# AB 705 Improvement Plan - Data Addendum Template

**Important reminder:** To date the review of statewide data, individual college data, and college submissions has failed to produce evidence that pre-transfer-level enrollments meet AB 705 requirements. Colleges planning to allow or require continued pre-transfer-level enrollment that cannot submit evidence that it meets the standards of the law will be expected to place and enroll all U.S. high school graduate, certificate, degree and transfer students in transfer-level coursework (with appropriate concurrent support as needed) by fall 2022.

Which colleges <u>need</u> to complete this data addendum? For colleges that plan to continue placements and/or enrollments into pretransfer level courses or multi-term transfer-level courses in Fall 2022, the Improvement Plan requires completion of this data reporting template in which colleges will submit local data in an attempt to show completion is maximized for a specific program or student group that enrolls, by requirement or by choice, into pre-transfer level courses or multi-term transfer-level courses.

Which colleges do not need to complete this data addendum? The Improvement Plan does not require the submission of data for colleges that will, by fall 2022, both ensure transfer/college level placement in math/quantitative reasoning and English for all U.S. high school graduate students and permit no pre-transfer/college level enrollments, including multi-term transfer-level courses, for students in certificate, degree or transfer programs.

**Data addendum overview:** The data addendum is broken into 4 areas: curricular innovations, locally-derived placement models, guided or self-placement processes, and college-level math. Complete the sections that are relevant to each subgroup of students who enroll below transfer-level (voluntarily or after placement.)

What does it mean to maximize throughput? Maximizing throughput means that students enrolling below transfer-level complete a transfer-level course (or college-level course with specific requirements that are not met with transfer-level coursework) within a year at a rate equal to or higher than students with similar high school achievement who begin directly in a transfer-level course. Throughput is calculated within the data addendum by dividing the number of students who start directly at transfer-level and complete the transfer-level course within one full year by the number of students whose first course of enrollment was in a pre-transfer-level course (or college-level) who successfully completed the transfer-level course within one full year.

Reporting throughput for students enrolled in certificate or associate degree programs: If students are enrolled in a certificate or associate degree program "with specific requirements that are not met with transfer-level coursework," then the college must enter data for students enrolling below college-level and those within the same cohort who successfully complete a college-level course in one year to determine if throughput is maximized for students enrolled below college-level.

**Indicating if throughput is maximized:** After entering all the requested data, the data addendum will indicate if throughput is maximized for the three GPA bands entered (regardless of sample size). If throughput is not maximized it is indicated as "No", and if throughput is maximized for the student population it is indicated as "Yes". In both instances, colleges completing the data addendum are required to submit the completed data addendum to the CCCCO for review.

**How to report enrollments:** The data addendum includes tabs to report four separate ways in which students are able to enroll below transfer level in newly developed processes the college has created on or after Fall 2019.

Which enrollments should be reported? If your college changed your processes on or after Fall 2019, and students are still able to enroll below transfer-level, please report on students who enrolled any time between Fall 2019 and Fall 2020, after the change was made to capture the most recent enrollment and outcomes based on the process your college is currently using. Report enrollments for any terms in the timeframe in which students were placed below transfer level and track outcomes for one full year. Because the categories overlap, you may be reporting the same cohort in multiple tabs. All prior processes and curriculum for Fall 2019 were previously reported in the Equitable Placement Validation of Practices Template.

# Description of the four categories in the data addendum:

- 1. Curricular innovations: report on enrollment in courses below transfer-level that are not part of the traditional developmental math sequence and are not corequisite support courses associated with transfer-level courses. These courses may include the following: newly developed courses designed to prepare students for transfer-level courses, an accelerated course sequence that starts students in a pre-transfer level course, a transfer-level course stretched over two terms, or a jumpstart or bootcamp course that starts students below transfer level.
- 2. Local placement model: report on enrollment in courses below transfer-level that result from placement rules that deviate from the statewide default placement rules.
- 3. Guided or self-placement: report on enrollment in courses below transfer-level that result from placement processes that are used when high school information is not available.
- 4. *College-level math*: report on enrollment in **existing** college-level math sections (including intermediate algebra or contextualized versions of intermediate algebra) for students who enroll (voluntarily or as a result of placement) in math courses appropriate to their educational goal and program of study. Enrollments into **newly** developed college-level math courses would be reported by copying Tab 5, Table 1, and following the instructions in Tab 2: Curricular Innovations.

What is the reporting timeframe? Students who receive the curricular innovation, local placement model, guided or self-placement, or enrolled in college-level math at anytime in Fall 2019, Winter 2020, Spring 2020, Summer 2020 and Fall 2020 tracked for one academic year, including intersessions. For example, if a student started in a discipline in the fall, they would be tracked through completion of the gateway course (college-level or transfer-level course appropriate to their educational goal) through the following summer term.

Which students are included in the cohort for curricular innovations and college-level math? Report enrollments for all students who received the innovation and whose first course of enrollment in English or math/quantitative reasoning was in the intervention and within the timeframe tracked for one year. If a student was enrolled in multiple courses over the timeframe, report only the first or lowest course of enrollment in the discipline. For example, if a student was enrolled in intermediate algebra, precalculus, and calculus in the one-year timeframe, only report enrollment in intermediate algebra as the initial enrollment.

Which students are included in the cohort for local placement model and guided or self-placement? Report students who received the new placement method at any time and who enrolled in the discipline for the first time within the timeframe tracked for one year. Report enrollments regardless of where the student was placed. For example, if the guided or self-placement model placed students into a transfer-level course, but a student self-placed into a below transfer-level course after engaging with the GSP model, report the students' enrollment in the below transfer-level course.

What if your college has more than one new innovation to report in the same tab? If your college has multiple scenarios to report within a category listed in Tabs 2, 3, 4 or 5, make a copy of the respective tab and complete it for each scenario. For example, if your college had pre-transfer-level enrollments in SLAM (e.g., Pre-Stats or Statway I or other preparation for Statistics-Liberal Arts Math), and an innovative Algebra Preparation for STEM, and a Technical Math course taken by associate degree students, you will need to complete Tab 2 three times, once for each of the three newly developed interventions.

**How is the data to be disaggregated within the data addendum?** The data addendum requests that you compare students within the same GPA band as defined in the default placement rules which can be found here:

What are the English GPA bands? Highest: HSGPA ≥ 2.6 Middle: HSGPA 1.9 - 2.6 Lowest: HSGPA < 1.9

What are the SLAM GPA bands? Highest: HSGPA ≥ 3.0 Middle: HSGPA 2.3 - 2.9 Lowest: HSGPA ≤ 2.3

What are the B-STEM GPA bands? Highest:  $HSGPA \ge 3.4 \text{ OR } HSGPA \ge 2.6 \text{ AND } enrolled in a HS Calculus course Middle: } HSGPA \ge 2.6 \text{ or } Enrolled in HS Precalculus Lowest: } HSGPA \le 2.6 \text{ and } no Precalculus}$ 

Where can I find more information about what is to be reported in the data addendum? Additional instructions are included within each tab specific to the requirements of the tab.

<b>Directions:</b> Enter data into the	blue cells; all other cells are populated auton	natically. See definitions for each column and	d the rows below
Course subject area (select			
and enter only one): English,			
SLAM or B-STEM:			
Educational goal of cohort			
(select and enter only one):			
Transfer/Unknown/Undecid			
ed, Degree or Certificate:			
Course name and short			
description:			
include the following: <b>newly destudents</b> in a pre-transfer level transfer level. Report all enroll Spring 2020, Summer 2020 and or math in which a student was the discipline within the curriculation Statistics in the timeframe, onlintermediate algebra) enrollmes separately in Tab 5.	eveloped courses designed to prepare student course, a transfer-level course stretched over ments for students who enrolled in the newly displayed Fall 2020 tracked for one academic year. Repose enrolled. If a student was enrolled in multiple ular innovation being reported. For example, by report enrollment in Pre-Stat. College-level ents will be reported in this tab only if it is a new entrollment.	ts for transfer-level courses, an accelerated or two terms, or a jumpstart or bootcamp cour developed curricular innovation at anytime port only the first course of enrollment for the courses over the timeframe, report only the f a student enrolled in a below-transfer-level math (including intermediate algebra or context) in the course, report only the first course and the course of the cour	course sequence arse that starts starts starts in Fall 2019, Wir he cohort definitione first course of the Pre-Stat and tratextualized versions those enrollm
•	than one new innovation to report? If your of	-	• •
	For example, if your college had pre-transfer-l ), and an innovative Algebra Preparation for S	· -	<del>-</del>
'	•		•
requirements that cannot be n	net with transfer-level math, you will need to	complete rab z tillee tilles, once for each if	itei veiitioii.
	Students Enrolled in Pre-Transfer/Multi-	Students Enrolled in Transfer-Level	Throughp
	<b>Term Course Sections</b>	Course with or without a Corequisite	

	1. Total	2. Subtotal	3. Throughput	4. Total	5. Subtotal	6. Throughput	7. Throughput
	Enrolled	who	Rate	Enrolled	who	Rate	Rate
		Completed			Completed		Differences
		Transfer-Level			Transfer-Level		
		Course within			Course within		
		One Year			One Year		
Overall	0	0		0	0		
GPA Unknown							
Highest GPA Band							
Middle GPA Band							
Lowest GPA Band							

### **Columns Explained**

# Columns 1 and 4 - Total Enrolled:

These columns show the number of distinct students enrolled at census. If end of term data are used, inclu (EW, MW, and W grades) as enrollment in the course.

For an educational goal of transfer, unknown or undecided or for associate degree programs or certifical requirements that <u>can</u> be met with transfer-level math: in Column 1 enter enrollments in innovative belo level course sections and in Column 4 enter enrollments in transfer-level sections with or without a corequently first disciplinary course enrollments. For example, if a student first enrolls in math below transfer-level student in Column 1 but not Column 4. Include only first disciplinary course enrollments for columns 1 and of where the student was placed. For example, if a student is placed into transfer-level math but enrolls in below transfer-level, include that student in Column 1.

**Transfer-level courses**: courses that fulfill general education requirements for English composition or for math/quantitative reasoning upon transfer to a university.

For math, students with an **educational goal of associate degree who are in associate programs with mat requirements that <u>cannot</u> be met with transfer-level math/quantitative reasoning, in Column 1 enter en innovative below-college-level course sections (two or more levels below transfer) and in Column 4 enter college-level sections (one level below transfer) with or without a corequisite. Include only first disciplinary enrollments, regardless of where the student placed.** 

I	
	<b>College-level courses</b> : courses usually coded one-level-below-transfer that meet local degree requirement in which transfer-level coursework does not satisfy programmatic requirements (e.g., an electrical technol with contextualized math skills). These courses (or higher) should be used for measuring the throughput for
	such programs.
Columns 2 and 5 - Subtotal who Completed Transfer- Level within One Year:	Columns 2 and 5 show the number of students who successfully completed a transfer-level course in one y better (including P grades) out of the cohorts defined in Columns 1 and 4 respectively.
Columns 3 and 6 - Throughput Rate:	These columns automatically calculate the percentage of students who successfully completed (C or highe grades) a transfer-level course within one year. To calculate the throughput rate, Column 2 is divided by Column 5 by Column 4, respectively.
Column 7 - Throughput Rate Differences:	The results in Column 7 are automatically calculated by subtracting the number of students in Column 6 from number in Column 3.
Column 8 - Maximize Throughput?:	This column automatically determines if throughput for students who started below transfer level is equal than throughput for students who start directly at transfer level. "No" means throughput is NOT maximize "Yes" means throughput is maximized. Comparisons are calculated regardless of sample sizes in any categorins instances, colleges completing the template are required to submit the completed data template to the CC review. Refer to Tab 1. Instructions Tab for definition of how throughput is calculated.
English GPA Bands:	Highest: HSGPA ≥ 2.6 Middle: HSGPA 1.9 - 2.6 Lowest: HSGPA < 1.9
SLAM GPA Bands:	Highest: HSGPA ≥ 3.0 Middle: HSGPA 2.3 - 2.9 Lowest: HSGPA ≤ 2.3
B-STEM GPA Bands:	Highest: HSGPA ≥ 3.4 OR HSGPA ≥ 2.6 AND enrolled in a HS Calculus course  Middle: HSGPA ≥ 2.6 or Enrolled in HS Precalculus  Lowest: HSGPA ≤ 2.6 and no Precalculus

the table.

at are not part ourses may that starts udents below oter 2020, ion in English enrollment in onsfer-level ons of ents

ab and r preparation ertificate with

ut Rates

# 8. Maximize Throughput?

ıde withdraws

# tes with

w-transfer-Jisite. Include el, include the l 4, regardless a math course

h rollments in enrollments in y course

is for programs ogy program or students in

ear with a C or

r, including P olumn 1, and

# om the

to or greater d, whereas ory. In both CCCO for

<b>Directions:</b> Enter data into the <b>blue</b> cells;	all other cells are populated automatically. See definitions for each column and the rows below th
Course subject area (select and enter only one): English, SLAM or B-STEM:	
Educational goal of cohort (select and enter only one): Transfer/Unknown/Undecided, Degree or Certificate:	
Placement rule (define and describe local rules):	

What is the reporting cohort and timeframe? Report all students who were placed using the newly developed local placement model, and English or math/quantitative reasoning course for the first time in Fall 2019, Winter 2020, Spring 2020, Summer 2020 and Fall 2020 tracked year. Report only the first course of enrollment in English or math/quantitative reasoning in which a student enrolled after interacting with 1 model. If a student was enrolled in multiple courses over the timeframe, report only the first course of enrollment in the discipline after interacting local placement model. For example, if a student enrolled in a below-transfer-level Pre-Stat and transfer-level Statistics in the timeframe, on enrollment in Pre-Stat.

What if your college has more than one new innovation to report? If your college has multiple scenarios to report within a category, make and complete it for each scenario. For example, if your college had pre-transfer-level enrollments in SLAM (e.g., Pre-Stats or Statway I or oth for Statistics-Liberal Arts Math), and an innovative Algebra Preparation for STEM, and a mathematics course for an associate degree or certil requirements that cannot be met with transfer-level math, you will need to complete Tab 2 three times, once for each intervention.

	Students Enrolled in Pre-Transfer/Multi-Term S				Students Enrolled in Transfer-Level Course		
	Course Sections			with or without a Corequisite			
	1. Total	2. Subtotal who	3. Throughput	4. Total	5. Subtotal	6. Throughput	7. Throughput
	Enrolled	Completed	Rate	Enrolled	who	Rate	Rate
		Transfer-Level			Completed		Differences
		Course within One			Transfer-Level		
		Year			Course within		
					One Year		
Overall	0	0		0	0		
GPA Unknown							
Highest GPA Band							-

Middle GPA Band				
Lowest GPA Band				

## **Columns Explained**

# Columns 1 and 4 - Total Enrolled:

These columns show the number of distinct students enrolled at census. If end of term data are used, include w MW, and W grades) as enrollment in the course.

For an educational goal of transfer, unknown or undecided or for associate degree programs or certificates with that can be met with transfer-level math: in Column 1 enter enrollments in below-transfer-level course section with the local placement model and in Column 4 enter enrollments in transfer-level sections with or without a conclude only first disciplinary course enrollments. For example, if a student first enrolls in math below transfer-level student in Column 1 but not Column 4. Include only first disciplinary course enrollments for columns 1 and 4, report the student was placed. For example, if a student is placed into transfer-level math but enrolls in a math course level, include that student in Column 1.

**Transfer-level courses**: courses that fulfill general education requirements for either English composition or marreasoning upon transfer to a university.

For math, students with an educational goal of associate degree who are in associate degree programs with m that <u>cannot</u> be met with transfer-level math/quantitative reasoning, in Column 1 enter enrollments below-coll sections (two or more levels below transfer) after interacting with the local placement model and in Column 4 e in college-level sections (one level below transfer) with or without a corequisite. Include only first disciplinary coregardless of where the student placed.

College-level courses: courses usually coded one-level-below-transfer that meet local degree requirements for which transfer-level coursework does not satisfy programmatic requirements (e.g., an electrical technology programmatic requirements (e.g., an electrical technology programmatic requirements (e.g., an electrical technology programs. These courses (or higher) should be used for measuring the throughput for students programs. For example, when reporting students with an associate degree or certificate goal in a program with cannot be met with a transfer-level math course, in column 2 report pre-college level enrollments and in column level (or higher) completion for the cohort. In column 4, report college-level enrollments and in column 5, report higher) completion for the cohort.

Columns 2 and 5 - Subtota who Completed Transfer-Level Course within One Year:

**Columns 2 and 5 - Subtotal** Columns 2 and 5 show the number of students who successfully completed a transfer-level course in one year w who Completed Transfer-level (including P grades) out of the cohorts defined in Columns 1 and 4 respectively.

Columns 3 and 6 - Throughput Rate:	These columns automatically calculate the percentage of students who successfully completed (C or higher, incl transfer-level course within one year. To calculate the throughput rate, Column 2 is divided by Column 1, and Column 4, respectively.
Column 7 - Throughput Rate:	The results in Column 7 are automatically calculated by subtracting the number of students in Column 6 from th Column 3.
Column 8 - Maximize Throughput?:	This column automatically determines if throughput for students who started below transfer level is equal to or throughput for students who start directly at transfer level. "No" means throughput is NOT maximized, whereas throughput is maximized. Comparisons are calculated regardless of sample sizes in any category. In both instanc completing the template are required to submit the completed data template to the CCCCO for review. Refer to Instructions Tab for definition of how throughput is calculated.
English GPA Bands:	Highest: HSGPA ≥ 2.6; Middle: HSGPA 1.9 - 2.6; Lowest: HSGPA < 1.9
SLAM GPA Bands:	Highest: HSGPA ≥ 3.0; Middle: HSGPA 2.3 - 2.9; Lowest: HSGPA ≤ 2.3
B-STEM GPA Bands:	Highest: HSGPA ≥ 3.4 OR HSGPA ≥ 2.6 AND enrolled in a HS Calculus course; Middle: HSGPA ≥ 2.6 or Enrolled in l Precalculus; Lowest: HSGPA ≤ 2.6 and no Precalculus

e table. enrolled in an for one academic the placement eracting with the ıly report a copy of this tab er preparation ficate with put Rates 8. Maximize Throughput?

ithdraws (EW,

ith requirements s after interacting corequisite.

evel, include the gardless of where below transfer-

th/quantitative

ath requirements

lege-level course inter enrollments ourse enrollments,

programs in gram with in such requirements that n 3 report colleget college-level (or

vith a C or better

uding P grades) a olumn 5 by

# e number in

greater than ; "Yes" means ; es, colleges ) Tab 1.

HS

Directions: Enter data into the blue cell	ls; all other cells are populated automatically. See definitions for each column and the rows be
Course subject area (select and enter	
only one): English, SLAM or B-STEM:	
Educational goal of cohort (select and	
enter only one):	
Transfer/Unknown/Undecided,	
Degree or Certificate:	

What is the reporting cohort and timeframe? Report all students who were placed using the newly developed guided or self-placem (GSP) and enrolled in an English or math/quantitative reasoning course for the first time in Fall 2019, Winter 2020, Spring 2020, Sumr Fall 2020 tracked for one academic year. Report only the first course of enrollment in English or math/quantitative reasoning in which enrolled after interacting with the GSP model. If a student was enrolled in multiple courses over the timeframe, report only the first courseliment in the discipline after interacting with the GSP model. For example, if a student enrolled in a below-transfer-level Pre-Stat level Statistics in the timeframe, only report enrollment in Pre-Stat.

What if your college has more than one new innovation to report? If your college has multiple scenarios to report within a category of this tab and complete it for each scenario. For example, if your college had pre-transfer-level enrollments in SLAM (e.g., Pre-Stats of other preparation for Statistics-Liberal Arts Math), and an innovative Algebra Preparation for STEM, and a mathematics course for an degree or certificate with requirements that cannot be met with transfer-level math, you will need to complete Tab 2 three times, on intervention.

	Students E	nrolled in Pre-Ti	ransfer/Multi-	Students I	Throughp		
	Term Course Sections			wit	orequisite		
	1. Total	2. Subtotal	3. Throughput	4. Total	5. Subtotal	6. Throughput	7. Throughput
	Enrolled	who	Rate	Enrolled	who	Rate	Rate
		Completed			Completed		Differences
		Transfer-Level			Transfer-Level		
		Course within			Course within		
		One Year			One Year		
Overall	0	0		0	0		
GPA Unknown							

Highest GPA Band				
Middle GPA Band				
Lowest GPA Band				

	Columns Explained
Columns 1 and 4 - Total	These columns show the number of distinct students enrolled at census. If end of term data are used, inclu
Enrolled:	For an educational goal of transfer, unknown or undecided or for associate degree programs with require in below-transfer-level course sections after interacting with the GSP model and in Column 4 enter enrollm disciplinary course enrollments. For example, if a student first enrolls in math below the transfer-level, after Column 4. Include only first disciplinary course enrollments, regardless of where the student was placed. For course below the transfer-level, include that student in Column 1.  Transfer-level courses: courses that fulfill general education requirements for English composition or for mathematical degree programs with requirements and in Column 4 enter enrollments.
	For math, students with an <b>educational goal of associate degree who are in associate programs with matl reasoning</b> , in Column 1 enter enrollments below-college-level course sections (two or more levels below trin college-level sections (one level below transfer) with or without a corequisite. Include only first disciplinate
	<b>College-level courses:</b> courses usually coded one-level-below-transfer that meet local degree requirements requirements (e.g., an electrical technology program with contextualized math skills). These courses (or high programs. For example, when reporting students with an associate degree or certificate goal in a program column 2 report pre-college level enrollments and in column 3 report college-level (or higher) completion for the cohort.
Columns 2 and 5 - Subtotal who Completed Transfer-Level Course	Columns 2 and 5 show the number of students who successfully completed a transfer-level course in one y
within One Year:	
Columns 3 and 6 - Throughput Rate:	These columns automatically calculate the percentage of students who successfully completed (C or higher throughput rate, Column 2 is divided by Column 1, and Column 5 by Column 4, respectively.
Column 7 - Throughput Rate Differences:	The results in Column 7 are automatically calculated by subtracting the number of students in Column 6 from

Column 8 - Maximize	This column automatically determines if throughput for students who started below transfer level is equal
Throughput?:	"No" means throughput is NOT maximized, whereas "Yes" means throughput is maximized. Comparisons a colleges completing the template are required to submit the completed data template to the CCCCO for re calculated.
English GPA Bands:	Highest: HSGPA ≥ 2.6; Middle: HSGPA 1.9 - 2.6; Lowest: HSGPA < 1.9
SLAM GPA Bands:	Highest: HSGPA ≥ 3.0; Middle: HSGPA 2.3 - 2.9; Lowest: HSGPA ≤ 2.3
B-STEM GPA Bands:	Highest: HSGPA ≥ 3.4 OR HSGPA ≥ 2.6 AND enrolled in a HS Calculus course; Middle: HSGPA ≥ 2.6 or Enrolled Precalculus; Lowest: HSGPA ≤ 2.6 and no Precalculus

low the table.

nent model mer 2020 and n a student course of and transfer-

, make a copy or Statway I or associate ice for each

out Rates

8. Maximize Throughput?

ide withdraws (EW, MW, and W grades) as enrollment in the course.
ements that <u>can</u> be met with transfer-level math: in Column 1 enter enrollments nents in transfer-level sections with or without a corequisite. Include only first a rinteracting with the GSP model, include the student in Column 1 but not or example, if a student is placed into transfer-level math but enrolls in a math
nath/quantitative reasoning upon transfer to a university.
h requirements that <u>cannot</u> be met with transfer-level math/quantitative ransfer) after interacting with the GSP model and in Column 4 enter enrollments ary course enrollments, regardless of where the student placed.
s for programs in which transfer-level coursework does not satisfy programmatic 3her) should be used for measuring the throughput for students in such with requirements that cannot be met with a transfer-level math course, in for the cohort. In column 4, report college-level enrollments and in column 5,
rear with a C or better (including P grades) out of the cohorts defined in Columns
r, including P grades) a transfer-level course within one year. To calculate the
om the number in Column 3.

to or greater than throughput for students who start directly at transfer level. re calculated regardless of sample sizes in any category. In both instances, view. Refer to Tab 1. Instructions Tab for definition of how throughput is

<b>Directions:</b> Enter data into	o the <b>blue</b> cells; all other cells are populated automatically. See definitions for each column and the row
tables. If your college does	s not offer college-level math, do not complete this tab.
Math pathway: B-STEM:	
Course name and short	
description:	

Why is this tab included? AB 705 states, "The bill would also authorize the board of governors to establish regulations that ensure students who seek a goal other than transfer, and who are in certificate or degree programs with specific requirements that are not transfer-level coursework, a community college maximizes the probability that a student will enter and complete the required coll coursework in [English and] mathematics within a one-year timeframe." The bill further states, "The bill would prohibit a commun district or college from requiring students to enroll in remedial [English or] mathematics coursework that lengthens their time to c degree unless placement research that includes consideration of high school grade point average and coursework shows that thos highly unlikely to succeed in transfer-level coursework in [English and] mathematics." This tab provides colleges an opportunity to enrollments into a college-level course (or below) and the successful completion of the gateway course (college-level or transfer leappropriate to a students educational goal.

What course enrollments are reported in this tab? Report all existing college-level math course enrollment for students with a tra (including unknown and undecided) or students with a degree or certificate goal enrolled in programs with specific requirements t with transfer-level coursework. Newly created college-level math courses (including intermediate algebra or contextualized versio intermediate algebra) should be reported in Tab 2: Curricular Innovations.

What is the reporting timeframe: Report all enrollments for students enrolled in existing sections of college-level math (including algebra or contextualized versions of intermediate algebra) at anytime in Fall 2019, Winter 2020, Spring 2020, Summer 2020 and F tracked for one academic year. If a student was enrolled in multiple courses over the timeframe, report only the first course of en

How to report students with an associate degree or certificate goal in programs where math requirements that <u>cannot</u> be met vilevel math/quantitative reasoning: Report students with a degree or certificate goal in programs where math requirements cannot transfer-level math/quantitative reasoning in Table 1 who are enrolled (voluntarily or as a result of placement) in a college-level math by GPA band using the B-STEM rules.

How to report students with a transfer, unknown, undecided goal: Report students with a transfer (or unknown or undecided) go who are enrolled (voluntarily or as a result of placement) in a college-level math course in the BSTEM pathway. Disaggregate stude band using the B-STEM rules.

What if your college needs to report additional intermediate algebra or versions of intermediate algebra enrollments for studer pathway? If students on the SLAM pathway are allowed to enroll in college-level math (including intermediate algebra or contextuple of intermediate algebra) duplicate Tab 5 and report the SLAM GPA bands and courses associated with that pathway.

Table 1. Students with a Degree or Certificate Goal in Programs with Math Requirements Not Satisfied by Transfer-level C **Students Enrolled in College-Level or Students Enrolled Directly in Transfer** Throught Level with or without a Corequisite **Below** 1. Total 2. Subtotal 3. Throughput 4. Total 5. Subtotal 6. Throughput 7. Throughput Enrolled who Enrolled Rate Rate who Rate Completed Completed Differences **College-Level College-Level Degree Goal** or Higher or Higher within One within One Year Year **Overall** 444 157 421 35.4% 212 50.4% -15.0% **GPA Unknown** 96 46 47.9% 106 74 69.8% -21.9% Highest GPA Band\* 27 65.9% 65 41 63.1% 2.8% 41 Middle GPA Band\*\* 173 55 31.8% 169 79 46.7% -15.0% Lowest GPA Band\*\*\* 29 21.6% 18 22.2% 134 81 -0.6%

### **B-STEM GPA Bands:**

\*Highest: HSGPA ≥ 3.4 OR HSGPA ≥ 2.6 AND enrolled in a HS Calculus course

\*\*Middle: HSGPA ≥2.6 or Enrolled in HS Precalculus

\*\*\*Lowest: HSGPA ≤ 2.6 and no Precalculus

Table 2. Students with a Transfer Goal including Unknown and Undecided			
	Students Enrolled in College-Level or Below	Students Enrolled Directly in Transfer Level with or without a Corequisite	Through

Transfer, Unknown, Undecided Goal	1. Total Enrolled	2. Subtotal who Completed Transfer-Level within One Year	3. Throughput Rate	4. Total Enrolled	5. Subtotal who Completed Transfer Level within One Year	6. Throughput Rate	7. Throughput Rate Differences
Overall	1877	125	6.7%	6603	3760	56.9%	-50.3%
GPA Unknown	405	40	9.9%	1115	811	72.7%	-62.9%
Highest GPA Band*	222	22	9.9%	1929	1432	74.2%	-64.3%
Middle GPA Band**	749	52	6.9%	2669	1284	48.1%	-41.2%
Lowest GPA Band***	501	11	2.2%	890	233	26.2%	-24.0%

# **B-STEM GPA Bands:**

\*Highest: HSGPA ≥ 3.4 OR HSGPA ≥ 2.6 AND enrolled in a HS Calculus course

\*\*Middle: HSGPA ≥2.6 or Enrolled in HS Precalculus

\*\*\*Lowest: HSGPA ≤ 2.6 and no Precalculus

	Columns Explain	ed
	Table 1. Students with a Degree or Certificate Goal in Programs with Math Requirements Not Satisfied by Transfer-level Math/Quantitative Reasoning	Table
Columns 1 and 4 - Total Enrolled	These columns show the number of distinct students enrolled at census. If end of term data are used, include withdraws (EW, MW, and W grades) as enrollment in the course.	These columns sl used, include wit
	For students with an educational goal of associate degree or certificate who are enrolled in programs with math requirements that cannot be met with transfer-level math/quantitative reasoning, in Column 1 enter enrollments in college-level sections (or lower) and in Column 4 enter enrollments in transfer-level math with or without a corequisite. Include only first math course enrollments, regardless of where the student placed. For example, if a student is placed into transfer-level math but enrolls in intermediate algebra or contextualized versions of intermediate algebra, include that student in Column 1.	For students with enrollments in collevel sections with example, if a studinclude the stude regardless of whomath but enrolls include that studinclude that studinclude that studinclude that studing enrollments in the studing enrollments enrollmen

	degree requirements for programs in which transfer-level coursework does not satisfy programmatic requirements (e.g., an electrical technology program with	Transfer-level co reasoning upon t
Columns 2 and 5 - Subtotal who Completed College-Level/Transfer- Level within One Year:	contextualized math skills).  Columns 2 and 5 show the number of students who successfully completed a college-level course or higher in one year with a C or better (including P grades) out of the cohorts defined in Columns 1 and 4, respectively.	Columns 2 and 5 course in one year and 4, respective
Columns 3 and 6 - Throughput Rate:	These columns show the percentage of students who successfully completed (C or higher, including P grades) college-level math or higher within one year. To calculate the throughput rate, Column 2 is divided by Column 1 and Column 5 by Column 4 (respectively).	These columns sl including P grade Column 2 is divid
Column 7 - Throughput Rate Differences	The results in Column 7 are automatically calculated by subtracting the number of stud	dents in Column 6
Column 8 - Maximize Throughput?	This column automatically determines if throughput for students who started below tr "No" means throughput is NOT maximized, whereas "Yes" means throughput is maxim colleges completing the template are required to submit the completed data template calculated.	nized. Comparison
SLAM GPA Bands:	Highest: HSGPA ≥ 3.0; Middle: HSGPA 2.3 - 2.9; Lowest: HSGPA ≤ 2.3	

below the

e that, for ot met with lege-level ity college complete a se students are report evel)

ansfer goal :hat are <u>not</u> met ns of

intermediate Fall 2020 rollment.

with transferot be met with nath course in

pal in Table 2 ents by GPA

# nts in a SLAM ualized versions

# oursework

out Rates

8. Maximize Throughput?

No

No

Yes

No

No

out Rates

8.	Max	kim	iize
Th	roug	ghp	ut?

No

No

No

No

No

# 2. Students with a Transfer Goal including Unknown and Undecided

how the number of distinct students enrolled at census. If end of term data are :hdraws (EW, MW, and W grades) as enrollment in the course.

n an **educational goal of transfer, unknown or undecided,** in Column 1 enter ollege-level sections (or lower) and in Column 4 enter enrollments in transferth or without a corequisite. Include only first disciplinary course enrollments. For dent first enrolls in intermediate algebra or versions of intermediate algebra, ent in Column 1 but not Column 4. Include only the first math enrollment ere the student was placed. For example, if a student is placed into transfer-level in intermediate algebra or contextualized versions of intermediate algebra, lent in Column 1.

ourses: courses that fulfill general education requirements for math/quantitative ransfer to a university. show the number of students who successfully completed a transfer-level ar with a C or better (including P grades) out of the cohorts defined in Columns 1 ely. how the percentage of students who successfully completed (C or higher, es) a transfer-level course within one year. To calculate the throughput rate, led by Column 1, and Column 5 by Column 4, respectively. from the number in Column 3. ual to or greater than throughput for students who start directly at transfer level. is are calculated regardless of sample sizes in any category. In both instances, r review. Refer to Tab 1. Instructions Tab for definition of how throughput is

# **1YR English Throughput Rates**

Trix English Throughput Nates						
Table 1. Students with a Transfer/Associa						
	Students Enrolled in College-Level or Below					
Transfer, Unknown,	1. Total Enrolled	2. Subtotal who	3. Throughput Rate			
Undecided Goal		Completed Transfer-				
Undecided Goal		<b>Level within One Year</b>				
Overall	168	36	21.4%			
GPA Unknown	43	10	23.3%			
Highest GPA Band*	83	17	20.5%			
Middle GPA Band**	38	8	21.1%			
Lowest GPA Band***	4	1	25.0%			

ENGLISH GPA Bands: \*Highest: HSGPA ≥ 2.6

\*\*Middle: HSGPA between 1.9 and 2.59

\*\*\*Lowest: HSGPA <1.9

te/Certificate Goal including Unknown and Undecided						
Students Enrolle	d Directly in Transfer Lev	Throughput Rates				
4. Total Enrolled	5. Subtotal who	6. Throughput Rate	7. Throughput Rate 8. Maximiz			
	<b>Completed Transfer</b>		Differences	Throughput?		
	<b>Level within One Year</b>					
9598	6351	66.2%	-44.7%	No		
1236	971	78.6%	-55.3%	No		
6238	4443	71.2%	-50.7%	No		
1915	866	45.2%	-24.2%	No		
209	71	34.0%	-9.0%	No		