent (SE) greater than or equal to 30, as determined by the ASTM Standard D2419 test method.
- Trench backfill shall be compacted by mechanical methods, such as sheepsfoot, vibrating or pneumatic rollers, or mechanical tampers, to achieve the density specified herein. The backfill materials shall be brought to within three (3) percent of optimum moisture content for granular soils and fine-grained soils, then placed in horizontal layers. The thickness of uncompacted layers should not exceed eight (8) inches. Each layer shall be evenly spread, moistened or dried as necessary, and then tamped or rolled until the specified density has been achieved.
- The contractor shall select the equipment and processes to be used to achieve the specified density without damage to adjacent ground and completed work.
- The field density of the compacted soil shall be measured by the ASTM Standard D1556 or ASTM Standard D2922 test methods or equivalent.
- Observation and field tests should be performed by Converse during construction to confirm that the required degree of compaction has been obtained. Where compaction is less than that specified, additional compactive effort shall be made with adjustment of the moisture content as necessary, until the specified compaction is obtained.
- It should be the responsibility of the Contractor to maintain safe conditions during cut and/or fill operations.
- Trench backfill shall not be placed, spread or rolled during unfavorable weather conditions. When the work is interrupted by heavy rain, fill operations shall not be resumed until field tests by the project's geotechnical consultant indicate that the moisture content and density of the fill are as previously specified.

#### **D.9 Observation and Testing**

- During the progress of grading, the Geotechnical Engineer will provide observation of the fill placement operations.
- Field density tests will be made during grading to provide an opinion on the degree of compaction being obtained by the contractor. Where compaction of less than

specified herein is indicated, additional compactive effort with adjustment of the moisture content shall be made as necessary, until the required degree of compaction is obtained.

- A sufficient number of field density tests will be performed to provide an opinion to the degree of compaction achieved. In general, density tests will be performed on each one-foot lift of fill, but not less than one for each 500 cubic yards of fill placed.