



What Could You Say About Mt. SAC?

June 2008 Update

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COMMUNITIES SERVED

The Mt. San Antonio College (Mt. SAC) District is comprised of the following communities in the eastern portion of Los Angeles County:

- Baldwin Park, Bassett, Charter Oak, Covina, Diamond Bar, the southern portion of Glendora, Hacienda Heights, City of Industry, Irwindale, La Puente, La Verne, Pomona, Rowland Heights, San Dimas, Valinda, Walnut, and West Covina.
- Pomona (n=149,473) and West Covina (n=105,080) have the largest number of people in their communities (see *Table 1*).

Table 1. Population of Mt. SAC District Communities		
	City (rank ordered)	Total Count
1.	Pomona	149,473
2.	West Covina	105,080
3.	Baldwin Park	78,837
4.	Diamond Bar	56,287
5.	Hacienda Heights	53,122
6.	Rowland Heights	48,553
7.	Covina	46,837
8.	La Puente	41,063
9.	San Dimas	34,980

Table 1 (cont'd.)		
	City (rank ordered)	Total Count
10.	La Verne	31,638
11.	Walnut	30,004
12.	Valinda	21,776
13.	Charter Oak	9,027
14.	Irwindale	1,446
15.	Industry	777

NOTE: Glendora is not included in the District profile since only the southern portion of Glendora is represented in Mt. SAC's District.
 Source: U.S. Census Bureau Census 2000.

Table 2 outlines the Hispanic profile of the Mt. SAC District cities from the highest Hispanic/Latino population to the lowest. Pomona has the largest number of Hispanic or Latino residents (n=96,370).

Table 2. Hispanic Profile of Mt. SAC District Cities	Total Count	Hispanic or Latino	Non-Hispanic or non-Latino
Pomona	149,473	96,370	53,103
Baldwin Park	75,837	59,660	16,177
West Covina	105,080	48,051	57,029
La Puente	41,063	34,122	6,941
Hacienda Heights	53,122	20,320	32,802
Covina	46,837	18,871	27,966
Valinda	21,776	16,271	5,505
Rowland Heights	48,553	13,748	34,805
Diamond Bar	56,287	10,393	45,894

Table 2. Hispanic Profile of Mt. SAC District Cities	Total Count	Hispanic or Latino	Non-Hispanic or non-Latino
San Dimas	34,980	8,163	26,817
La Verne	31,638	7,315	24,323
Walnut	30,004	5,803	24,201
Charter Oak	9,027	3,302	5,725
City of Irwindale	1,446	1,277	169
Industry	777	468	309
<i>NOTE:</i> Glendora is not included in the District profile since only the southern portion of Glendora is represented in Mt. SAC's District. <i>Source:</i> U.S. Census Bureau Census 2000.			

Table 3 profiles those residents who reported only one race. Pomona has the highest number of White residents (n=25,348), Black or African American residents (n=13,834), American Indian and Alaska Native residents (n=505), and Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander residents (n=247). Rowland Heights has the highest number of Asian residents (n=24,308).

Table 3. One Race Profile of Mt. SAC District Cities								
Ethnic Distribution of Mt. SAC District Cities	Total Count	Population of one race:	White alone	Black or African American alone	American Indian and Alaska Native alone	Asian alone	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	Some other race alone
Baldwin Park	75,837	15,610	5,508	1,071	224	8,703	59	45
Charter Oak	9,027	5,462	4,172	398	56	817	9	10
City of Industry	777	284	209	32	13	30	0	0
Covina	46,837	26,868	19,801	2,245	163	4,490	81	88
Diamond Bar	56,287	44,278	17,471	2,624	98	23,922	62	101
Hacienda Heights	53,122	31,770	11,754	750	132	19,027	54	53
Irwindale	1,446	164	129	5	6	15	0	9
La Puente	41,063	6,529	2,749	688	139	2,865	40	48
La Verne	31,638	23,543	20,129	975	110	2,244	41	44
Pomona	149,473	50,635	25,348	13,834	505	10,518	247	183
Rowland Heights	48,553	33,612	7,899	1,163	45	24,308	133	64
San Dimas	34,980	25,944	21,381	1,114	117	3,216	63	53
Valinda	21,776	5,176	2,522	508	62	1,999	35	50
Walnut	30,004	23,482	5,463	1,237	23	16,665	22	72
West Covina	105,080	54,653	24,124	6,314	304	23,543	172	196
<i>NOTE:</i> Glendora is not included in the District profile since only the southern portion of Glendora is represented in Mt. SAC's District. <i>Source:</i> U.S. Census Bureau Census 2000.								

Other census data about these cities indicate that La Verne has the highest mean age of residents at 37.7 years of age. Pomona has the lowest mean age of 26.5 years. When examining poverty levels of each city, the census data also indicates that Pomona has the highest percentage of residents who are below the poverty line (21.6%). La Verne only has 4.7% of their residents living below the poverty line.

ENROLLMENT

The following table (see *Table 4*) displays the unduplicated total enrollment by academic year from 2001-2002 until 2006-2007 and by term from Fall 2001 until Spring 2007. It includes a breakdown of credit students (those students taking at least one credit course) and noncredit students (those students taking at least one non-credit course).

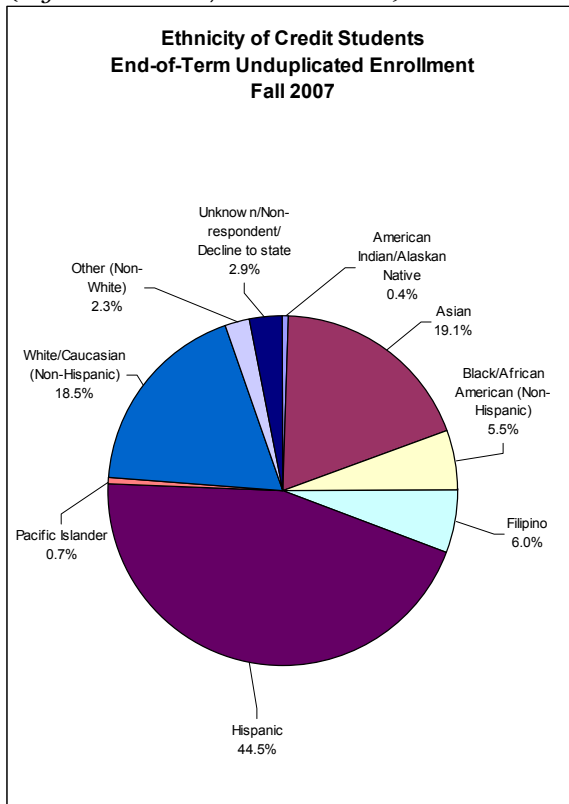
Table 4: Unduplicated Student Count (Credit and Noncredit Only)					
Academic Year	Year	Term	Credit	Non-Credit	Unduplicated Total
2001-02	69,854	Fall 2001	30,520	25,391	43,278
		Spring 2002	30,114	25,003	43,774
2002-03	64,117	Fall 2002	28,607	22,465	39,760
		Spring 2003	27,512	21,482	38,526
2003-04	58,310	Fall 2003	27,085	21,506	37,488
		Spring 2004	26,095	20,821	36,455
2004-05	58,621	Fall 2004	26,530	20,237	36,797
		Spring 2005	25,509	20,288	36,457
2005-06	58,952	Fall 2005	25,799	20,014	35,679
		Spring 2006	24,762	19,936	35,297
2006-07	65,471	Fall 2006	27,417	19,851	37,001
		Spring 2007	26,032	19,799	36,009

Source: STM235B1, Unduplicated Student Count, February 6, 2008

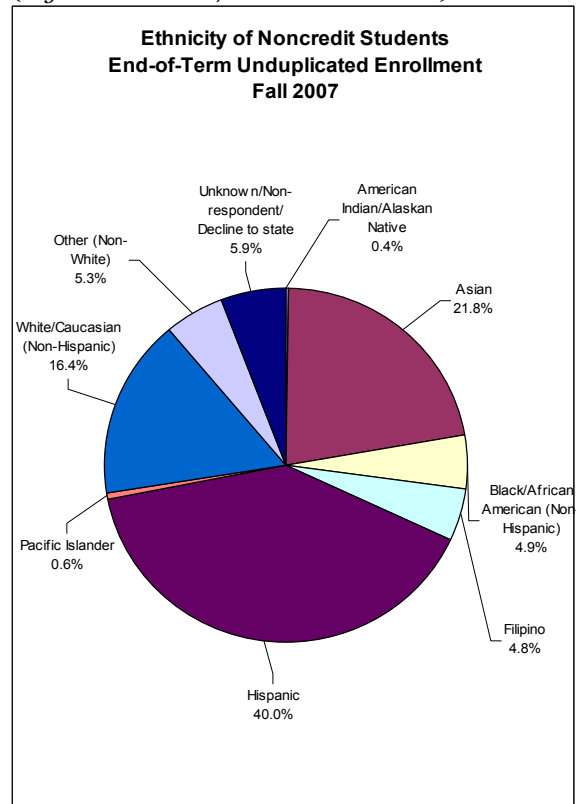
ETHNICITY

For Fall 2007, the ethnic profiles of credit and noncredit Mt. SAC students (see *Figures 1 and 2*) indicate that the highest percentages are Hispanic (44.5%, 40.0% respectively) followed by Asian (19.1%, 21.8%), and then, closely by White/Caucasian (18.5%, 16.4%).

(Figure 1. Fall 2007 Credit Students)



(Figure 2. Fall 2007 Noncredit Students)



RETENTION AND SUCCESS

Mt. SAC's credit student retention and success rates have been consistent between the Fall 2003 and Spring 2007 semesters averaging at 83% and 66% respectively (see *Table 5*). The source for the data in the table is the Chancellor's Office Data Mart.

Retention is the percentage of students who are enrolled in the course after the deadline to drop the course without a "Withdrawal" and who remained enrolled at the end of the course.

Success is the percentage of students who are enrolled in the course after the deadline to drop with courses without a "Withdrawal" and who remain enrolled in the course until the end when they obtain a passing letter grade.

Table 5. Retention and Success		
Term	Retention	Success
Fall 2003	83.16%	66.59%
Spring 2004	82.99%	66.39%
Fall 2004	82.83%	65.39%
Spring 2005	83.24%	65.84%
Fall 2005	81.28%	63.83%
Spring 2006	81.62%	64.59%
Fall 2006	82.02%	64.25%
Spring 2007	80.58%	63.47%

Source: ICCIS via Chancellor's Office Data Mart

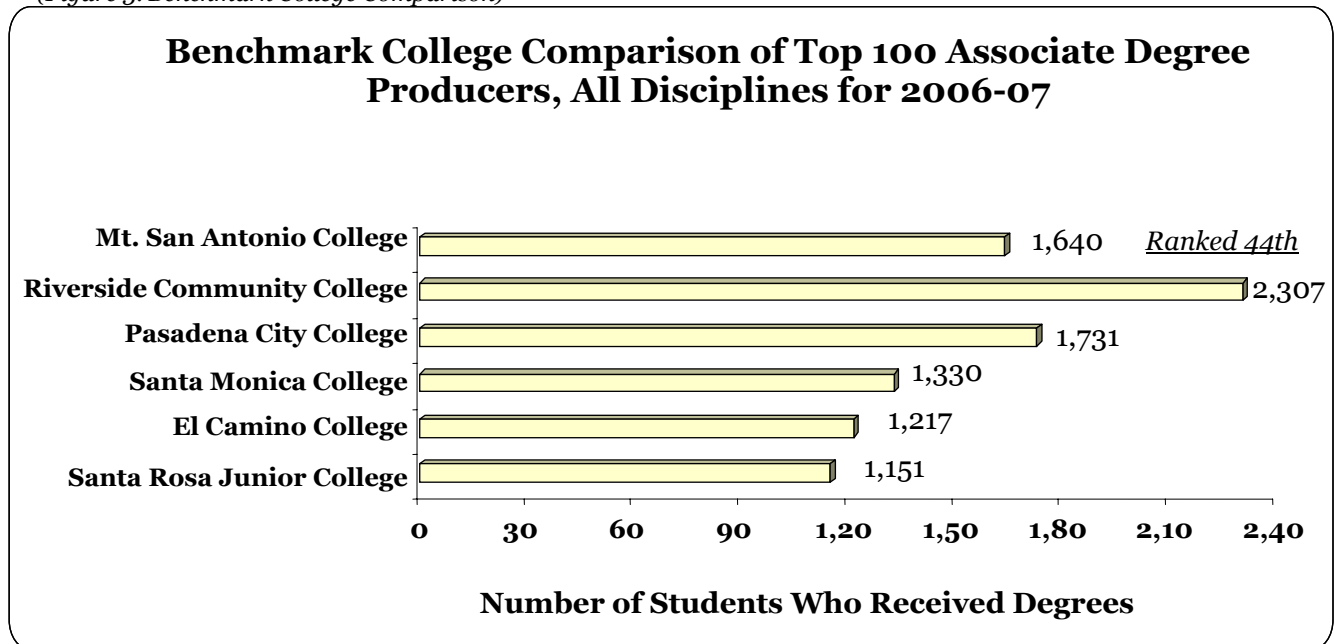
DEGREES

Mt. SAC offers 84 Associate in Science degree majors and 157 occupational certificate programs. In addition, numerous Associate in Art degree majors are offered, which are composed of transfer-level courses that articulate with baccalaureate-level university programs.

Mt. SAC is again recognized as one of the Top 100 Associate Degree Producers for 2006-07. Each June *Community College Week* reports the 100 top associate's degree producing schools from across the nation based on data from the U.S. Department of Education's National Center for Education Statistics. All colleges listed are Title IV eligible for federal financial aid. Mt. SAC ranked *35th for the 2-year colleges only* the 2006-07, awarding 1,640 degrees, and *44th for the 2-year and 4-year schools combined*.

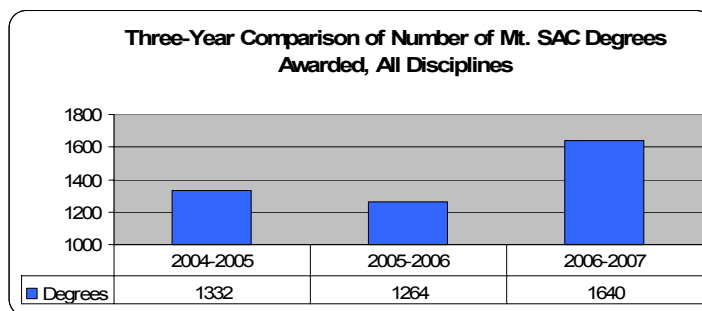
The following graph (see *Figure 3*) compares Mt. SAC's associate degree producers to those of five currently used benchmark colleges: Riverside Community College, El Camino College, Pasadena City College, Santa Monica College, and Santa Rosa Junior College. Although Cerritos College and Long Beach City College are also considered benchmarks of Mt. SAC, no data regarding the two colleges were available for comparison.

(Figure 3. Benchmark College Comparison)



Source: 100 Top Associate's Degree & Certificate Producers. *Community College Week*. http://www.ccweek.com/Top_100_Archives.aspx

(Figure 4. Three-Year Comparison)



According to a three-year analysis of the National Center for Educational Statistics (NCES) studies, Mt. SAC awarded over 300 more associates degrees to students in 2006-07 than in 2005-06; and over 200 more degrees than in 2004-05 (see Figure 4).

Source: 100 Top Associate's Degree & Certificate Producers. *Community College Week*. http://www.ccweek.com/Top_100_Archives.aspx

Percentage by Ethnicity

Table 6 compares the percentage of Associate Degree awards for students from various ethnic groups and non-resident alien status across the benchmark colleges. For each category (column) the highest percentage is bolded. Of the benchmark colleges, Mt. SAC awarded the highest percentage of degrees to Hispanic students (39%), while the highest percentage for Pasadena City College went to Asian students (35%). Santa Rosa Junior College awarded the highest percentage of their degrees to Whites (72%), and African American students received the highest percentage at El Camino College (16%).

Table 6: Benchmark College Comparison of 100 Top Associate's Degree Producers All Disciplines, Percentage by Ethnicity, 2006-07

INSTITUTION	HISPANIC	ASIAN	WHITE	AFRICAN AMERICAN	NON-RESIDENT ALIEN	AMERICAN INDIAN	UNKNOWN
Mt San Antonio College	39	26	25	5	2	0	3
Riverside Community College	31	7	45	10	1	1	5
Pasadena City College	27	35	14	6	8	1	9
Santa Monica College	23	13	26	8	22	1	7
El Camino College	27	17	22	16	7	0	12
Santa Rosa Junior College	11	5	72	2	1	1	8

Source: 100 Top Associate's Degree & Certificate Producers. *Community College Week*. http://www.ccweek.com/Top_100_Archives.aspx

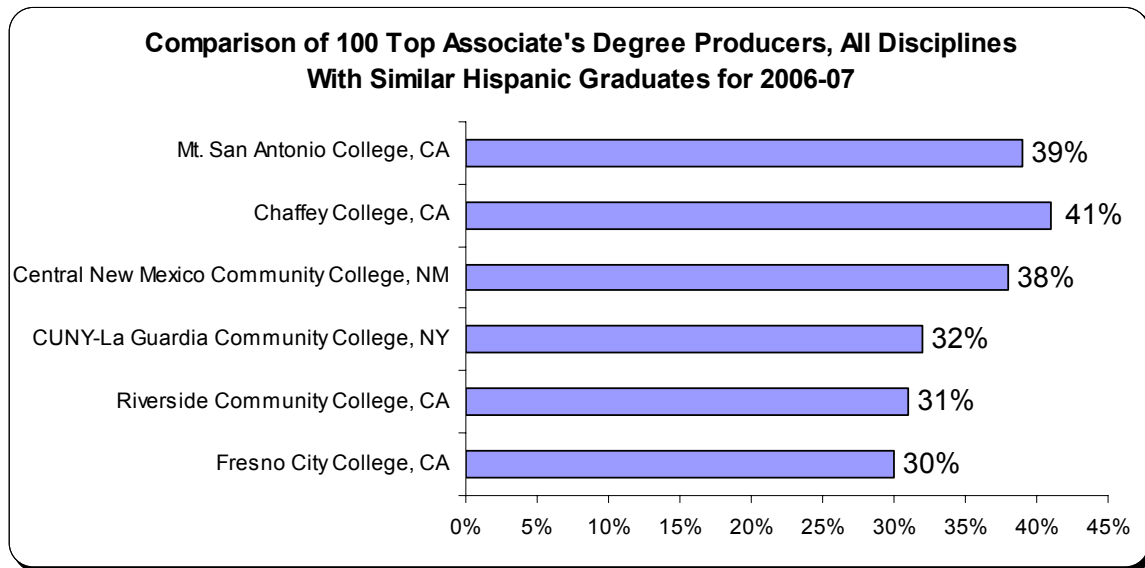
NOTE: Data unavailable for Cerritos College and Long Beach City College.

Nationwide Hispanic Percentage

Mt. SAC is classified as a Hispanic-serving Institution, one that has at least 25% full-time equivalent student enrollment of Hispanic ethnicity students, as defined by the U.S. Department of Education Title V. Mt. SAC ranks 9th nationwide among institutions awarding Associate's degrees to Hispanic students. Topping the list of institutions was South Texas College with 95% of its Associate degrees awarded to Hispanic students.

Looking nationwide (see *Figure 5*), colleges within a ± 10 percentage point range of Mt. SAC's 39% of Hispanic graduates include Central New Mexico Community College with 38%, CUNY La Guardia Community College in New York with 32%, and three California community colleges: Chaffey College at 41%, Riverside Community College with 31% and Fresno City College at 30%.

(Figure 5. Comparison by Percentage of Hispanic Graduates)



CONCLUSION

To summarize the key points about Mt. SAC discussed in the previous pages, the following could be stated:

The Mt. SAC District consists of communities in the eastern portion of Los Angeles County:

- Of these district communities, Pomona has the greatest number of residents
- Pomona has the highest number of Hispanic or Latino residents
- Of those who indicated their origin from one race:
 - Pomona has the highest number of White, Black/African American, American Indian/Alaska Native, and Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander residents
 - Rowland Heights has the highest number of Asian residents
- Regarding age:
 - La Verne has the highest mean age of all the cities (37.7 years)
 - Pomona has the lowest mean age of all the cities (26.5 years)
- Regarding socio-economic status:
 - Pomona has the highest poverty rate (21.6%)
 - La Verne has the lowest poverty rate (4.7%)

Mt. SAC Students:

- Mt. SAC's unduplicated enrollment count for Fall 2006 was approximately 37,000 students
- Hispanic or Latino students are the most represented group followed by the Asian students and the White/Caucasian students
- Mt. SAC's average retention rate between Fall 2000 and Spring 2007 is respectable at 83%
- Mt. SAC's average success rate between Fall 2000 and Spring 2007 is moderate at 66%
- Mt. SAC issued over 1,600 Associate degrees in 2006-07
- Mt. SAC is 44th across the nation for 2- and 4-year institutions in awarding Associate degrees